| Planning Commission Staff Report Meeting Date: July 5, 2016 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Tentative Subdivision Map Case Number TM16-004 and Special Use Permit Case Number SB16-005 (Boulder Bay Resort) |
| Big Water Investments LLC |
| 9B |
| Grading and development of an 18-unit common open space condominium subdivision. |
| Tentative Subdivision Map: Approval with Conditions |
| Special Use Permit: Approval with Conditions |
| Eva Krause, AICP, Planner Planning and Development Division Washoe County Community Services Department |
| 775.328.3628 ekrause@washoecounty.us |
| |

Description

Tentative Subdivision Map Case Number TM16-004 (Boulder Bay Resort) – Hearing, discussion, and possible action to approve a tentative subdivision map for an 18 unit common open space condominium development.

AND

Special Use Permit Case Number SB16-005 (Boulder Bay Resort) – Hearing, discussion, and possible action to approve grading for future development on a property containing slopes in excess of fifteen percent (15%) on twenty percent (20%) or more of the site, with conditions including approval of a Director's modification to allow fill up to 30 feet.

| Applicant:Property Owner:Location: | Big Water Investments LLC Big Water Investments LLC Reservoir Drive and State Route 28, Crystal Bay NV |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Assessor's Parcel Number(s):Parcel Size: | 123-071-34 2.77 acres |
| Master Plan Category: | Suburban Residential |
| Regulatory Zone: | Medium Density Suburban |
| Area Plan: | North State Line Community Plan |
| Citizen Advisory Board: | Incline Village/Crystal Bay |
| Development Code: | Article 438 Grading Standards Article 424 Hillside Development Article 408 Common Open Space Development Article 608 Tentative Subdivision Maps |
| Commission District:Section/Township/Range: | 1 – Commissioner Berkbigler Section 16, T18N, R19E, MDM, Washoe County, NV |

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Tentative Subdivision Map

The purpose of a Tentative Subdivision Map is:

- 1. to allow the creation of saleable lots;
- 2. to implement the Washoe County Master Plan, including the Area Plans, and any specific plans adopted by the County;
- 3. to establish reasonable standards of design and reasonable procedures for subdivision and re-subdivision in order to further the orderly layout and use of land and insure proper legal descriptions and monumenting of subdivided land; and,
- 4. to safeguard the public health, safety and general welfare by establishing minimum standards of design and development for any subdivision platted in the unincorporated area of Washoe County.

The purpose of the Common Open Space Development is to set forth regulations to permit variation of lot size, including density transfer subdivisions, in order to preserve or provide open space, protect natural and scenic resources, achieve a more efficient use of land, minimize road building, and encourage a sense of community.

If the Planning Commission grants an approval of the Tentative Subdivision Map, that approval is subject to Conditions of Approval. Conditions of Approval are requirements that need to be completed during different stages of the proposed project. Those stages are typically:

- Prior to recordation of a final map.
- Prior to obtaining a final inspection and/or a certificate of occupancy on a structure.
- Prior to the issuance of a business license or other permits/licenses.
- Some Conditions of Approval are referred to as "Operational Conditions." These conditions must be continually complied with for the life of the project.

Special Use Permit

The purpose of a Special Use Permit is to allow a method of review to identify any potential harmful impacts on adjacent properties or surrounding areas for uses that may be appropriate within a regulatory zone; and to provide for a procedure whereby such uses might be permitted by further restricting or conditioning them so as to mitigate or eliminate possible adverse impacts. If the Planning Commission grants an approval of the Special Use Permit, that approval is subject to Conditions of Approval. Conditions of Approval are requirements that need to be completed during different stages of the proposed project. Those stages are typically:

- Prior to permit issuance (i.e. a grading permit, a building permit, etc.)
- Prior to obtaining a final inspection and/or a certificate of occupancy on a structure

- Prior to the issuance of a business license or other permits/licenses
- Some Conditions of Approval are referred to as "Operational Conditions." These conditions must be continually complied with for the life of the business or project.

The Conditions of Approval for Tentative Subdivision Map Case Number TM16-004 and Special Use Permit Case Number SB16-005 are attached to this staff report and will be included with the each Action Order should the Planning Commission approve each of the applications.



Vicinity Map



Site Plan

TM16-004 & SB16-005 BOULDER BAY RESORT



Overhead Photo

TM16-004 & SB16-005 BOULDER BAY RESORT



Background

In 2007, the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency (TRPA) developed a 'Demonstration Project' program to allow a few redevelopment projects to test new ideas for reducing coverage, installing environmental improvements and improving visual impacts above and beyond what is normally required in the basin. The redevelopment of Boulder Bay's properties (Biltmore Casino and the adjoining parcels) was one of the selected Demonstration Projects. The project consists of a casino, hotel, on-site workforce housing, shopping, health and wellness center, timeshare units and whole ownership condominiums. An Environment Impact Statement (EIS) for the project was completed and approved by TRPA. Unfortunately, due to the down turn in the economy, the project was delayed.

The grading and 18 unit condominium subdivision being reviewed in this application is the first phase of the Boulder Bay Development approved by TRPA.

Project Evaluation

The subject site is approximately 2.75 acres in size and is located in the North Stateline Community Plan (Crystal Bay area) of the Tahoe Area Plan. The subject site was previously developed as a casino which has since been demolished. Of particular importance in the evaluation of this project is that the subject site has been completely disturbed in the past. The Grading Standards and the Hillside Development regulations within the Development Code, which are generally applicable to development of this type, are intended to conserve the natural topography. In this case, however, little, if any, unaltered topography remains.

Land Use Summary

The following extract from WCC Chapter 110, Development Code, establishes the purpose of common open space development:

Section 110.408.00 Purpose. The purpose of this article, Article 408, Common Open Space Development, is to set forth regulations to permit variation of lot size, including density transfer subdivisions, in order to preserve or provide open space, protect natural and scenic resources, achieve a more efficient use of land, minimize road building, and encourage a sense of community.

The following is an evaluation of the proposed tentative subdivision:

Regulatory Document: North Stateline Community Plan

Proposed Density: 18 residential units/2.77 acres = 6.5 units/acre

Proposed Lot Configuration: Common Open Space Development

Minimum Lot Size Required: N/A

Maximum Lot Potential: 41 Dwelling Units

Number of Lots on Tentative Subdivision Map: 18 air space condominiums and 1 common open space

Development Suitability Constraints: The property is identified as having 'slopes greater than 15%' per the Tahoe Development Suitability map.

The project consists of the construction of one structure with three "towers" that will include parking on the lowermost level and dwelling units above. A total of 18 dwelling units are proposed, two on each of the three levels of each of the three towers. While the Medium Density Suburban zone would typically allow for just three dwellings per acre, the North Stateline Community Plan (Appendix A, page 14) allows for a maximum density of 15 dwelling units per acre for Multi-Family Dwellings within the Community plan area. Therefore the maximum allowable dwelling units on this parcel would be 41, while the applicant is proposing 18.



EAST ELEVATION





The grading proposed for the development is significant; however, it is obvious to staff that significant effort has been made by the applicant to comply with the applicable grading standards of the Development Code. A major challenge of the property is that there is an existing 30-foot-high cut slope at the rear (west) side of the property. The stability of this cut has concerned the County for many years, because it runs along the east side of Wassou Road. The applicant is proposing to stabilize the slope by means of a series of retaining walls, with each wall up to ten feet in height. Since the retaining walls will be located behind the proposed structure in relationship to State Route 28, and will also be lower in elevation in relationship to Wassou Road, it is unlikely that the retaining walls will create a significant visual impact. While the retaining walls with landscaped benches in between conform to the grading code standards, at one point the proposed fill material will be approximately 30 feet in depth, which greatly exceeds the limit that finished grade not vary more than 10 feet from natural grade. In order to stabilize the slope staff is recommending that the applicant request a Directors Modification of Standards per WCC Section 110.438.45(c)(1) which could permit the fill depth to exceed the 10 foot limit, after a positive recommendation by the County Engineer.

Because the cut slope extends across the adjoining property, which is also owned by Big Water LLC, the proposed grading indicates that certain portions of the proposed retaining walls will be located such that they are adjacent to or cross property lines. Since the retaining walls are needed to stabilize the slope to protect the public's health and safety, staff is recommending that the Planning Commission approve the grading permit as proposed, and not requiring that the retaining wall be setback two feet from the property line, as allowed in WCC Section 110.810.20(e), Review Procedures. Without this modification, the project design would require

modification, or a boundary line adjustment would have to be done to ensure that grading is appropriately set back from boundary lines.

The proposed development is located on State Route 28 which is designated as a scenic corridor per the Tahoe Regional Plan. The EIS done for the Boulder Bay Demonstration Project included Scenic Review for design of the structure, including massing, form and building articulation, building materials and color, reflection off glass/smooth surfaces, vegetation screening and visibility from the Lake and the road. Because the project has been reviewed and approved by TRPA, and any changes to the approved design could result a requirement to amend the EIS. Therefore, staff is recommending that this project <u>not</u> be subject to Washoe County Design Review Committee approval.

As a multiplex residential subdivision, the development is not exempt from landscape requirements. All yards which adjoin a public street are required to be landscaped and one tree must be planted every 50 feet along the adjacent roadway. The applicant has submitted a landscaping plan that shows extensive landscaping around the buildings and the preservation of all but two of the existing pine trees that are more than 14" diameter at breast height (dbh) on the property. The landscaping plans greatly exceed the landscaping standards of the Development Code.

Tahoe Area Plan Policies

In addition to the requirements of Article 220, *Tahoe Area Modifiers*, within the Development Code the following excerpts of policies and action programs contained in the Tahoe Area Plan are relevant to the proposed subdivision:

- T.2.4 Restore and/or revegetate disturbed areas using TRPA's approved plant list.
 - T.2.4.1 Strongly encourage TRPA to enforce, and local governments to adhere to, TRPA's Design Standards in TRPA's Code of Ordinances and the <u>Home Landscaping Guide for Lake Tahoe and Vicinity</u> when reviewing development proposals.

Staff Comment: The landscaping plan includes a plant list that is consistent with the landscaping guide.

- T.2.6 Minimize tree, boulder and natural landscape removal. Tree removal should follow practices to protect vegetation, prevent damage to riparian vegetation, and provide for prompt soil stabilization and revegetation where necessary to prevent erosion.
 - T.2.6.1 Encourage the enactment and enforcement of laws to prevent unnecessary tree, boulder and natural landscape removal.

Staff Comment: The site was previously disturbed and denuded of much of the trees and boulders. TRPA regulations require the protection of trees 14 inch dbh not in the construction area. Two trees more than 14 inch dbh have been approved for removed by TRPA.

T.3.1 Encourage existing and future developments in all land use designations to participate in long-term remedial erosion and urban runoff control

programs to decrease the level of sediment and nutrient loading to Lake Tahoe.

T.3.1.1 Encourage the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners to create funding for, and participate in, off-site remedial erosion and drainage control, in accordance with the Water Quality Management Plan, Lake Tahoe Region objectives and its best management practices.

Staff Comment: Washoe County Engineering and Capital Projects has developed a program and is working on the reduction of Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) of fine sediments before they reach the lake. This program is monitored and overseen by NDEP.

Incline Village / Crystal Bay Citizen Advisory Board (IV/CB CAB)

There was no IV/CB CAB meeting scheduled during the review time for the proposed project. The project application was provided to each member of the CAB, and individual comments were requested. No comments were received from the CAB members as of the writing of this staff report.

Reviewing Agencies

The following agencies received a copy of the project application for review and evaluation.

- Washoe County Community Services Department
 - Planning and Development
 - Building and Safety
 - Engineering and Capital Projects
 - Regional Parks and Open Space
- Washoe County Health District
 - o Air Quality
 - o Environmental Health
 - o Vector Control
- Washoe County School District
- US Postal Service
- Nevada Division of Environmental Protection
- Nevada Department of Water Resources
- Nevada Department of Transportation
- North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District
- Regional Transportation Commission
- Incline Village General Improvement District
- Nevada State Lands
- Nevada Tahoe Conservation District
- Tahoe Regional Planning Agency
- Tahoe Transportation District
- US Forest Service LTBMU

Seven of the twenty above-listed agencies/departments provided comments and/or recommended conditions of approval in response to their evaluation of the project application. A summary of each agency's comments and/or recommended conditions of approval and their contact information is provided. The Conditions of Approval document is attached to this staff report and will be included with the Action Order should the Planning Commission approve the special use permit and tentative subdivision map application.

- <u>Washoe County Planning and Development</u> address requirements for recording final map, landscaping, CC&R's, and maintenance of private roads. **Contact: Eva Krause, 775.328.3628, ekrause@washoecounty.us**
- <u>Washoe County Engineering and Capital Projects</u> provided conditions related general conditions for grading and subdivisions, including drainage, Traffic and Roadways. **Contact: Walter West, 775.328.2310, wwest@washoecounty.us**
- <u>Washoe County Health District</u> addressed construction of water systems, mass grading and dust control and methods to control vector-borne diseases.

Contact: James English, 775.328.2610, jenglish@washoecounty.us J.L. Shaffer, 775.785.4599

• <u>Incline Village General Improvement District (IVGID)</u> addressed design and construction of water and sewer infrastructure, stabilization of the cut slopes on the property and easement for access to infrastructure.

Contact: Joseph Pomroy, 775.832.1269, jjp@ivgid.org

• <u>Regional Transportation Commission (RTC)</u> recommends that the applicant install a bus stop.

Contact: Daniel Doenges, 775.335.1901, ddoenges@rtcwashoe.com

- <u>Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT)</u> addressed access from State Route 28, parking on NDOT right-of-way, and grading adjacent to NDOT right-of-way. **Contact: Jae Pullen, 775.834.8309, jpullen@dot.state.nv.us**
- <u>Nevada Division of Environmental Protection</u> requires a NDEP Construction Stormwater permit if the grading exceeds one acre or more in area. **Contact: Pat Mohn, 775.687.9419, pmohn@ndep.nv.gov**

Staff Comment on Required Findings

Tentative Subdivision Map findings

WCC Section 110.608.25, Findings, requires that all of the following findings be made to the satisfaction of the Washoe County Planning Commission before granting approval of the Tentative Subdivision Map request. Staff has completed an analysis of the application and has determined that the proposal is in compliance with the required findings as follows.

1. <u>Plan Consistency</u>. That the proposed map is consistent with the Master Plan and any specific plan.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> The North Stateline Community Plan allows up to 15 dwelling units per acre.

2. <u>Design or Improvement</u>. That the design or improvement of the proposed subdivision is consistent with the Master Plan and any specific plan.

The North Stateline Community Plan vision "is creating a more complete destination resort area for visitors and improving the quality of life for the local residents. The Community Design plan (figure 4) calls for the Tahoe Mariner site (the subject site) as being redeveloped and landscaped.

3. <u>Type of Development</u>. That the site is physically suited for the type of development proposed.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> While the site is identified as having slopes greater than 15%, the site was significantly altered from the natural state during previous development.

4. <u>Availability of Services</u>. That the subdivision will meet the requirements of Article 702, Adequate Public Facilities Management System.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> The Incline Village General Improvement District requires the applicant to provide infrastructure improvements for water and sewer to serve the domestic water needs and fire flows for the development.

5. <u>Fish or Wildlife</u>. That neither the design of the subdivision nor any proposed improvements is likely to cause substantial environmental damage, or substantial and avoidable injury to any endangered plant, wildlife or their habitat.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> The site was significantly altered from the natural state during previous development; redevelopment will not result in any additional negative impact.

6. <u>Public Health</u>. That the design of the subdivision or type of improvement is not likely to cause significant public health problems.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> The site was significantly altered from the natural state during previous development; Washoe County Health Division has provided conditions to address vector control, mass grading permit and the Division's review of the water.

7. <u>Easements</u>. That the design of the subdivision or the type of improvements will not conflict with easements acquired by the public at large for access through, or use of property within, the proposed subdivision.

Staff Comment: There are no public easements on the subject site.

8. <u>Access</u>. That the design of the subdivision provides any necessary access to surrounding, adjacent lands and provides appropriate secondary access for emergency vehicles.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> Appropriate primary and secondary access are proposed for emergency vehicles.

9. <u>Dedications</u>. That any land or improvements to be dedicated to the County is consistent with the Master Plan.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> No land or improvements are proposed to be dedicated to the County.

10. <u>Energy</u>. That the design of the subdivision provides, to the extent feasible, for future passive or natural heating or cooling opportunities in the subdivision.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> The proposed structure is oriented, to the extent allowed by the configuration and previous development of the site, to allow for natural heating and cooling opportunities.

Special Use Permits findings

WCC Section 110.810.30 Findings, requires that all of the following findings be made to the satisfaction of the Washoe County Planning Commission before granting approval of the request. Staff has completed an analysis of the special use permit application and has determined that the proposal is in compliance with the required findings as follows.

1. <u>Consistency.</u> That the proposed use is consistent with the action programs, policies, standards and maps of the Master Plan and the Tahoe Area Plan.

The <u>Staff Comment</u>: North Stateline Community Plan vision "is creating a more complete destination resort area for visitors and improving the quality of life for the local residents. The Community Design plan (figure 4) calls for the Tahoe Mariner site (the subject site) as being redeveloped and landscaped.

2. <u>Improvements.</u> That adequate utilities, roadway improvements, sanitation, water supply, drainage, and other necessary facilities have been provided, the proposed improvements are properly related to existing and proposed roadways, and an adequate public facilities determination has been made in accordance with Division Seven.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> The special use permit for major grading has been reviewed by interested agencies, who have included conditions that address the potential negative impact upon utilities, roadway improvements, sanitation, water supply, drainage, and other necessary facilities.

3. <u>Site Suitability.</u> That the site is physically suitable for major grading, and for the intensity of such a development.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> The site was significantly altered from the natural state during previous development; redevelopment will not result in any additional negative impact.

4. <u>Issuance Not Detrimental.</u> That issuance of the permit will not be significantly detrimental to the public health, safety or welfare; injurious to the property or improvements of adjacent properties; or detrimental to the character of the surrounding area.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> The site was significantly altered from the natural state during previous development; redevelopment will result in grading and topography much closer to the required standards of the Grading Code (Article 438).

5. <u>Effect on a Military Installation</u>. Issuance of the permit will not have a detrimental effect on the location, purpose or mission of the military installation.

<u>Staff Comment:</u> There is no military installation with in the required noticing distance of the proposed major grading. Therefore, there is no effect on a military installation from this application.

Recommendation

Those agencies which reviewed the application recommended conditions in support of approval of the project. Therefore, after a thorough analysis and review, Tentative Subdivision Map Case Number TM16-004 and Special Use Permit Case Number SB16-005 are being recommended for approval with conditions. Staff offers the following motion for the Board's consideration.

<u>Motion</u>

I move that after giving reasoned consideration to the information contained in the staff report and information received during the public hearing, the Washoe County Planning Commission approve Tentative Subdivision Map Case Number TM16-004 and Special Use Permit Case Number SB16-005 for Boulder Bay Resort with the conditions of approval included as Exhibit A in the staff report, having made all ten findings in accordance with Washoe County Code Section 110.608.25 and all five findings in accordance with Washoe County Code Section 110.810.30:

Tentative Subdivision Map Findings, Washoe County Code Section 110.608.25:

- 1. <u>Plan Consistency</u>. That the proposed map is consistent with the Master Plan and any specific plan;
- 2. <u>Design or Improvement</u>. That the design or improvement of the proposed subdivision is consistent with the Master Plan and any specific plan;
- 3. <u>Type of Development</u>. That the site is physically suited for the type of development proposed;
- 4. <u>Availability of Services</u>. That the subdivision will meet the requirements of Article 702, Adequate Public Facilities Management System;
- 5. <u>Fish or Wildlife</u>. That neither the design of the subdivision nor any proposed improvements is likely to cause substantial environmental damage, or substantial and avoidable injury to any endangered plant, wildlife or their habitat;
- 6. <u>Public Health</u>. That the design of the subdivision or type of improvement is not likely to cause significant public health problems;
- 7. <u>Easements</u>. That the design of the subdivision or the type of improvements will not conflict with easements acquired by the public at large for access through, or use of property within, the proposed subdivision;

- 8. <u>Access</u>. That the design of the subdivision provides any necessary access to surrounding, adjacent lands and provides appropriate secondary access for emergency vehicles;
- 9. <u>Dedications</u>. That any land or improvements to be dedicated to the County is consistent with the Master Plan; and
- 10. <u>Energy</u>. That the design of the subdivision provides, to the extent feasible, for future passive or natural heating or cooling opportunities in the subdivision.

Special Use Permit findings, Washoe County Code Section 110.810.30:

- 1. <u>Consistency.</u> That the proposed use is consistent with the action programs, policies, standards and maps of the Master Plan and the Tahoe Area Plan.
- 2. <u>Improvements.</u> That adequate utilities, roadway improvements, sanitation, water supply, drainage, and other necessary facilities have been provided, the proposed improvements are properly related to existing and proposed roadways, and an adequate public facilities determination has been made in accordance with Division Seven.
- 3. <u>Site Suitability.</u> That the site is physically suitable for major grading, and for the intensity of such a development.
- 4. <u>Issuance Not Detrimental.</u> That issuance of the permit will not be significantly detrimental to the public health, safety or welfare; injurious to the property or improvements of adjacent properties; or detrimental to the character of the surrounding area.
- 5. <u>Effect on a Military Installation.</u> Issuance of the permit will not have a detrimental effect on the location, purpose or mission of the military installation.

Appeal Process

Planning Commission action will be effective 10 calendar days after the written decision is filed with the Secretary to the Planning Commission and mailed to the original applicant, unless the action is appealed to the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners, in which case the outcome of the appeal shall be determined by the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners. Any appeal must be filed in writing with the Planning and Development Division within 10 calendar days after the written decision is filed with the Secretary to the Planning Commission and mailed to the original applicant.

- xc: Applicant: Brian Helm, 1401 33rd Ave. S., WA 98144
 - Property Owner: Big Water Investments LLC, P.O. Box 6622, Incline Village, NV 89450
 - Consultant: Brian McRae, Lumos & Associates Inc., P.O. Box 3570, Stateline NV 89449
- Staff Report xc: Joseph Pomroy, Incline Village General Improvement District, jjp@ivgid.org

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EXHIBIT A Conditions of Approval

Tentative Subdivision Map Case Number TM16-004 and Special Use Permit Case Number SB16-005

The project approved under Tentative Subdivision Map Case Number TM16-004 and Special Use Permit Case Number SB16-005 (Boulder Bay Resort) shall be carried out in accordance with the Conditions of Approval granted by the Planning Commission on July 5, 2016. Conditions of Approval are requirements placed on a permit or development by each reviewing agency. These Conditions of Approval may require submittal of documents, applications, fees, inspections, amendments to plans, and more. <u>These conditions do not relieve the applicant of the obligation to obtain any other approvals and licenses from relevant authorities required under any other act or to abide by all other generally applicable Codes, and neither these conditions nor the approval by the County of this project/use override or negate any other applicable restrictions on uses or development on the property.</u>

<u>Unless otherwise specified</u>, all conditions related to the approval of this Tentative Subdivision Map and Special Use Permit shall be met or financial assurance must be provided to satisfy the conditions of approval prior to issuance of a grading or building permit. The agency responsible for determining compliance with a specific condition shall determine whether the condition must be fully completed or whether the applicant shall be offered the option of providing financial assurance. All agreements, easements, or other documentation required by these conditions shall have a copy filed with the County Engineer and the Planning and Development Division.

Compliance with the conditions of approval related to this Tentative Subdivision Map and Special Use Permit are the responsibility of the applicant, his/her successor in interest, and all owners, assignees, and occupants of the property and their successors in interest. Failure to comply with any of the conditions imposed in the approval of the Tentative Subdivision Map and/or Special Use Permit may result in the initiation of revocation procedures.

Washoe County reserves the right to review and revise the conditions of approval related to this Tentative Subdivision Map and Special Use Permit should it be determined that a subsequent license or permit issued by Washoe County violates the intent of this approval.

For the purpose of conditions imposed by Washoe County, "may" is permissive and "shall" or "must" is mandatory.

Conditions of Approval are usually complied with at different stages of the proposed project. Those stages are typically:

- Prior to recordation of a final map.
- Prior to obtaining a final inspection and/or a certificate of occupancy.
- Prior to the issuance of a business license or other permits/licenses.
- Some "Conditions of Approval" are referred to as "Operational Conditions." These conditions must be continually complied with for the life of the project.

TM16-004 & SB16-005 EXHIBIT A The Washoe County Commission oversees many of the reviewing agencies/departments with the exception of the following agencies.

- The DISTRICT BOARD OF HEALTH, through the Washoe County Health District, has jurisdiction over all public health matters in the Health District. Any conditions set by the Health District must be appealed to the District Board of Health.
- The REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION (RTC) is directed and governed by its own Board. Conditions recommended by the RTC may be required, at the discretion of Washoe County.
- The NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (NDOT) is directed and governed by its own board. Therefore, any conditions set by the Nevada Department of Transportation must be appealed to that Board.
- The NEVADA DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (NDEP) is directed and governed by its own board. Therefore, any conditions set by the Nevada Division of Environmental Protection must be appealed to that Board.

STANDARD CONSIDERATIONS FOR SUBDIVISIONS Nevada Revised Statutes 278.349

Pursuant to NRS 278.349, when contemplating action on a Tentative Subdivision Map, the Planning Commission shall consider:

- (a) Environmental and health laws and regulations concerning water and air pollution, the disposal of solid waste, facilities to supply water, community or public sewage disposal and, where applicable, individual systems for sewage disposal;
- (b) The availability of water which meets applicable health standards and is sufficient for the reasonably foreseeable needs of the subdivision;
- (c) The availability and accessibility of utilities;
- (d) The availability and accessibility of public services such as schools, police and fire protection, transportation, recreation and parks;
- (e) Conformity with the zoning ordinances and master plan, except that if any existing zoning ordinance is inconsistent with the master plan, the zoning ordinance takes precedence;
- (f) General conformity with the governing body's master plan of streets and highways;
- (g) The effect of the proposed subdivision on existing public streets and the need for new streets and highways to serve the subdivision;
- (h) Physical characteristics of the land such as floodplain, slope and soil;

- (i) The recommendations and comments of those entities reviewing the tentative map pursuant to NRS 278.330 and 278.335; and
- (j) The availability and accessibility of fire protection, including, but not limited to, the availability and accessibility of water and services for the prevention and containment of fires, including fires in wild lands.

FOLLOWING ARE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL REQUIRED BY THE REVIEWING AGENCIES. EACH CONDITION MUST BE MET TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ISSUING AGENCY.

Washoe County Planning and Development

1. The following conditions are requirements of the Planning and Development Division, which shall be responsible for determining compliance with these conditions.

Contact Name – Eva Krause, 775.328.3628, ekrause@washoecounty.us

- a. The applicant shall demonstrate substantial conformance to the plans approved as part of this tentative subdivision map and special use permit.
- b. The subdivision shall be in substantial conformance with the provisions of Washoe County Development Code Article 604, Design Requirements, and Article 608, Tentative Subdivision Maps.
- c. Final maps and final construction drawings shall comply with all applicable statutes, ordinances, rules, regulations and policies in effect at the time of submittal of the tentative map or, if requested by the developer and approved by the applicable agency, those in effect at the time of approval of the final map.
- d. The sub-divider shall present to Washoe County a final map, prepared in accordance with the tentative map, for the entire area for which a tentative map has been approved, or one of a series of final maps, each covering a portion of the approved tentative map, within four years after the date of approval of the tentative map or within two years of the date of approval for subsequent final maps. On subsequent final maps, that date may be extended by two years if the extension request is received prior to the expiration date. The expiration date for the special use permit for grading shall be the same as for the approved tentative map.
- e. Final maps shall be in substantial compliance with all plans and documents submitted with and made part of this tentative map request, as may be amended by action of the final approving authority.
- f. All final maps shall contain the applicable portions of the following Jurat:

THE TENTATIVE MAP FOR *<name of tentative map approved name, TM case number,>* WAS APPROVED *<denied>* BY THE WASHOE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION ON *<date>.* [If the TM had been appealed to

the BCC --- Add:] THE WASHOE COUNTY COMMISSION APPROVED THE TENTATIVE MAP ON APPEAL ON <date>.

THIS FINAL MAP, *<subdivision name and unit/phase #>*, MEETS ALL APPLICABLE STATUTES, ORDINANCES, AND CODE PROVISIONS; IS IN SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE TENTATIVE MAP; AND ALL CONDITIONS HAVE BEEN MET FOR THE PURPOSES OF RECORDATION.

THIS FINAL MAP IS APPROVED AND ACCEPTED FOR RECORDATION THIS ______DAY OF ______, 20_____ BY THE WASHOE COUNTY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR. THE OFFER OF DEDICATION FOR *<streets, sewers>* IS REJECTED AT THIS TIME, BUT WILL REMAIN OPEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH NRS CHAPTER 278.

WILLIAM WHITNEY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR DATE

- g. Prior to acceptance of public improvements and release of any financial assurances, the developer shall furnish to the Department of Water Resources and Engineering Division a complete set of reproducible as-built construction drawings prepared by a civil engineer registered in the State of Nevada.
- h. The developer shall be required to participate in any applicable General Improvement District or Special Assessment District formed by Washoe County.
- i. A note shall be placed on all grading plans and construction drawings stating:

NOTE

Should any prehistoric or historic remains/artifacts be discovered during site development, work shall temporarily be halted at the specific site and the State Historic Preservation Office of the Department of Museums, Library and Arts shall be notified to record and photograph the site. The period of temporary delay shall be limited to a maximum of two (2) working days from the date of notification.

j. The final map shall designate faults that have been active during the Holocene epoch of geological time, and the final map shall contain the following note:

NOTE

No habitable structures shall be located on a fault that has been active during the Holocene epoch of geological time.

k. The developer shall provide written approval from the U.S. Postal Service concerning the installation and type of mail delivery facilities. The system, other

than individual mailboxes, must be shown on the project construction plans and installed as part of the on-site improvements.

- I. The developer and all successors shall direct any potential purchaser of the site to meet with the Planning and Development Division to review conditions of approval prior to the final sale of the site. Any subsequent purchasers of the site shall notify the Planning and Development Division of the name, address, telephone number and contact person of the new purchaser within thirty (30) days of the final sale.
- m. Any signage erected on the subject site shall be in conformance with Article 505 and the North Stateline Signage, Parking and Design Standards (the stricter of the two codes shall apply).
- n. A certification letter or series of letters by a registered landscape architect or other persons permitted to prepare landscaping and irrigation plans pursuant to N.R.S. 623A shall be submitted to and approved by the Planning and Development Division. The letter(s) shall certify that all applicable landscaping provisions of Articles 408, 410, 412 and 414 of the Development Code have been met. Any landscaping plans and the letter shall be wet-stamped. The letter shall indicate any provisions of the code that the Director of the Planning and Development Division has waived.
- o. All landscaping shall be maintained in accordance with the provisions found in Section 110.412.75, Maintenance. A three-year maintenance plan shall be submitted by a licensed landscape architect registered in the State of Nevada to the Planning and Development Division prior to a Certificate of Occupancy. The plan shall be wet-stamped.
- p. Failure to comply with the conditions of approval shall render this approval null and void.
- q. Conditions, covenants, and restrictions (CC&Rs), including any supplemental CC&Rs, shall be submitted to the Planning and Development staff for review and subsequent forwarding to the District Attorney for review and approval. The final CC&Rs shall be signed and notarized by the owner(s) and submitted to the Planning and Development Division with the recordation fee prior to the recordation of the final map. The CC&Rs shall require all phases and units of the subdivision approved under this tentative map to be subject to the same CC&Rs. Washoe County shall be made a party to the applicable provisions of the CC&Rs to the satisfaction of the District Attorney's Office. Said CC&Rs shall specifically address the potential for liens against the properties and the individual property owners' responsibilities for the funding of maintenance, replacement, and perpetuation of the following items, at a minimum:
 - i. Maintenance of public access easements, common areas, and common open spaces. Provisions shall be made to monitor and maintain, for a period of three (3) years regardless of ownership, a maintenance plan for the common open space area. The maintenance plan for the common open space area shall, as a minimum, address the following:

- a. Vegetation management;
- b. Watershed management;
- c. Debris and litter removal;
- d. Fire access and suppression;
- e. BMP maintenance; and
- f. Maintenance of public access and/or maintenance of limitations to public access.
- ii. All drainage facilities and roadways not maintained by Washoe County shall be privately maintained and perpetually funded by the homeowners association.
- iii. All open space identified as common area on the final map shall be privately maintained and perpetually funded by the homeowners association. The deed to the open space and common area shall reflect perpetual dedication for that purpose. The maintenance of the common areas and related improvements shall be addressed in the CC&Rs to the satisfaction of the District Attorney's Office.
- iv. The project adjacent to undeveloped land shall maintain a fire fuel break of a minimum 30 feet in width until such time as the adjacent land is developed.
- v. Locating habitable structures on potentially active (Holocene) fault lines, whether noted on the recorded map or disclosed during site preparation, is prohibited.
- vi. All outdoor lighting on buildings and streets within the subdivision shall be down-shielded.
- vii. Washoe County shall not assume responsibility for maintenance of the private street system of the development nor accept the streets for dedication to Washoe County unless the streets meet those Washoe County standards in effect at the time of offer for dedication.
- viii. Mandatory solid waste collection.
- ix. Fence material (if any), height, and location limitations, and re-fencing standards. Replacement fence must be compatible in materials, finish and location of existing fence.
- r. The common open space owned by the homeowners association shall be noted on the final map as "common open space" and the related deed of conveyance shall specifically provide for the preservation of the common open space in perpetuity. The deed to the open space and common area shall reflect perpetual

dedication for that purpose. The deed shall be presented with the CC&Rs for review by the Planning and Development staff and the District Attorney.

s. Prior to any ground-disturbing activity the applicant must obtain approval of a Director's Modification of Standards in accordance with Article 438 to allow fill material to be placed deeper than ten feet.

Washoe County Engineering and Capital Projects

2. The following conditions are requirements of the Engineering Division, which shall be responsible for determining compliance with these conditions.

Contact Name – Walter H. West, 775.328.2310, <u>wwest@washoecounty.us</u>

GENERAL CONDITIONS

- a. Final maps and final construction drawings shall comply with all applicable statutes, ordinances, rules, regulations, and policies in effect at the time of submittal of the tentative map or, if requested by the developer and approved by the applicable agency, those in effect at the time of approval of the final map.
- b. Prior to acceptance of public improvements and release of any financial assurances, the developer shall furnish to the water and sewer provider(s) and Engineering and Capital Projects Division a complete set of reproducible as-built construction drawings prepared by a civil engineer registered in the State of Nevada.
- c. The developer shall be required to participate in any applicable General Improvement District or Special Assessment District formed by Washoe County. The applicable County Department shall be responsible for determining compliance with this condition.
- d. The developer shall provide written approval from the U.S. Postal Service concerning the installation and type of mail delivery facilities. The system, other than individual mailboxes, must be shown on the project construction plans and installed as part of the onsite improvements.
- e. A complete set of construction improvement drawings, including an onsite grading plan, shall be submitted to the County Engineer for approval prior to finalization of any portion of the tentative map. Grading shall comply with best management practices (BMP's) and shall include detailed plans for grading and drainage on each lot, erosion control (including BMP locations and installation details), slope stabilization and mosquito abatement. Placement or disposal of any excavated material shall be indicated on the grading plan. Silts shall be controlled on- site and not allowed onto adjacent property.
- f. All open space shall be identified as common area on the final map. A note on the final map shall indicate that all common areas shall be privately maintained and perpetually funded by the Homeowners Association. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition. The maintenance of the common

areas shall also be addressed in the CC&Rs to the satisfaction of the District Attorney's Office.

- g. Any existing easements or utilities that conflict with the development shall be relocated, quitclaimed, and/or abandoned, as appropriate.
- h. Any easement documents recorded for the project shall include an exhibit map that shows the location and limits of the easement in relationship to the project. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- i. All existing overhead utility lines shall be placed underground, except electric transmission lines greater than 100 kilovolts, which can remain above ground.
- j. For construction areas larger than 1 acre, the developer shall obtain from the Nevada Division of Environmental Protection a Stormwater Discharge Permit for construction and submit a copy to the Engineering Division prior to issuance of a gradingpermit.
- k. The developer shall complete and submit the Construction Permit Submittal Checklist and pay the Construction Stormwater Inspection Fee prior to obtaining a grading permit.
- I. Applicant shall indicate on the plans were exported materials (if any) will be taken and a grading permit shall be obtained for the import site.
- m. Exported materials shall not be sold without the proper business license.
- n. A grading bond of \$2,000/acre of disturbed area shall be provided to the Engineering Division prior to any grading.
- o. Cross-sections indicating cuts and fills and retaining walls shall be submitted when applying for a grading permit. Grading shall meet the grading code or provide explanation for exceptions. Estimated total volumes shall be indicated.
- p. All disturbed areas left undeveloped for more than 30 days shall be treated with a dust palliative. Disturbed areas left undeveloped for more than 45 days shall be revegetated.

DRAINAGE (WCC Article 110.420)

- q. The conditional approval of this tentative map shall not be construed as final approval of the drainage facilities shown on the tentative map. Final approval of the drainage facilities will occur during the final map review and will be based upon the final hydrology report.
- r. Prior to finalization of the first final map, a master hydrology/hydraulic report and a master storm drainage plan shall be submitted to the County Engineer for approval.

- s. Prior to finalization of any portion of the tentative map, a final, detailed hydrology/hydraulic report for that unit shall be submitted to the County Engineer. The report prepared by a registered engineer shall include the locations, points of entry and discharge, flow rates and flood limits of all 5- and 100- year storm flows impacting both the site and offsite areas and the methods for handling those flows. The report shall include all storm drain pipe and ditch sizing calculations and a discussion of and mitigation measures for any impacts on existing offsite drainage facilities and properties. All storm drainage improvements necessary to serve the project shall be designed and constructed to County standards and specifications and/or financial assurances in an appropriate form and amount shall be provided.
- t. Any increase in stormwater runoff resulting from the development and based on the 5 year and 100 storm(s) shall be detained. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- u. Standard reinforced concrete headwalls or other approved alternatives shall be placed on the inlet and outlet of all drainage structures, and grouted rock riprap shall be used to prevent erosion at the inlets and outlets of all culverts to the satisfaction of the Engineering and Capital Projects Division.
- v. The developer shall provide pretreatment for petrochemicals and silt for all storm drainage leaving the site to the satisfaction of the Engineering and Capital Projects Division.
- w. The Truckee Meadows Regional Stormwater Quality Management Program Construction Permit Submittal Checklist and Inspection Fee shall be submitted with each final map.
- x. A note on the final map shall indicate that all drainage facilities not maintained by Washoe County shall be privately maintained and perpetually funded by a homeowners association. As an alternative to a homeowners association, the developer may request the establishment of a County Utility Service Area under which fees would be paid for maintenance of the proposed storm drainage detention facility. The fee amount will be based on the additional service above that normally provided by the County to maintain new stormwater facilities dedicated by the developer (i.e., curb and gutter, drop inlets and piping). The maintenance and funding of these drainage facilities shall also be addressed in the CC&Rs to the satisfaction of the District Attorney's Office.
- y. The maximum permissible flow velocity (that which does not cause scour) shall be determined for all proposed channels and open ditches. The determination shall be based on a geotechnical analysis of the channel soil, proposed channel lining and channel cross section, and it shall be in accordance with acceptable engineering publications/calculations. Appropriate linings shall be provided for all proposed channels and open ditches such that the 100-year flows do not exceed the maximum permissible flow velocity. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.

z. Maintenance access and drainage easements shall be provided for all existing and proposed drainage facilities. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition

TRAFFIC AND ROADWAY (WCC Article 110.436)

- aa. All roadway improvements necessary to serve the project shall be designed and constructed to County standards and specifications and/or financial assurances in an appropriate form and amount shall be provided.
- bb. An Occupancy Permit shall be obtained from the Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT), for access to, from or under roads and highways maintained by NDOT, and a copy of said permit shall be submitted to the County Engineer prior to finalization of the affected final map.
- cc. Street names shall be reviewed and approved by the Regional Street Naming Coordinator.
- dd. Proposed landscaping and/or fencing along street rights-of-way and within median islands shall be designed to meet American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) sight distances and safety guidelines. A minimum vertical clearance of 13.5 feet shall be maintained over all private streets, and no tree shall overhang the curb of any public street.
- ee. For any utilities placed in existing County streets, the streets shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the County Engineer. At a minimum, this will require full depth removal and replacement of asphalt for half the street width, or replacement of non-woven pavement reinforcing fabric with a 2" asphalt overlay for half the street width. Type II slurry seal is required for the entire street width with either option. Full width street improvements may be required if the proposed utility location is too close to the centerline of the existing street.
- ff. AASHTO clear zones shall be determined for all streets adjacent to retaining walls or slopes steeper than 3:1. If a recoverable or traversable clear zone cannot be provided, an analysis to determine if barriers are warranted shall be submitted for approval. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- gg. All retaining walls that are adjacent to, provide support for or retain soil from the County right-of-way shall be constructed of reinforced masonry block or reinforced concrete and designed by an engineer licensed in the State of Nevada. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- hh. No retaining walls that retain soil from the County right-of-way shall be located within a plowed snow storage easement. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- ii. The conditions, covenants and restrictions (CC&Rs) shall prominently note to the satisfaction of the District Attorney's Office and the County Engineer that Washoe County will not assume responsibility for maintenance of the development's private street system or accept the streets for dedication to Washoe County

unless the streets meet those Washoe County standards in effect at the time of the offer of dedication.

- jj. Adequate snow storage easements shall be identified on the final plat.
- kk. If the Engineering and Capital Projects Division does not inspect the subdivision improvements, prior to release of any financial assurances for the private improvements, the development shall provide the Engineering and Capital Projects Division with a letter prepared by a civil engineer licensed in the State of Nevada, certifying that the private improvements have been constructed in accordance with the approved plans.
- II. A minimum onsite stacking length of 50 feet or as required by NDOT and an adequately sized turnaround outside the gate is required prior to any security gate. Vehicle stacking at a gate shall not back up into the adjacent street right-of-way.
- mm. A Temporary turnaround shall be provided within the property at a terminus of the proposed street.
- nn. No roadway slope shall exceed 14%. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- oo. All regulatory traffic signs shall meet County standards and the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
- pp. The minimum pavement requirements for on-site paving shall be three inches (3") asphalt over six inches (6") granular base.

Washoe County Health District

3. The following conditions are requirements of the Health District, which shall be responsible for determining compliance with these conditions. The District Board of Health has jurisdiction over all public health matters in the Health District. Any conditions set by the Health District must be appealed to the District Board of Health.

Contact Name – James English, 775.328.2610, <u>Jenglish@washoecounty.us</u> J.L. Shaffer, 775.785.4599, <u>jshaffer@washoecounty.us</u>

- a. A Water Project per NAC 445A.66695 must be submitted for review and approved by this Division. Prior to any water system construction, a complete water system plan and Water Project submittal for the referenced proposal must be submitted to this Division. The plan must show that the water system will conform to the State of Nevada Public Water Supply Regulations, NAC Chapter NAC 445A.65505 to 445A.6731, inclusive.
 - i. The application for a Water Project shall conform to the requirements of NAC 445A.66695.
 - ii. Two copies of complete construction plans are required for review. All plans must include an overall site plan, additional phases that will eventually be

built to indicate that the water system will be looped, all proposed final grading, utilities, and improvements for the proposed application.

- b. Mass grading may proceed after approval of a favorable review by this Division of a separate mass grading permit application.
- c. All public and private catch basins will require weep holes to improve water quality downstream and prevent mosquitoes from colonizing this infrastructure (Health Regulations Governing the Prevention of Vector-Borne Diseases 040.013).
- d. If rockery walls are proposed, the voids shall be filled by placing smaller rock within the face of the wall for the entire height of the wall (Health Regulations Governing the Prevention of Vector-Borne Diseases 040.081).
- e. If turf is proposed for the common area for the condominium development, a 24 inch catchment area from the back face of impervious surfaces will reduce the downstream effects of water runoff (Health Regulations Governing the Prevention of Vector-Borne Diseases 040.038).
- f. Prior to the sign off of the building plans the above detail designs are required on the plans and a scheduled compliance inspection with the Vector-Borne Diseases Program is required for the above condition(s).

Incline Village General Improvement District

4. The following conditions are requirements of Incline Village General Improvement District which shall be responsible for determining compliance with these conditions.

Contact Name – Joseph Pomroy, 775.832.1269, jip@ivgid.org

- a. Prior to District approving the project and providing service to the development the applicant shall address the following items to the satisfaction of the District:
 - i. The design, approval and District acceptance of the water and sewer infrastructure to serve the development for fire flow and domestic demands.
 - ii. The stabilization of the hillside that is on the Biltmore property that is impacting Reservoir Road and the tank access road.
 - iii. The assignment of necessary easements and access easements for water and sewer infrastructure.

Regional Transportation Commission (RTC)

5. The following conditions are requirements of the Regional Transportation Commission, which shall be responsible for determining compliance with these conditions. The Regional Transportation Commission is directed and governed by its own board. Therefore, any conditions set by the Regional Transportation Commission must be appealed to that board.

Contact Name – Daniel Doenges, 775.335.1901, ddoenges@rtcwashoe.com

- a. RTC request that the developer install a bus shelter along the frontage of the property line facing Highway 28, adjacent to Wellness Way access drive that would be accessible from the proposed pedestrian path.
- b. Ensure that there is adequate spacing between access to the development on Wellness Way and Reservoir Drive.

Nevada Department of Transportation

6. The following conditions are requirements of the Nevada Department of Transportation which shall be responsible for determining compliance with these conditions. Washoe County does not have authority to modify Nevada Department of Transportation conditions. Therefore, any conditions set by the Nevada Department of Transportation must be appealed to that agency.

Contact Name – Jae Pullen, 775.834.8309, jpullen@dot.state.nv.us

- a. Existing approaches are personal and not transferable with the sale of property. If the property changes ownership or use, the new property owner will need to apply for an encroachment permit for access to the state highway.
- b. The Nevada Department of Transportation will require an occupancy permit for any work performed within the State's right-of-way. Please contact the Permit Office at (775) 834- 8330 for more information regarding the occupancy permit.
- c. The developer should be aware that this existing approach may be reduced to a right-in/right- out turn configuration. A condition of an NDOT encroachment permit may require that the permittee accept this condition (limited access) and also agrees not to hold the State of Nevada responsible for any costs or damages that may result from a modification of this approach to a right-in/right-out access. Developer will be required to have this permit recorded through their County Recorder's Office. A conformed copy shall be returned to the Nevada Department of Transportation.
- d. Prior to any grading adjacent to the Nevada Department of Transportation rightof-way, a Drainage Report, including a grading plan, and a Drainage Form must be submitted to the Permit office. Please contact the Permit Office at (775) 834-8330 for more information.
- e. The property owner must provide adequate parking on the property. NDOT does not issue permits for long term parking for business use. If needed, NDOT will post NO PARKING signs to mitigate any parking concerns.
- f. Signs for advertising will not be allowed within NDOT right-of-way.
- g. The state defers to municipal government for land use development decisions. Public involvement for Development related improvements within the NDOT right-of-way should be considered during the municipal land use development

public involvement process. Significant public improvements within the NDOT right-of-way developed after the municipal land use development public involvement process may require additional public involvement. It is the responsibility of the permit applicant to perform such additional public involvement. We would encourage such public involvement to be part of a municipal land use development process.

Nevada Division of Environmental Protection

7. The following conditions are requirements of the Nevada Division of Environmental Protection which shall be responsible for determining compliance with these conditions. Washoe County does not have authority to modify Nevada Division of Environmental Protection conditions. Therefore, any conditions set by the Nevada Division of Environmental Protection must be appealed to that agency.

Contact Name – Pat Mohn, 775.687.9419, pmohn@ndep.nv.gov

a. If the developer disturbs more than one acre he is require to obtain coverage under NDEP's Construction Stormwater General Permit NVR100000. A notice of Intent must be filed electronically and submitted with a \$200 fee prior to commencing any earth-disturbing activates at the site.

*** End of Conditions ***



Washoe County COMMUNITY SERVICES DEPARTMENT

Engineering and Capital Projects Division

Date: June 7, 2016

To: Eva Krause, Planner

From: Walter H. West, P.E., Licensed Engineer

Re: Boulder Creek TM16-004 (18 Units)

GENERAL PROJECT DISCUSSION

The proposed project consists of an 18 unit common open space condominium development located adjacent to Reservoir Drive and Wassou Road in Crystal Bay, Nevada. The Engineering and Capital Projects Division offers the following comments and recommendations, which supplement applicable County Code and are based upon our review of the site and the tentative map application prepared by Lumos & Associates Inc..

Recommended Conditions of Approval

The following conditions of approval should be applied to this proposed project. Conditions in italics are standard Engineering Conditions.

GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. Final maps and final construction drawings shall comply with all applicable statutes, ordinances, rules, regulations, and policies in effect at the time of submittal of the tentative map or, if requested by the developer and approved by the applicable agency, those in effect at the time of approval of the final map.
- 2. Prior to acceptance of public improvements and release of any financial assurances, the developer shall furnish to the water and sewer provider(s) and Engineering and Capital Projects Division a complete set of reproducible as-built construction drawings prepared by a civil engineer registered in the State of Nevada.
- 3. The developer shall be required to participate in any applicable General Improvement District or Special Assessment District formed by Washoe County. The applicable County Department shall be responsible for determining compliance with this condition.
- 4. The developer shall provide written approval from the U.S. Postal Service concerning the installation and type of mail delivery facilities. The system, other than individual mailboxes, must be shown on the project construction plans and installed as part of the onsite improvements. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 5. A complete set of construction improvement drawings, including an onsite grading plan, shall be submitted to the County Engineer for approval prior to finalization of any

portion of the tentative map. Grading shall comply with best management practices (BMP's) and shall include detailed plans for grading and drainage on each lot, erosion control (including BMP locations and installation details), slope stabilization and mosquito abatement. Placement or disposal of any excavated material shall be indicated on the grading plan. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.

- 6. All open space shall be identified as common area on the final map. A note on the final map shall indicate that all common areas shall be privately maintained and perpetually funded by the Homeowners Association. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition. The maintenance of the common areas shall also be addressed in the CC&Rs to the satisfaction of the District Attorney's Office.
- 7. Any existing easements or utilities that conflict with the development shall be relocated, quitclaimed, and/or abandoned, as appropriate. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 8. Any easement documents recorded for the project shall include an exhibit map that shows the location and limits of the easement in relationship to the project. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 9. All existing overhead utility lines shall be placed underground, except electric transmission lines greater than 100 kilovolts, which can remain above ground. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.

DRAINAGE (COUNTY CODE 110.420)

- 1. The conditional approval of this tentative map shall not be construed as final approval of the drainage facilities shown on the tentative map. Final approval of the drainage facilities will occur during the final map review and will be based upon the final hydrology report.
- 2. Prior to finalization of the first final map, a master hydrology/hydraulic report and a master storm drainage plan shall be submitted to the County Engineer for approval. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 3. Prior to finalization of any portion of the tentative map, a final, detailed hydrology/hydraulic report for that unit shall be submitted to the County Engineer. All storm drainage improvements necessary to serve the project shall be designed and constructed to County standards and specifications and/or financial assurances in an appropriate form and amount shall be provided. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 4. Any increase in stormwater runoff resulting from the development and based on the 5 year and 100 storm(s) shall be detained. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 5. Standard reinforced concrete headwalls or other approved alternatives shall be placed on the inlet and outlet of all drainage structures, and grouted rock riprap shall be used to prevent erosion at the inlets and outlets of all culverts to the satisfaction of the Engineering and Capital Projects Division.
- 6. The developer shall provide pretreatment for petrochemicals and silt for all storm drainage leaving the site to the satisfaction of the Engineering and Capital Projects Division.
- 7. The Truckee Meadows Regional Stormwater Quality Management Program Construction Permit Submittal Checklist and Inspection Fee shall be submitted with each final map. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.

- 8. A note on the final map shall indicate that all drainage facilities not maintained by Washoe County shall be privately maintained and perpetually funded by a homeowners association. As an alternative to a homeowners association, the developer may request the establishment of a County Utility Service Area under which fees would be paid for maintenance of the proposed storm drainage detention facility. The fee amount will be based on the additional service above that normally provided by the County to maintain new stormwater facilities dedicated by the developer (i.e., curb and gutter, drop inlets and piping). The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition. The maintenance and funding of these drainage facilities shall also be addressed in the CC&Rs to the satisfaction of the District Attorney's Office.
- 9. The maximum permissible flow velocity (that which does not cause scour) shall be determined for all proposed channels and open ditches. The determination shall be based on a geotechnical analysis of the channel soil, proposed channel lining and channel cross section, and it shall be in accordance with acceptable engineering publications/calculations. Appropriate linings shall be provided for all proposed channels and open ditches such that the 100-year flows do not exceed the maximum permissible flow velocity. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 10. Maintenance access and drainage easements shall be provided for all existing and proposed drainage facilities. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.

TRAFFIC AND ROADWAY (COUNTY CODE 110.436)

- 1. All roadway improvements necessary to serve the project shall be designed and constructed to County standards and specifications and/or financial assurances in an appropriate form and amount shall be provided. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 2. An Occupancy Permit shall be obtained from the Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT), for access to, from or under roads and highways maintained by NDOT, and a copy of said permit shall be submitted to the County Engineer prior to finalization of the affected final map.
- 3. Street names shall be reviewed and approved by the Regional Street Naming Coordinator.
- 4. Proposed landscaping and/or fencing along street rights-of-way and within median islands shall be designed to meet American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) sight distances and safety guidelines. No tree shall overhang the curb line of any public street. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 5. For any utilities placed in existing County streets, the streets shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the County Engineer. At a minimum, this will require full depth removal and replacement of asphalt for half the street width, or replacement of non-woven pavement reinforcing fabric with a 2" asphalt overlay for half the street width. Type II slurry seal is required for the entire street width with either option. Full width street improvements may be required if the proposed utility location is too close to the centerline of the existing street.
- 6. AASHTO clear zones shall be determined for all streets adjacent to retaining walls or slopes steeper than 3:1. If a recoverable or traversable clear zone cannot be provided, an analysis to determine if barriers are warranted shall be submitted for approval. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.

- 7. All retaining walls that are adjacent to, provide support for or retain soil from the County right-of-way shall be constructed of reinforced masonry block or reinforced concrete and designed by an engineer licensed in the State of Nevada. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 8. No retaining walls that retain soil from the County right-of-way shall be located within a plowed snow storage easement. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 9. The conditions, covenants and restrictions (CC&Rs) shall prominently note to the satisfaction of the District Attorney's Office and the County Engineer that Washoe County will not assume responsibility for maintenance of the development's private street system or accept the streets for dedication to Washoe County unless the streets meet those Washoe County standards in effect at the time of the offer of dedication.
- 10. Adequate snow storage easements shall be identified on the final plat. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 11. Proposed landscaping and/or fencing along street rights-of-way and within median islands shall be designed to meet AASHTO sight distances and safety guidelines. A minimum vertical clearance of 13.5 feet shall be maintained over all private streets, and no tree shall overhang the curb of any public street. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 12. If the Engineering and Capital Projects Division does not inspect the subdivision improvements, prior to release of any financial assurances for the private improvements, the development shall provide the Engineering and Capital Projects Division with a letter prepared by a civil engineer licensed in the State of Nevada, certifying that the private improvements have been constructed in accordance with the approved plans. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 13. A minimum onsite stacking length of 50 feet or as required by NDOT and an adequately sized turnaround outside the gate is required prior to any security gate. Vehicle stacking at a gate shall not back up into the adjacent street right-of-way. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 14. A Temporary turnaround shall be provided within the property at a terminus of the proposed street. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.
- 15. No roadway slope shall exceed 14%. The County Engineer shall determine compliance with this condition.

June 27, 2016

Eva Krause, ACIP, Planner Washoe County Community Services Planning and Development Division PO Box 11130 Reno, NV 89520-0027

RE: Boulder Bay Resort; APN: 123-071-34 Special Use Permit (SB16-005) Tentative Subdivision Map; (TM16-004)

Dear Mrs. Krause:

The Washoe County Health District, Environmental Health Services Division (Division) Engineering and Vector borne Diseases Program have reviewed the above referenced project. Approval by this Division is subject to the following conditions:

- 1. A Water Project per NAC 445A.66695 must be submitted for review and approved by this Division. Prior to any water system construction, a complete water system plan and Water Project submittal for the referenced proposal must be submitted to this Division. The plan must show that the water system will conform to the State of Nevada Public Water Supply Regulations, NAC Chapter NAC 445A.65505 to 445A.6731, inclusive.
 - a. The application for a Water Project shall conform to the requirements of NAC 445A.66695.
 - b. Two copies of complete construction plans are required for review. All plans must include an overall site plan, additional phases that will eventually be built to indicate that the water system will be looped, all proposed final grading, utilities, and improvements for the proposed application.
- 2. Mass grading may proceed after approval of a favorable review by this Division of a separate mass grading permit application.
 - a. The application shall include a Truckee Meadows Water Authority annexation and onsite water discovery if applicable.
- 3. All public and private catch basins will require weep holes to improve water quality downstream and prevent mosquitoes from colonizing this infrastructure (Health Regulations Governing the Prevention of Vector-Borne Diseases 040.013).
- 4. If rockery walls are proposed, the voids shall be filled by placing smaller rock within the face of the wall for the entire height of the wall (Health Regulations Governing the Prevention of Vector-Borne Diseases 040.081).
- 5. If turf is proposed for the common area for the condominium development, a 24 inch catchment area from the back face of impervious surfaces will reduce the downstream effects of water runoff (Health Regulations Governing the Prevention of Vector-Borne Diseases 040.038).
- 6. Prior to the sign off of the building plans the above detail designs are required on the plans and a scheduled compliance inspection with the Vector-Borne Diseases Program is required for the above condition(s).

If you have any questions regarding the foregoing, please call Jim English at 328-2610 or Jim Shaffer 785-4599 regarding engineering or vector comments, respectively.



TM16-004 & SB16-005 - EXHIBIT C
Sincerely,

James English Environmental Health Specialists Supervisor Environmental Health Services

CA/JS/:wr

Cc: File - Washoe County Health District Lumos & Associates Inc – bmcrae@lumosinc.com

J.L. Shaffer Program Coordinator/Planner Vector-Borne Diseases Program Environmental Health Services



May 27, 2016

Ms. Eva Krause Community Services Department Planning and Development PO Box 11130 Reno NV, 89520

RE: Special Use Permit Case Number SB 16-005, (Boulder Bay Resort) and Tentative Subdivision Map Case Number TM16-004 (Boulder Bay Resort)

Dear Ms. Krause:

The Incline Village General Improvement District (District) is submitting the following comments on the Boulder Bay Resort Special Use Permit and Subdivision Map cases.

The District has previously prepared a Conditional Will Serve Letter, included in the Subdivision Map application, that states the general conditions necessary for the District to provide water, sewer and solid waste services. The project is within the jurisdictional boundaries of the District for these services and there is capacity to serve the Boulder Bay projects as proposed in the April 8, 2008 Conditional Will Serve Letter.

The Boulder Bay Resort development, as proposed in 2008, substantially altered the roads and rights-ofways and also impacted the District's water and sewer utilities in those right-of-ways. The applicant at the time in 2008 had proposed new roads, new water and sewer utility infrastructure and stabilization of failing slopes along Reservoir Road to serve the complete Boulder Bay project. The application currently being submitted is for a portion of the originally planned project, with a statement that future phases of the project will be constructed, but that this portion should be considered its own distinct project.

At this time, there are no completed water and sewer utility infrastructure plans for a phased approach that would allow the District to comment on our ability to extend capacity to serve the project. The major areas that need to be addressed by the applicant prior to the District approving plans for construction are:

1. The design, approval, and District acceptance of water and sewer infrastructure to serve the development for fire flow and domestic demands.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT 1220 SWEETWATER ROAD · INCLINE VILLAGE NV 89451 PH: (775) 832-1203 · FAX: (775) 832-1260 · WWW.IVGID.ORG



- 2. The stabilization of the hillside that is on the Biltmore property that is impacting Reservoir Road and the tank access road, the water and sewer infrastructure located in Reservoir Road and the tank access road.
- 3. The assignment of necessary easements and access easements for water and sewer infrastructure.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions regarding the foregoing information. I can be reached at 775-832-1269.

Sincerely,

Joseph J. Pomroy, P. E. Director of Public Works



May 31, 2016

FR: Chrono/PL 183-16

Ms. Eva Krause, Planner Community Services Department Washoe County P.O. Box 11130 Reno, NV 89520

RE: SB16-005 (Boulder Bay Resort) TM16-004 (Boulder Bay Resort)

Dear Ms. Krause,

The RTC has reviewed this request for a special use permit and a tentative subdivision map to develop an 18-unit common open space condominium development, and has the following comments:

The RTC requests that the developer install a bus shelter along the frontage of the property line facing Highway 28, adjacent to the Wellness Way access drive, that would be accessible from the proposed pedestrian path. This would serve as a stop along the TART bus route and provide transit service to future residents of the proposed development.

Also, please ensure that there is adequate spacing between access to the development on the proposed Wellness Way and the existing Reservoir Drive.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on these applications. Please feel free to contact me at 335-1901 if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Daniel Doenges, PTP Senior Technical Planner

DD/jm

Copies: Bill Whitney, Washoe County Community Services Rebecca Kapuler, Regional Transportation Commission Julie Masterpool, Regional Transportation Commission Tina Wu, Regional Transportation Commission David Jickling, Regional Transportation Commission

/Boulder Bay Resort

RTC Board: Neoma Jardon (Chair) · Ron Smith (Vice Chair) · Bob Lucey · Paul McKenzie · Marsha Berkbigler PO Box 30002, Reno, NV 89520 · 1105 Terminal Way, Reno, NV 89502 · 775-348-0400 · rtcwashoe.com



STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

District II 310 Galletti Way Sparks, Nevada 89431 (775) 834-8300 FAX (775) 834-8319

June 11, 2016

RUDY MALFABON, P.E., Director

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

> Washoe County Planning and Development Division P.O. Box 11130 Reno, NV 89520-0027

TM16-004 Boulder Bay Resort SR-28 Crystal Bay

Attention: Ms. Eva Krause, AICP, Planner

Dear Ms. Krause:

I have reviewed the request for a Tentative Subdivision Map- case number TM16-004 (Boulder Bay Resort) located near Reservoir Drive and State Route 28 Mile Marker 10.76 (APN 123-071-34, 2.77 acres). I have the following comments:

- 1. Existing approaches are personal and not transferable with the sale of property. If the property changes ownership or use, the new property owner will need to apply for an encroachment permit for access to the state highway.
- 2. The Nevada Department of Transportation will require an occupancy permit for any work performed within the State's right-of-way. Please contact the Permit Office at (775) 834-8330 for more information regarding the occupancy permit.
- 3. The developer should be aware that this existing approach may be reduced to a right-in/rightout turn configuration. A condition of an NDOT encroachment permit may require that the permittee accept this condition (limited access) and also agrees not to hold the State of Nevada responsible for any costs or damages that may result from a modification of this approach to a right-in/right-out access. Developer will be required to have this permit recorded through their County Recorder's Office. A conformed copy shall be returned to the Nevada Department of Transportation.
- 4. Prior to any grading adjacent to the Nevada Department of Transportation right-of-way, a Drainage Report, including a grading plan, and a Drainage Form must be submitted to the Permit office. Please contact the Permit Office at (775) 834-8330 for more information.
- 5. The property owner must provide adequate parking on the property. NDOT does not issue permits for long term parking for business use. If needed, NDOT will post NO PARKING signs to mitigate any parking concerns.
- 6. Signs for advertising will not be allowed within NDOT right-of-way.
- 7. The state defers to municipal government for land use development decisions. Public involvement for Development related improvements within the NDOT right-of-way should

N:\TRAFFIC\1 DEVELOPMENT REVIEWS\2016 Development\Washoe County\Boulder Bay Resort\TM16-004 Boulder Bay Resort.docx

be considered during the municipal land use development public involvement process. Significant public improvements within the NDOT right-of-way developed after the municipal land use development public involvement process may require additional public involvement. It is the responsibility of the permit applicant to perform such additional public involvement. We would encourage such public involvement to be part of a municipal land use development process.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this development proposal. The Department reserves the right to incorporate further changes and/or comments as the design review advances. I look forward to working with you and your team, and completing a successful project. Please feel free to contact me at (775)834-8309, if you have any further questions or comments.

Sincerely,

DocuSigned by: Jae Pullen -DC6D2FB6D946439...

6/11/2016

Jae Pullen, PE, PTOE District II Engineering Services

| cc: Thor Dyson, District Engineer | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| File | Λ |



NEVADA DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

STATE OF NEVADA

Department of Conservation & Natural Resources

RECEIVED

JUN 1 3 2016

WASHOE COUNTY

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Brian Sandoval, Governor Leo M. Drozdoff, P.E., Director David Emme, Administrator

TM16-004 & SB16-005

June 8, 2016

BOB SACK DISTRICT HEALTH P.O. BOX 11130 **RENO NV 89520**

Re: Tentative Map-Boulder Bay Phase 1 Building A - APN 123-071-034 18 Condominium Units plus common area

Dear Mr. SACK:

The Nevada Division of Environmental Protection has reviewed the above referenced subdivision and recommends approval of said subdivision with respect to water pollution and sewage disposal, provided that the Incline Village General Improvement District (IVGID) commits to provide sewage service to said subdivision.

The scope of the NDEP review for said subdivision is limited to the verifying that the Tentative Map specifies the number of lots and the name of the agency that will provide collection, treatment, and disposal of wastewater from the proposed subdivision. It is the responsibility of the owner and/or operator of the proposed facility to properly plan, design, build, and effectively operate and maintain the facility as required under law, regulations, permits, and good management practices. The NDEP is not responsible for increased costs resulting from defects in design, plans and specifications or other pertinent documents.

Please note that if the developer of this subdivision will disturb more than one acre, he/she is required to obtain coverage under NDEP's Construction Stormwater General Permit NVR100000. A Notice of Intent must be filed electronically and submitted with a \$200 fee prior to commencing any earth-disturbing activities at the site. Visit NDEP's Bureau of Water Pollution Control's website at: http://ndep.nv.gov/bwpc/storm_cont03.htm for more information about this permit.

Sincerely,

Pat Mohn, P.E. **Technical Services Branch** Bureau of Water Pollution Control

cc:

---- Washoe County Department of Water Resources, Utility Division, P.O. 11130 Reno 89520 --- , Comprehensive Planning, P.O. 11130 Reno 89520

Engineer: LUMOS & ASSOCIATES (CARSON) 1800 E College Pkwy Carson City, NV 89706 Developer Name: BIG WATER INVESTMENTS LLC. P.O. Box 6622 Incline Village, NV 89450

Control No. 10802

Exhibit H

Public Notice

A public notification is required to be mailed to at least 30 separate property owners within a minimum 500 foot radius of the subject property at least 10 days before the public hearing date. Public notification for Special Use Permit Case Number SB16-005 and TM16-004 was mailed to 70 separate property owners within a 500 foot radius of the subject property.



Public Notice Map

EXHIBIT I

Boulder Bay

Community Services Department Planning and Development TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP APPLICATION



ORIGINAL

Community Services Department Planning and Development 1001 E. Ninth St., Bldg A Reno, NV 89520

Telephone: 775.328.3600

Washoe County Development Application

Your entire application is a public record. If you have a concern about releasing personal information, please contact Planning and Development staff at **775**.328.3600.

Project Information

Staff Assigned Case No.: ________

Project Name:

Boulder Bay Resort - Phase 1 Building A

Project Phase 1 of this project involves construction of 18 whole ownership condominiums divided Description: into 3 separate towers constructed over a parking garage. The building will be subdivided into 18 airspace condominiums plus interior and exterior common area.

Project Address: Nevada SR 28 - No address assigned.

Project Area (acres or square feet): 2.8 Acres

Project Location (with point of reference to major cross streets AND area locator):

Crystal Bay - West of Nevada SR 28 and north of reservoir Rd.

| Assessor's Parcel No.(s): | Parcel Acreage: | Assessor's Parcel No(s): | Parcel Acreage: |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 123-071- ø 34 | 2.77 | | |
| | | | |

Section(s)/Township/Range: T16N - R18E - SEC 19

Indicate any previous Washoe County approvals associated with this application: Case No.(s).5-2410 and 15-2785

Applicant Information (attach additional sheets if necessary)

| Property Owner: | | Professional Consultant: | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--|--|
| Name: Big Water Investments LLC | | Name: Lumos & Associates Inc. | | | |
| Address: P.O. Box 6622 | | Address: P.O. Box 3570 - 225 | 5 Kingsbury Gr. St A | | |
| Incline Village Nv | Zip: 89450 | Stateline, NV | Zip: 89449 | | |
| Phone: 775.831.2369 | Fax: 775.831.2369 | Phone: 775.588.6490 | Fax: 775.588.6479 | | |
| Email: rwittenberg@intlsupplyco.com | | Email: bmcrae@LumosInc.co | m | | |
| Cell: 775.560.9527 | Other: | Cell: 775.230.4338 | Other: | | |
| Contact Person: Roger Wittenberg | | Contact Person: Brian McRae | • | | |
| Applicant/Developer: | | Other Persons to be Contac | cted: | | |
| Name: Brian Helm | | Name: | | | |
| Address: 1401 33rd ave s | | Address: | | | |
| Seattle, WA | Zip: 98144 | | Zip: | | |
| Phone: 775.313.6903 | Fax: NA | Phone: | Fax: | | |
| Email: helmbd@gmail.com | | Email: | | | |
| Cell: 775.313.6903 | Other: | Cell: | Other: | | |
| Contact Person: Brian Helm | | Contact Person: | | | |
| For Office Use Only | | | | | |
| Date Received: | Initial: | Planning Area: | ······································ | | |
| County Commission District: | | Master Plan Designation(s): | | | |
| CAB(s): | | Regulatory Zoning(s): | | | |

Tentative Subdivision Map Application Supplemental Information

(All required information may be separately attached)

Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code is commonly known as the Development Code. Specific references to tentative subdivision maps may be found in Article 608, Tentative Subdivision Maps.

1. What is the location (address or distance and direction from nearest intersection)?

The project is located at the northwest corner of Nevada SR 28 and Reservoir Rd. in Crystal Bay, NV. The property, APN: 123-071-034 is not assigned an address currently.

2. What is the subdivision name (proposed name must not duplicate the name of any existing subdivision)?

Boulder Bay Resort - Phase 1 Building A

3. Density and lot design:

| a. Acreage of project site | 2.77 Ac |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| b. Total number of lots | 18 plus common area |
| c. Dwelling units per acre | 6.5 |
| d. Minimum and maximum area of proposed lots | 2,230 SF to 2,630 +/- |
| e. Minimum width of proposed lots | 35 ft |
| f. Average lot size | 2,500 SF +/- |

4. Utilities:

| a. Sewer Service | Incline Village General Improvement District |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| b. Electrical Service | Nevada Enerygy |
| c. Telephone Service | AT&T |
| d. LPG or Natural Gas Service | Southwest Gas |
| e. Solid Waste Disposal Service | Waste Management |
| f. Cable Television Service | Charter Cable |
| g. Water Service | Incline Village General Improvement District |

- 5. For common open space subdivisions (Article 408), please answer the following:
 - a. Acreage of common open space:

2.5 Ac

b. Development constraints within common open space (slope, wetlands, faults, springs, ridgelines):

Topography is generally steep with slopes in excess of 20% in several areas. No wetlands, faults, springs, or ridgelines

c. Range of lot sizes (include minimum and maximum lot size):

2,230 SF to 2,630 +/-

d. Average lot size:

2,500 SF

e. Proposed yard setbacks if different from standard:

Airspace condominium development so individual yard setbacks do not apply. MDS zoned setbacks are 20 ft front and rear, and 8 ft for side yard setback. Mapping will indicated these setbacks for the overall project boundary.

f. Justification for setback reduction or increase, if requested:

No reduction requested

g. Identify all proposed non-residential uses:

Amenities include two patios, one with hot tub and BBQ area, interior common areas with elevators, reception area, fitness area, locker room, restrooms, mail area, and parking garage. h. Improvements proposed for the common open space:

Pedestrian walkways, common patio areas, hot tub, fire pit/place, and BBQ picnic area.

i. Describe or show on the tentative map any public or private trail systems within common open space of the development:

After boundary line adjustment, property will be adjacent to proposed Sierra Park and trail system.

j. Describe the connectivity of the proposed trail system with existing trails or open space adjacent to or near the property:

On site pedestrian walkway will connect to Sierra Park

k. If there are ridgelines on the property, how are they protected from development?

No ridgelines on property

I. Will fencing be allowed on lot lines or restricted? If so, how?

No - the only fencing proposed will surround the hot tub and BBQ area.

m. Identify the party responsible for maintenance of the common open space:

Home owners association to be established in the future.

6. Is the project adjacent to public lands or impacted by "Presumed Public Roads" as shown on the adopted April 27, 1999 Presumed Public Roads (see Washoe County Engineering website at <u>http://www.washoecounty.us/pubworks/engineering.htm</u>). If so, how is access to those features provided?

| Not applicable | | |
|----------------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

7. Is the parcel within the Truckee Meadows Service Area?

8. Is the parcel within the Cooperative Planning Area as defined by the Regional Plan?

| Yes D No If yes, within what city? Crystal Bay - Incline Village |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|------------------------------------------------------------------|

9. Will a special use permit be required for utility improvement? If so, what special use permits are required and are they submitted with the application package?

No special use permit is required for utility improvements. A special use grading permit is being submitted along with this application.

10. Has an archeological survey been reviewed and approved by SHPO on the property? If yes, what were the findings?

Yes. Archeological survey was conducted on 11/20/08 in consultation with the NV State Historic Preservation Office as part of the Boulder Bay TRPA EIS. Detail is included in Section 4.7 Cultural & Historical Resources. According to the survey, no unique archaeological features are known to be located within the project area. Therefore, there are no known impacts associated with the project. No immediate Native American concerns regarding the project area were identified. No unique paleontological resources or geologic features are located within the project area. Therefore, there are no impacts associated with any alternative. SEE EIS 4.7

11. Indicate the type and quantity of water rights the application has or proposes to have available:

| a. Permit # | acre-feet per year | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| b. Certificate # | acre-feet per year | |
| c. Surface Claim # | acre-feet per year | |
| d. Other # | acre-feet per year | |

e. Title of those rights (as filed with the State Engineer in the Division of Water Resources of the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources):

12. Describe the aspects of the tentative subdivision that contribute to energy conservation:

Building A will include energy conservation measures that will seek to decrease energy use by more than 50% per guest. In addition, the buildings will include high efficiency insulation, windows, appliances and building materials. NV Energy foresees no problems in serving the site (personal communication, Tim Hutton, 2009).

13. Is the subject property in an area identified by Planning and Development as potentially containing rare or endangered plants and/or animals, critical breeding habitat, migration routes or winter range? If so, please list the species and describe what mitigation measures will be taken to prevent adverse impacts to the species:

Reviewed as part of the Boulder Bay TRPA EIS. There are no known occurrences in the project area for NNPS at risk species a. Surveys for potential NNPS at-risk plant species were performed in the project area by Western Botanical Services on June 23, 2009. No sensitive plant species (including NNPS species) were observed on the project site. No active nests were detected during the 2009 nesting season. The project area is not located in any wildlife migration or travel corridors. No stream environment zones are within the project area and therefore no species that are associated with these habitats or travel corridors will be impacted. Therefore, no impact will occur to wildlife migration travel corridors. 14. If private roads are proposed, will the community be gated? If so, is a public trail system easement provided through the subdivision?

Private roads are not proposed with this phase of development. Building A will be accessed by private driveway.

15. Is the subject property located adjacent to an existing residential subdivision? If so, describe how the tentative map complies with each additional adopted policy and code requirement of Article 434, Regional Development Standards within Cooperative Planning Areas and all of Washoe County, in particular, grading within 50 and 200 feet of the adjacent developed properties under 5 acres and parcel matching criteria:

Located across SR 28 form Stillwater Cove, which is a similar condominium development. Across Wassou Rd. is Crystal Bay subdivision. This is an SFR subdivision. Proposed Tentative Map is consistent with the North Stateline Community Plan. It meets structure height limitations for 21 du/ac = 70 ft; setback limitations of 20/5/20; landscaping is provided; and screening is provided by landscaping and topography - proposed development is 50 feet lower than than closest lot in Crystal Bay Subdivision.

16. Are there any applicable policies of the adopted area plan in which the project is located that require compliance? If so, which policies and how does the project comply?

The project is located within the North Stateline Community Plan Area Casino Core. Compliance with this Plan Area was evaluated as part of the Boulder Bay TRPA EIS; Section 4.1 Land Use. The EIS determined that the uses proposed in (Project) are consistent with NSCP and Plan Area land use direction for the project area, and with Code Subsection 18.2.A

17. Are there any applicable area plan modifiers in the Development Code in which the project is located that require compliance? If so, which modifiers and how does the project comply?

None

18. Will the project be completed in one phase or is phasing planned? If so, please provide that phasing plan:



19. Is the project subject to Article 424, Hillside Development? If yes, please address all requirements of the Hillside Ordinance in a separate set of attachments and maps.

| | 🗹 Yes 🛛 No | If yes, include a separate set of attachments and maps. | |
|--|------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--|
|--|------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--|

20. Is the project subject to Article 418, Significant Hydrologic Resources? If yes, please address Special Review Considerations within Section 110.418.30 in a separate attachment.

| Yes | 🗹 No | If yes, include separate attachments. | |
|-----|------|---------------------------------------|--|
|-----|------|---------------------------------------|--|

Grading

Please complete the following additional questions if the project anticipates grading that involves: (1) Disturbed area exceeding twenty-five thousand (25,000) square feet not covered by streets, buildings and landscaping; (2) More than one thousand (1,000) cubic yards of earth to be imported and placed as fill in a special flood hazard area; (3) More than five thousand (5,000) cubic yards of earth to be imported and placed as fill; (4) More than one thousand (1,000) cubic yards to be excavated, whether or not the earth will be exported from the property; or (5) If a permanent earthen structure will be established over four and one-half (4.5) feet high:

21. How many cubic yards of material are you proposing to excavate on site?

18,000 +/-

22. How many cubic yards of material are you exporting or importing? If exporting of material is anticipated, where will the material be sent? If the disposal site is within unincorporated Washoe County, what measures will be taken for erosion control and revegetation at the site? If none, how are you balancing the work on-site?

A total of approximately 12,700 yds of soil will be excavated for the construction of the building, driveway areas, and stormwater facilities. Excavated material will be used as fill on site to backfill behind the terraced retaining wall to the west of Building A. Erosion control measures will include landscaping, terraced retaining walls for slope stabilization, revegetation, mulch groundcover, and installation of TRPA approved BMPs.

23. Can the disturbed area be seen from off-site? If yes, from which directions, and which properties or roadways? What measures will be taken to mitigate their impacts?

From SR 28, the upper portion of the building will be visible. Ground disturbance will not be visible from SR 28 except for the driveway entrance off of the highway. This entrance will be landscaped per Washoe County and TRPA standards. The majority of this property is already disturbed and scarred from earthmoving activities. The portions of the site that are visible from Wassou Rd and Reservoir Dr. include these previously disturbed and barren areas that will be improved by this development.

24. What is the slope (Horizontal:Vertical) of the cut and fill areas proposed to be? What methods will be used to prevent erosion until the revegetation is established?

Cut areas include excavation for underground stormwater facilities, the building parking garage, and the building driveway. Except for the driveway, cut slopes are not proposed. At the driveway, cutslopes will be excavated at 3:1 and landscaped. Fill areas include backfill against the building to the west and behind the terraced retaining wall. One small area of fill at the southwest corner of the building will be graded at 3:1 and landscaped. All other fill slopes will be graded flatter than 3:1 and landscaped. Revegetation areas will receive temporary irrigation until plant establishment.

25. Are you planning any berms and, if so, how tall is the berm at its highest? How will it be stabilized and/or revegetated?

There is an existing berm on site between SR 28 and the proposed building. this berm currently has stable vegetation. Additional landscaping and small retaining wall will be added in distinct areas where disturbance for the pedestrian path is required.

26. Are retaining walls going to be required? If so, how high will the walls be, will there be multiple walls with intervening terracing, and what is the wall construction (i.e. rockery, concrete, timber, manufactured block)? How will the visual impacts be mitigated?

Small retaining walls (4' tall or shorter) are required adjacent to the pedestrian path. These retaining walls will be constructed of stamped cast in place concrete, stacked CMU, stacked rock. To the west of Building A a terraced retaining wall system consisting of 4 - 10 ft walls with 10 ft terraces will be constructed. This wall system will likely be constructed by geosynthetic reinforced earth with natural rock facing. Visual impacts will be mitigated by use of natural materials and by improving an already scarred cut slope that has deteriorating rock slope protection on it. 27. Will the grading proposed require removal of any trees? If so, what species, how many, and of what size?



28. What type of revegetation seed mix are you planning to use and how many pounds per acre do you intend to broadcast? Will you use mulch and, if so, what type?

BOTANICAL NAME COMMON NAME QUANTITY

Elymus glaucus (Stan 5000)Blue Wildrye (Stanislaus 5000 or30 PLS high elevation collection)

Bromus carinatus (Mokelumne)Mokelumne or El Dorado Brome30 PLS (or other high elevation collection)

29. How are you providing temporary irrigation to the disturbed area?

Yes, as needed. Landscape irrigation will be provided in all other areas.

30. Have you reviewed the revegetation plan with the Washoe Storey Conservation District? If yes, have you incorporated their suggestions?

Landscape and revegetation plans have been reviewed by the TRPA and their suggestions have been incorporated.

Tahoe Basin

Please complete the following additional questions if the project is within the Tahoe Basin:

31. Who is the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency (TRPA) project planner and what is his/her TRPA extension?

Tiffany Good, Senior Planner - TRPA Planning Department (775) 589-5283

32. Is the project within a Community Plan (CP) area?

| 🗹 Yes | 🛛 No | If yes, which CP? North Stateline Community Plan | |
|-------|------|--------------------------------------------------|--|
|-------|------|--------------------------------------------------|--|

- 33. State how you are addressing the goals and policies of the Community Plan for each of the following sections:
 - a. Land Use:

Section 4.1 Boulder Bay TRPA EIS. Specifically as it relates to Building A single family condominium residences; Condominium units may be more attractive to many families than standard studio hotel rooms because they offer kitchens, family gathering areas, and more privacy. NSCP Goal 1.1 states "create a more complete, family oriented destination resort area". This goal will be met by providing a variety of housing accommodations in the project. The multi-family residential use is consistent with the purpose of the community plan (Finding 3) and is consistent with the existing adjacent land uses. See Section 4.1 for more

b. Transportation:

Section 4.8 Boulder Bay TRPA EIS. Building A will generate less than 10 new PM peak hour trips. NSCP Standards encourage a reduction in the visual predominance of parking lots and asphalt, which is accommodated by the parking structures that will be constructed for Building A. No adverse impacts to LOS at interesections were found.

c. Conservation:

Building A will include energy conservation measures that will seek to decrease energy use by more than 50% per guest. In addition, the buildings will include high efficiency insulation, windows, appliances and building materials. NV Energy foresees no problems in serving the site (personal communication, Tim Hutton, 2009). d. Recreation:

Project is providing in building ammenities for owners including hot tub and entertaining/outdoor cooking area. Owners Lounge, fitness area and locker room; Adjacent to the building the project proponent is building a new 4.7 acre passive public park.

e. Public Services:

Section 4-12 Boulder Bay TRPA EIS. Law Enforcement: The Washoe County Sheriff's Department does not foresee any impact to their services as a result of increased numbers of guests at the resort; Fire Supression: he Fire District stated that the Project will not adversely impact their facilities, staffing levels or response times (personal communication, NLTFPD, 2009). The existing ladder truck and other existing response vehicles are sufficient to serve the proposed structures. According to IVGID, there is sufficient capacity at the wastewater treatment facility in Incline Village to serve this Project_SEE Section 4-12 for

34. Identify where the development rights for the proposed project will come from:

13 ERU were purchased and transfered to the Boulder Bay project area from 13 different sending parcels in Eldorado County. 5 units are TAU from an SEZ sending parcel in Eldorado County. The units were converted from TAU to ERU through the TRPA Environmental Incentive program. Transfer and conversion of development rights were approved by TRPA as part of the Boulder Bay project

35. Will this project remove or replace existing housing?

| Yes | 🖉 No | If yes, how many units? | |
|-----|------|-------------------------|--|
|-----|------|-------------------------|--|

36. How many residential allocations will the developer request from Washoe County?

| 3 | 18 |
|---|----|
|---|----|

37. Describe how the landscape plans conform to the Incline Village General Improvement District landscaping requirements:

The landscape plan will be consistent with the requirements of Chapter 36 of the TRPA Code of Ordinances, including the specification for sizing and species of plants. All proposed shrubs, perennials, and trees will be native or adaptive native plants to the Tahoe Basin as outlined in Table 1 of the TRPA Home Landscaping Guide. Therefore these plants will require very little fertilizer long term to sustain their health.

+

| | Request to Reserve New Street Name(s) The Applicant is responsible for all sign costs. | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | Applicant Information | | | | | |
| Name: Big Water Investments LLC | | | | | | |
| Address: | P.O. Box 6622 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Phone : Fax: Private Citizen Agency/Organization | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Street Name Requests (No more than 14 letters or 15 if there is an "i" in the name. Attach extra sheet if necessary.) | | | | | |
| Private driv | iveway only - no street name rega | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | |
| | ordation has not occurred within one (1) year, it is necessary to submit a within one respiration date of the original | ritten | | | | |
| , | Location | | | | | |
| Project Nan | | | | | | |
| појестнан | Reno Sparks Washoe County | | | | | |
| Parcel Num | mbers: | | | | | |
| | Subdivision Parcelization Private Street | | | | | |
| Please attach maps, petitions and supplementary information. | | | | | | |
| Approved: | | | | | | |
| | Regional Street Naming Coordinator | | | | | |
| | Except where noted | | | | | |
| Denied: | Date: Regional Street Naming Coordinator | ······ | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Washoe County Geographic Information Services Post Office Box 11130 - 1001 E. Ninth Street Reno, NV 89520-0027 Phone: (775) 328-2325 - Fax: (775) 328-6133 | | | | | |

ř

Property Owner Affidavit

Boulder Bag LhC W:TTenberg, 20ger **Applicant Name:**

The receipt of this application at the time of submittal does not guarantee the application complies with all requirements of the Washoe County Development Code, the Washoe County Master Plan or the applicable area plan, the applicable regulatory zoning, or that the application is deemed complete and will be processed.

| STATE OF NEVADA |) | | |
|------------------|------|---------------------|---|
| COUNTY OF WASHOE |) | | |
| 1 Bos | er A | Wittenbeng | |
| ' <u>.</u> | | (please print name) | , |

being duly sworn, depose and say that I am the owner* of the property or properties involved in this application as listed below and that the foregoing statements and answers herein contained and the information herewith submitted are in all respects complete, true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that no assurance or guarantee can be given by members of Planning and Development.

(A separate Affidavit must be provided by each property owner named in the title report.)

| Assessor Parcel Number(s): 123-071-34, 123-071-35, 123-071-36, 123-071-3 | 7 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| Printed Name Boger A Witten | 1 |
| Signed Roccut | |
| Address PO Box 6622 | |
| Incine Village NU | 89450 |
| Subscribed and sworn to before me this <u>12th</u> day of <u>May</u> , <u>2016</u> . <u>Apple</u> <u>Apple</u> | |
| Notary Public in and for said county and state My commission expires: Map 1, 2019 | |
| *Owner refers to the following: (Please mark appropriate box.) | × |
| Corporate Officer/Partner (Provide copy of recorded document indicating authority to sign.) Power of Attorney (Provide copy of Power of Attorney.) | |
| Owner Agent (Provide notarized letter from property owner giving legal authority to agent.) Property Agent (Provide copy of record document indicating authority to sign.) | |
| | |

Letter from Government Agency with Stewardship

Mark in Classify States of well free system from the data of the provide states of the system of the Freed Specific and adapted approach

Payment Information

Special Assessment District

Installment Date Information

Assessment Information

Washoe County Treasurer Tammi Davis

Account Detail

| Back to Search Results | Change of Addisor | Duint this De se | Pay Online | |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Back to Search Results | Change of Address | Print this Page | No payment due for | |
| Washoe County Parcel Informati | this account. | | | |
| Parcel ID | Status | Last Update | | |
| 12307134 | Active | 5/13/2016 2:10:51 AM | \$0.00 | |
| Current Owner: BIG WATER INVESTMENTS LLC | SITUS: 0 STATE ROUTE 28 INCL NV | | Pay By Check | |
| PO BOX 6622 INCLINE VILLAGE, NV 89450 | | | Please make checks payable to: WASHOE COUNTY TREASURER | |
| Taxing District 5200 | Geo CD: | | Mailing Address: P.O. Box 30039 Reno, NV 89520-3039 | |
| | Legal Description | | Overnight Address: 1001 E. Ninth St., Ste D140 | |
| SubdivisionName _UNSPECIFIED Lot | 1 Township 16 Range 18 | | Reno, NV 89512-2845 | |
| | | | | |
| Tax Bill (Click on desired tax yea | r for due dates and furt | her details) | | |
| Tax Year Net Tax Tota | l Paid Penalty/Fees | Interest Balance Due | | |

| | | | | Total | \$0.00 |
|----------|------------|------------|--------------|--------|-------------|
| 2011 | \$5,886.14 | \$6,771.07 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 2012 | \$6,232.10 | \$8,650.54 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 2013 | \$6,448.72 | \$8,306.22 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 2014 | \$6,457.36 | \$6,973.95 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 2015 | \$6,640.64 | \$6,640.64 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Tux Tear | Net Tax | TOCAL Pala | Fenally/rees | merest | Balance Due |

Important Payment Information

- <u>ALERTS:</u> If your real property taxes are delinquent, the search results displayed may not reflect the correct amount owing. Please contact our office for the current amount due.
- For your convenience, online payment is available on this site. E-check payments are accepted without a fee. However, a service fee does apply for online credit card payments. See Payment Information for details.

The Washoe County Treasurer's Office makes every effort to produce and publish the most current and accurate information possible. No warranties, expressed or implied, are provided for the data herein, its use, or its interpretation. If you have any questions, please contact us at (775) 328-2510 or tax@washoecounty.us

This site is best viewed using Google Chrome, Internet Explorer 11, Mozilla Firefox or Safari-



1220 Sweetwater Road Incline Village, NV 89451

CONDITIONAL WILL SERVE LETTER Dedication to IVGID Required

April 8, 2008

Boulder Bay LLC P.O. Box 307 Crystal Bay NV, 89451

RE: Boulder Bay Project – Tahoe Biltmore Redevelopment Crystal Bay, APNs 123-052-02, 123-052-03, 123-052-04, 123-053-02, 123-053-04 123-054-01,123-071-04, 123-071-34, 123-071-35, 123-071-36, 123-071-37

Dear Mr. GilanFarr:

This letter serves to notify you that the subject development is within the jurisdictional boundaries of the Incline Village General Improvement District (*IVGID*, or *District*), and that the District will serve the proposed project with water and sewer service and solid waste removal subject to the project's final utility plans meeting design, material, and installation requirements of the District, and subject to the assignment of water rights to IVGID in accordance with IVGID's Water Rights Dedication Procedures. In addition:

- (1) Water rights associated with this property, if any, shall be assigned to the District.
- (2) All requirements shall be met regarding STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR IVGID's WATER, SEWER, AND PRIVATE COMMUNAL UTILITY SYSTEMS.
 (3) Motors and anticipation of the second secon
- (3) Meters and control manholes shall be placed off the property as approved by IVGID.
- (4) Cost for additional water storage or delivery capacity shall be borne by Applicant.
- (5) Separately owned parcels shall not be served by the same service connection.
- (6) All taxes and assessments on the parcel are current and shall remain current.

The Applicant for the subject project plans to redevelop the Tahoe Biltmore and related properties into a worldclass destination resort community on 13.5 acres and will provide the following service and amenities; 217 hotel rooms and suites, 149 fractional ownership condominiums, 21 whole ownership condominiums, 34 on-site workforce housing units, 30,000 sf of dining and retail, 20,000 sf of health and wellness center, 12,500 sf of convention and meeting space, and 10,000 sf of gaming.

A Water Rights Calculation Worksheet has not been completed for this project at this time. This project will be required to assign additional water rights to the District to serve the proposed development as a condition of issuance of a Final Will Serve Letter and project approval. This is in accordance with IVGID's Water Management Plan and Policies and is contingent upon existing permitted water rights and sewer capacities, including any action brought against the District contesting such permitted rights or capacities. The parcels listed above have been previously analyzed for historical water use and APN 123-052-04 has an allotment of 40.20 acre-feet and APN 123-053-04 has an allotment on 0.19 acre-feet. The 40.39 AF will be applied to this development reducing the total amount required to be dedicated.

The Applicant agrees to hold IVGID harmless from any costs, damages, or expenses incurred by the Applicant in the event IVGID fails to be able to supply water or sewer connections, or for any delays to the Applicant's project schedule caused by IVGID's review and approval procedures. In the event additional water service demand is required by future change in service requests, additional water rights issues shall be addressed at that time.

Very truly yours

Joseph J Pomroy, P.E

Director of Public Works

c: APN file Will Serve file T. Buxton

THOMAS J. HALL

THOMAS J. HALL

ATTORNE^M AND COUNSELOR AT LAW 305 SOUTH ARLINGTON AVENUE POST OFFICE BOX 3948 RENO, NEVADA 89505

TELEPHONE (775) 348-7011 FAX (775) 348-7211 E-MAIL: tjhlaw@eschelon.com

January 7, 2010

Lewis S. Feldman Feldman, Shaw & McLaughlin, LLP 182 U.S. Highway 50 Zephyr Cove, Nevada 89448

RE: Purchase of Surface Water Rights

Dear Lewis:

This will advise that our client, as Seller, holds valid surface water rights in excess of 30.0 acre-feet ("AFA"), appurtenant to Lake Tahoe, Douglas County, Nevada, which it is willing to sell to Boulder Bay, LLC, as Purchaser, under terms and conditions to be negotiated in the future and included in a Purchase Agreement.

Similar water rights have been transferred to the Incline Village General Improvement District and I see no problems in making a successful and satisfactory transfer once the Purchase Agreement has been entered into and the appropriate Application has been made to the Nevada Division of Water Resources.

If you have any questions or wish to discuss this matter further, please feel free to contact our office.

Best regards.

Sincerely,

Jon

Thomas J. Hall, Esq.

TJH:mh



May 14, 2016

Boulder Bay Building A Tentative Map Application Requirement #5 Mailing Labels

There are no mobile home parks with in 500 ft of this development so this requirement does not apply.

Brian McRae P.E.

Project Engineer Bah



May 14, 2016

Washoe County Community Services Department 1001 E. 9th Street Reno, NV 89512

RE: Boulder Bay Building A Tentative Map Submittal Requirement #8 - Traffic Impact Report

To whom it may concern,

This letter provides justification for not needing a Traffic Impact Report for the Boulder Bay Building A development.

A traffic impact analysis was completed for the Boulder Bay Resort as part of the environmental impact statement for the project. Review of this document reveals that less than 10 peak hour trips are generated by this portion of the development. This portion of the development is now separate from the larger development, and has its own distinct ownership. With these few trip generations, this development does not trigger the need for a Traffic Impact Report.

Thank you

Sincerely

Brian McRae P.E. Project Engineer

Boulder Bay Building A Tentative Map Submittal May 16, 2016

Common Open Space Requirements

- A. Location Map: Figure 1 provides a location map for the project.
- B. Land Use: Zoning is established as MDS, however as adopted in the NEVADA North Stateline Community Plan, this CP replaces TRPA Plan Area Statement, 032 North Stateline, and Washoe County regulatory zones.

The plan contains special policies. All projects implemented under the community plan will be responsible for implementation of the special policies. The plan also establishes allocations of additional development (i.e., commercial floor area, tourist accommodation units and residential bonus units). The TRPA Code of Ordinances specifies the expiration dates of all allocations of development.

- C. Existing Structures: There are no existing structures on site. Site was previously developed, however, those structures were demolished over two decades ago, and the site has sat vacant. The site has a flattened area in the center of the property and large over-steepened cut slopes along the western property line. The site is mostly previously disturbed.
- D. Existing Vegetaion: Trees located on site consist of Jeffery Pins and some Fir Trees. Most of the trees on site are below the TRPA diameter breast height of 14". there are no known rare or endangered plant species on site.
- E. Prevailing Winds: Prevailing winds are from the southwest.
- F. Topography: Refer to Exhibit 2 herein. The site consists of 2.77 acres in the Crystal Bay area that has previously been mass graded. These grading activities have modified what was once a gentle to moderately sloped parcel and changed it to a parcel that is over-steepened along the western property line and flatter slopes in the eastern three quarters of the parcel. Some smaller manmade mounds exist that are left over from these grading activities. There are no ridgelines, canyons, or ravines within the development area.
- G. Soil: According to the Geologic Map of the Lake Tahoe Basin, California and Nevada, by George J. Saucito, the site is generally underlain by Cretaceous-aged granitic rocks

comprised of undivided fine to course-grained granite and granodiorite. The granitic rock is exposed in outcrops near the site. The rock is highly weathered. From the USDA Web Soil Survey, the site is composed of soil map units 7152 and 7422. 7152 is Jorge series, very cobbly fine sandy loam, 15% to 30 % slopes, rubbly. 7422 is Cassenai gravelly loamy course sand 15% to 30% slopes. The geotechnical report that was completed for the this site lists the existence of uncontrolled fill on site, but other than that, no highly compressible or potentially expansive soil conditions were encountered during subsurface exploration.

- H. Natural Drainageways: There are no visible surface hydrologic conditions on site include. There are no natural drainage courses, or perennial streams.
- I. Wetlands and Water Bodies: There are no floodplains, wetlands, or ponding areas.
- J. Flood Hazards: There are no flood hazards on site.
- K. Siesmic Hazards: A geotechnical report was conducted for the project. The referenced report indicates several potentially active faults near the project site, including the North Tahoe Fault (active, approximately 2,500' east), the west Tahoe/Dollar Point Fault (active, approximately 6.5 miles northwest), a group of unnamed faults southwest of Truckee (active and potentially active, approximately 8.2 mile west/northwest), the Dog Valley Fault (active, approximately, 15.5 mile northwest), and the Genoa Fault (active, approximately 11 miles southeast). No faults are mapped crossing or trending towards the site, therefore the potential for surface rupture is low.

Secondary hazards such as liquefaction are considered low.

- L. Avalanche Hazards: The geotechnical report conducted for this project stated that no landslides, debris flows, or rockfall hazards were observed in the site area. Due to the relative strength of the soil/rock underlying the site, the potential for slope instability is considered low.
- M. Sensitive Habitat or Migration Routes: No areas on site have been classified as suitable habitat for rare or endangered wildlife species.
- N. Significant Views: Refer to Exhibit 3 Cross section view of the site from Wassou Rd to State Route 28. Wassou Rd and the property above is located at a higher elevation than the development. the roofline of the development is not anticipated to obstruct any views. Further, there are no developed or developable properties above this site.
- O. Easements: The site currently has no easements that pose a constraint to development.

- P. Utilities: Refer to utility plan. There are currently utility stubouts located on site including water, sewer, gas and electric. The development however proposes to extend an Incline Village GID waterline from Lakeview Rd. in order to receive domestic water service at a higher pressure.
- Q. Appropriate Access Points. Refer to site plan. Access for the site is proposed off State Route 28. The Developer is currently seeking an NDOT Encroachment permit for this access point. A fire department turn around area is provided. The access driveway is short enough that a secondary access point is not required.
- R. Other Information: Additional information will be provided on request.



BOULDER BAY BUILDING A FIGURE 1

1

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Boulder Bay Building A Tentative Map Submittal May 16, 2016

Hillside Development Requirements

The following statements and exhibits address requirements of Washoe County Development Code - Division 4 Development Standards - Section 110.424.15 Application Requirements.

A Site Analysis

- 1. **Major topographic conditions:** Refer to Exhibit 2 herein. The site consists of 2.77 acres in the Crystal Bay area that has previously been mass graded. These grading activities have modified what was once a gentle to moderately sloped parcel and changed it to a parcel that is over-steepened along the western property line and flatter slopes in the eastern three quarters of the parcel. Some smaller manmade mounds exist that are left over from these grading activities. There are no ridgelines, canyons, or ravines within the development area.
- 2. Preliminary Geologic Conditions: Refer to Exhibit 2 herein. The man modified, oversteepened slopes mentioned in item 1 above, do pose a concern for slope stability. Much of the area of these slopes have been protected by stacked rock/boulder retaining walls, but there is no information available to determine if these wall were engineered. Some areas of these walls are showing signs of disrepair. The proposed development seeks to stabilize these areas with terraced retaining walls. There are no other faults, rock outcroppings, or slide areas on site.
- 3. Preliminary Soil Conditions: According to the Geologic Map of the Lake Tahoe Basin, California and Nevada, by George J. Saucito, the site is generally underlain by Cretaceous-aged granitic rocks comprised of undivided fine to course-grained granite and granodiorite. The granitic rock is exposed in outcrops near the site. The rock is highly weathered. From the USDA Web Soil Survey, the site is composed of soil map units 7152 and 7422. 7152 is Jorge series, very cobbly fine sandy loam, 15% to 30 % slopes, rubbly. 7422 is Cassenai gravelly loamy course sand 15% to 30% slopes. The geotechnical report that was completed for the this site lists the existence of uncontrolled fill on site, but other than that, no highly compressible or potentially expansive soil conditions were encountered during subsurface exploaration.
- 4. **Significant Surface Hydrologic Conditions:** There are no visible surface hydrologic conditions on site include. There are no natural drainage courses, perrenial streams, floodplains, wetlands, or ponding areas.

- 5. **Vegetation:** Refer to Exhibit 2. Trees located on site consist of Jeffery Pins and some Fir Trees. Most of the trees on site are below the TRPA diameter breast height of 14". there are no known rare or endangered plant species on site.
- 6. **Habitat:** No areas on site have been classified as suitable habitat for rare or endangered wildlife species.
- 7. **Viewshed Analysis:** Refer to Exhibit 3 Cross section view of the site from Wassou Rd to State Route 28. Wassou Rd and the property above is located at a higher elevation than the development. the roofline of the development is not anticipated to obstruct any views. Further, there are no developed or developable properties above this site.
- 8. **Development Response to the Hillside:** This development will be located on area disturbed by previous grading activities. It will not further disturb hillside areas. In the area of the site that was over-steepened by previous grading activities, these slopes will be stabilized by a retaining wall system.
- 9. **Slope Analysis:** Refer to Exhibit 1, Slope analysis. 22% of area on site contains slopes steeper than 15%. Because this site had previous grading activities occur, it is impossible to determine what the naturally occurring slopes on site were.







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| 20 | ssue DATE MAY 13 2012 REVISIONS a DATE b DESCRIPTION |
| 40 | |
| | TOPOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS |
| | EXH 3 |

B Developable Area Map

Exhibit 4 shows the developable area for the site. Pursuant to Section 110.424.20(b) developable area shall not include areas with slopes greater than 30%, areas of landslide potential, areas with underlying faults, habitat areas for endangered species, or significant ravines or drainageways. With the exception of slope areas exceeding 30%, which are manmade, none of these conditions exist on site. Because the oversteepened slopes are manmade, these are considered developable in order to stabilize their condition and provide future access. For these reasons, the entire parcel is considered developable.





C Constraint and Mitigation Analysis

Because the Developable Area Map does not limit the developable area, there are no constraints to mitigate. That said, the proposed building placement is within the flatter, previously graded area on site and the setback for the building is set per TRPA requirements for visual impact and it exceeds Washoe County Standards.

D Washoe County Master Plan Amendment

The project does not require a Washoe County Master Plan Amendment:

Zoning is established as MDS, however as adopted in the NEVADA North Stateline Community Plan, this CP replaces TRPA Plan Area Statement, 032 North Stateline, and Washoe County regulatory zones.

The plan contains special policies. All projects implemented under the community plan will be responsible for implementation of the special policies. The plan also establishes allocations of additional development (i.e., commercial floor area, tourist accommodation units and residential bonus units). The TRPA Code of Ordinances specifies the expiration dates of all allocations of development.

E Detailed Contour Analysis:

Contours for this project are set at 1 foot intervals with 5 foot major contours.



BOULDER BAY PHASE 1 - BUILDING A SPECIAL USE PERMIT FOR GRADING

APN: 123-071-34 MAY 2016

" | *****|

APPLICANT: BIG WATER INVESTMENTS P.O. BOX 6622 **INCLINE VILLAGE, NV 89451** PH.: (775) 832-4900



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WEST.



BASIS OF BEARINGS THE BASIS OF BEARINGS FOR THIS PROJECT IS THE CALIFORNIA - NEVADA STATE LINE FROM MILEPOST 186 TO MILEPOST 191, TAKEN AS NORTH 00°58'13"

BASIS OF ELEVATIONS

NAVD 88 PROJECT BENCHMARK = NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MONUMENT 925001 A, HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 6393.89'.

SHEET INDEX

| IEET | C0 |
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| AND LEGENDS | C1 |
| AN | <u></u> C2 |
| 9 PLAN | <u>C3</u> |
| PLAN | C4 |
| AN | C5 |
| CROSS SECTIONS | C6 |
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(1)

| | Q 100 R RCP REF | 100 YEAR PEAK FLOW RADIUS REINFORCED CONCRETE REFERENCE |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | RP | CURB RETURN RADIUS POINT |
| | RT R/W.ROW | RIGHT RIGHT-OF-WAY |
| | S= S | SLOPE SOUTH |
| | SD | STORM DRAIN |
| | SDMH SL | STORM DRAIN MANHOLE STREET LIGHT |
| | SS SSCO | SANITARY SEWER SANITARY SEWER CLEAN |
| | SSMH | SANITARY SEWER MANH |
| | STA | STATION |
| | SW TELE | SIDEWALK TELEPHONE |
| | TBO TC | TEMPORARY BLOW OFF TOP OF CURB |
| 5 | TG TOB | TO GRADE TOP OF BERM |
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- 22. DURING CONSTRUCTION, ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DEVICES SUCH AS ADEQUATE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES, DUST CONTROL AND VEGETATION PROTECTION BARRIERS SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 23. REHABILITATION AND CLEANUP OF THE SITE FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION MUST INCLUDE REMOVAL OF ALL CONSTRUCTION WASTE AND DEBRIS.
- 24. LOOSE SOIL MOUNDS OR SURFACES SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM WIND OR WATER EROSION BY BEING APPROPRIATELY COVERED WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS NOT IN ACTIVE PROGRESS OR WHEN REQUIRED BY
- 25. CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD CONDITION AND IN PROPER TUNE IN COMPLIANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS AND NOT ALLOWED TO IDLE FOR LONG PERIODS OF TIME. ALL WHEELED AND TRACK CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SUCH AS BACKHOES, EXCAVATORS, TRUCKS, TRACTORS, COMPACTOR ROLLERS, ETC. SHALL BE STEAM CLEANED TO REMOVE ALL DIRT, WEEDS AND GREASE BEFORE ARRIVAL AT THE PROJECT SITE. IF EQUIPMENT IS TO BE BROUGHT INTO THE TAHOE BASIN, STEAM CLEANING MUST OCCUR OUTSIDE THE TAHOE BASIN.
- 26. NO OPEN BURNING OF DEBRIS SHALL OCCUR WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS, DURING AND AFTER
- 28. INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PREVENTION OF SIGNIFICANT EROSION AND SILTATION FROM ENTERING THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM, NATURAL DRAINAGE COURSES, AND/OR INTRUDING UPON ADJACENT ROADWAYS AND PROPERTIES. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE INTENDED AS A GUIDE. ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED AS DETERMINED IN THE FIELD AND AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. THIS RESPONSIBILITY SHALL APPLY THROUGHOUT THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION AND UNTIL ALL
- DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BECOME STABILIZED AND SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO WET WEATHER PERIODS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SWPPP UPDATES. 29. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPARE ALL PLANS FOR CONFORMANCE AS TO THE LAYOUT OF FEATURES AND DIMENSIONS. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER
- PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. IF DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE PLANS AND THE SPECIFICATIONS OCCUR, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. 30. IF ANY UNKNOWN SUBSURFACE STRUCTURE OR CONTAMINATION IS ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION, IT SHALL IMMEDIATELY BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO
- 31. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING AND MAINTAINING SAFE CLEARANCES FROM OVERHEAD ELECTRICAL LINES AT ALL TIMES, AND WHERE HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS EXIST, FOR TAKING THE NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS AGAINST INJURY AND DAMAGE.
- 32. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE SOLELY AND COMPLETELY RESPONSIBLE FOR CONDITIONS OF THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIMES INCLUDING SAFETY OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY, AND FOR ALL NECESSARY INDEPENDENT ENGINEERING REVIEWS OF THESE CONDITIONS. THE ENGINEER'S JOB SITE REVIEW DOES NOT INCLUDE THE ADEQUACY OF THE CONTRACTOR'S SAFETY MEASURES.
- 33. ALL EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OUTSIDE THE TAHOE BASIN OR AT A SITE 34. ONLY EQUIPMENT OF A SIZE AND TYPE THAT, UNDER PREVAILING SITE CONDITIONS, AND CONSIDERING
- THE NATURE OF THE WORK TO BE PERFORMED AND WILL DO THE LEAST AMOUNT OF DAMAGE TO THE 35. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN AND HAVE AVAILABLE COPIES OF APPLICABLE GOVERNING AGENCY STANDARDS AT THE JOB SITE DURING THE RELATED CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. 36. ASPHALT PAVEMENT AND BASE THICKNESS ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. IN PLACE COMPACTED
- THICKNESS THEREOF SHALL BE WITHIN THE FOLLOWING TOLERANCES: ¼" PLUS OR MINUS %" PLUS OR MINUS 37. SURFACE SMOOTHNESS OF ASPHALT SHALL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE IF EXCEEDING 1/4" USING A 10'
- 38. ALL ASPHALT CONCRETE SURFACES SHALL BE SAWCUT INSIDE THE EDGE OF PAVEMENT TO A NEAT STRAIGHT LINE AND REMOVED, AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE EXPOSED PAVEMENT TIE-IN EDGES SHALL BE METICULOUSLY CLEANED OF ALL LOOSE MATERIAL AND THEN TREATED WITH BITUMINOUS
- EMULSION PRIOR TO PAVING. THE EXPOSED BASE MATERIALS SHALL BE GRADED AND RECOMPACTED 39. MANUFACTURER'S MATERIAL AND WEIGHT TICKETS SHALL BE FURNISHED TO THE ENGINEER. 40. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ARRANGING A PRE-CONSTRUCTION JOB SITE CONFERENCE WITH GOVERNING AGENCIES, ALL UTILITY COMPANIES, AND OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVES PRIOR TO
- COMMENCING WORK. THIS MEETING WILL VERIFY SCHEDULES, METHODS, AND MATERIALS TO BE USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT. 41. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN IN A SAFE PLACE AT THE SITE ONE RECORD COPY OF ALL DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS, ADDENDA, CHANGE ORDERS, WORK CHANGE DIRECTIVES, FIELD ORDERS, AND WRITTEN
- INTERPRETATIONS AND CLARIFICATIONS IN GOOD ORDER AND ANNOTATED TO SHOW CHANGES MADE
- 42. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A NEAT FULL SIZE MARKUP COPY OF AS-BUILTS. 43. ALL RAMPS AND PEDESTRIAN WALKWAY SLOPES SHALL MEET ADA STANDARDS.

| <u>EXISTING</u> | | PROPOSE |
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| EB 🗆 | ELECTRIC BOX | EB 🗆 |
| EM 🗆 | ELECTRIC METER | |
| EG | ELECTRIC GENERATOR | EG |
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| ac 🛛 | AIR CONDITIONER | AC 🛛 |
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| D | STORM DRAIN MANHOLE | S D |
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| ₩V ⋈ ICV | WATER VALVE | |
| WM D | IRRIGATION CONTROL VALVE WATER METER | |
| WSO | WATER SPIGOT / HOSE BIB | wsO |
| \mathbb{W} | WATER MANHOLE | Ŵ |
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| GM 🗆 | GAS WETER | |
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| | CONTROL POINT | |
| ••• | BARRICADE SIGN | <u> </u> |
| | SIGN RETAINING WALL | |
| | FENCE | |
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| <u> </u> | FLOW LINE | <u> </u> |
| | SOIL TEST PIT | ÷ |
| | DETAIL CALLOUT | \bigcirc |

● FOUND 5/8" REBAR AND CAP "PLS 14413" - UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

O SET 5/8" REBAR AND CAP "PLS 17616" - UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

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DRAWN: _____ REVIEWED:___

REVISIONS

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ISSUE DATE: MARCH 24, 2016

DATE DESCRIPTION



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FAX (775) 588-6479



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SITE PLAN

SHEET NUMBER

PROJECT NUMBER: 7139.003

MAP

TENTATIVE

DRAWN: _____ REVIEWED:_

REVISIONS

ISSUE DATE: MARCH 24, 2016

DATE DESCRIPTION

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LUMOS & ASSOCIATES 225 KINGSBURY GRADE, SUITE A P.O. BOX 3570 STATELINE, NV 89449 TEL (775) 588-6490 FAX (775) 588-6479

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ISSUE DATE: <u>MAY 13, 2016</u> REVISIONS

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DRAWN: _____ REVIEWED:_

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GRADING PLAN

SHEET NUMBER



OPYRIGHT DESIGNWORKSHOP, INC









ISSUE DATE: <u>MAY 13, 2016</u> REVISIONS

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UTILITY PLAN

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PROJECT NUMBER: 7139.003 **CROSS SECTIONS** GRADING

SHEET NUMBER



O dopyright designworkshop, inc



LAKE TAHOE Assessor's Map Number

123-07

STATE OF NEVADA

WASHOE COUNTY **ASSESSOR'S OFFICE**

Joshua G. Wilson, Assessor

1001 East Ninth Street Building D Reno, Nevada 89512 (775) 328-2231











created by

last update

area previously shown on map(s)

EMG 9/30/2014

NOTE: This map was prepared for the use of the Washoe County Assessor for assessment and illustrative county Assession for assessment and illustrative purposes only. It does not represent a survey of the premises. No liability is assumed as to the sufficiency or accuracy of the data

| OWNER'S CENTRE VERTIENCALE THE IS TO GRAVE THAT THE UNCERSENTION OF ANY | | SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE 1, GREGRY S, PHILIPS, A PROFESSIONAL LA FOR LUNOS AND ASSOCIATES, NC., CERTEY | SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE I, decorr S, philles, A professional ling surveyor licensed in the state of reviola, as addut for lings and accounts, and, certer that: |
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1741.0180











8' Tall Conifer

2' Tall Conifer Large Evergreen Shrub

DI ANTI ICT

↓ Large Shrub

| ABBR | . BOTANICAL NAME | COMMON NAME | QTY. | SI |
|-------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------|------|
| EVERO | GREEN TREES | | | |
| AC-8 | Abies concolor | White Fir | Х | 8' 1 |
| CD-8 | Calocedrus decurrens | incense cedar | х | 8' 1 |
| PJ-8 | Pinus jeffreyi | Jeffrey Pine | х | 8' 1 |
| PJ-12 | Pinus jeffreyi | Jeffrey Pine | х | 12' |
| DECID | UOUS & EVERGREEN SHRUBS | | | |
| AA-5 | Amelanchier alnifolia 'Regent' | Serviceberry | х | 5 0 |
| AEC-2 | Arctostaphylos 'Emerald Carpet' | Carpet Manzanita | х | 2 0 |
| AP-15 | Arctostaphylos patula | Greenleaf Manzanita | х | 15 |
| CP-5 | Ceanothus prostratus | Squaw Carpet | х | 5 0 |
| PM-5 | Pinus Mugo 'Pumilio' | Mugo Pine | х | 5 0 |
| RW-5 | Rosa woodsii 'Ultramontana' | Wood's Rose | х | 5 0 |
| SD-5 | Spirea douglassii | Douglas Spirea | х | 5 0 |
| SM-2 | Symphoricarpus mollis | Creeping Snowberry | х | 20 |
| SN-5 | Spirea nipponica 'Snowmound' | Snowmound Spirea | Х | 5 0 |
| SP-5 | Salix purpurea 'Nana' | Dwarf Arctic Willow | Х | 5 0 |
| PEREN | INIALS | | | |
| AF | Aquilegia formosa | Western Columbine | х | 6"> |
| AM | Achillea x 'Moonshine' | Moonshine Yarrow | Х | 6"> |
| CG | Coreopsis grandiflora | Moonbeam Coreopsis | Х | 6"> |
| DS | Dicentra specabilis | Bleeding Heart | Х | 10 |
| FS | Festuca 'Siskiyou Blue' | Siskiyou Blue Fescue | х | 10 |
| HA | Heuchera x 'Amethyst Mist' | Amethyst Mist Coral Bells | х | 1 (|
| LS | Liastris spicata | Gayfeather | х | 1 (|
| СТ | Cerastium tomentosum | Snow in Summer | х | 6"> |
| NF | Nepeta x faassenii | Catmint | Х | 6"> |
| PS | Penstemon strictus | Rocky Mountain Penstemon | х | 6"> |
| WM | Wyethia mollis | Woolley Mule's Ear | Х | 10 |

IVE REVEGETATION

Native restoration mix to be determined following consultation with restoration specialist

BOULDERS

 $\left| \right\rangle$ Large Boulders (4x4x4) x qty.

 \bigcirc Small Boulders (3x3x3) x qty.

LANDSCAPE PLANTING NOTES

1. If actual site conditions vary from what is shown on the plans, contact the Landscape Architect for direction as to how to proceed.

2. Exact locations of plant materials to be approved by the Landscape Architect in the field prior to installation Landscape Architect reserves the right to adjust plants to exact location in field 3. Verify plant counts and square footages: Quantities are provided as Owner information only. If quantities on

plant list differ from graphic indications, then graphics shall prevail. 4. Provide matching forms and sizes for plant materials within each specie and size designated on the drawings.

5. Prune newly planted trees only as directed by Landscape Architect.

6. Align and equally space in all directions shrubs so designated per these notes and drawings.

7. Finish grades of shrub areas and lawns shall be 1 1/2 inches below adjacent paving or header. (Check mulch depth and if seeded or sodded lawns).

8. Provide cutsheet for client approval of metal edging as divider between planting beds and lawn areas. 9. Cut and remove burlap from top 1/3 of ball.

10. All tree, shrub and groundcover plantings shall be top dressed with a 2" layer of fresh bark mulch unless specified otherwise by Landscape Architect.

11. The landscape plan shall be consistent with the requirements of Chapter 36 of the TRPA Code of Ordinances, including the specification for sizing and species of plants. The use of fertilizer shall be kept to a mimimum and applied in accordance with Section 60.1.8 of the TRPA Code of Ordinances.

REVEGETATION NOTES

1. All areas disturbed by construction activities shall be revegetated. Additional revegetation may be required beyond what is shown on plans.

2. A minimum of two inched (2") of topsoil shall be placed on all disturbed areas. Topsoil shall include all of the organic-rich layer of soil immediately under the duff layer. Topsoil shall be stored with minimal handling and no compaction, and should not be mixed with spoil material.

3. Disturbed areas that are compacted or have experienced heavy vehicle and equipment use shall be plowed with a ripper or other deep tillage implement where feasible to a depth of 12". Soil may be loosened with a backhoe bucket equipped with cutting teeth if loosening is done such that clods remain and soil is not pulverized or inverted. Following soil loosening, all further equipment traffic shall be eliminated from the planting area.

4. Areas should be irrigated by a low-flow irrigation system approximately once every three (3) weeks. The goal for all revegetated areas is to minimize irrigation needs and discontinue the need for irrigation after a maximum of three (3) growing seasons.

5. All areas disturbed as a result of this work shall be revegetated in accordance with TRPA's Handbook of BMS's.

IRRIGATION NOTE

A combination of native, drought resistant plant material and an efficient irrigation system is proposed for the project. An automatic controller with multiple functions will be used to operate different pressure zones and moderate the rates of application of water on a zone by zone basis. Rain sensors will monitor the operation of the system and shut it off during natural rain events. Drip irrigators around trees, shrubs, and perennials will be used to eliminate evaporation loses. Drip irrigators will reduce overall water consumption in these areas by 50-70%. Unlike sprinklers, drip irrigation is practically unaffected by wind conditions, nor is it affected by soil surface conditions. Also, plant species have been grouped with similar water requirements on common zones to match precipitation heads and emitters. Lawn areas use low-volume, low angle sprinklers for irrigation.

FERTILIZER MANAGEMENT

1. Landscape maintenance and management shall be consistent with Chapter 12 of the TRPA Home Landscaping Guide for Lake Tahoe and Vicinity.

3. Use phosphorus free slow release fertilizer only for all perennial and shrub areas. Use phosphorus free fertilizer such as SummerSet 10-0-3 or approved equal at a rate 1/2 to 3/4 pounds per 1000 sf during each application.

4. For tree fertilization use "Jobe's Tree Stakes" or approved equal which are specially formulated to maintain good tree health. Fertilizer shall not be spread over existing vegetation or outside the limit of disturbance.

5. Fertilizer shall be applied twice per year; once during early June or late May depending on weather when plants have come out of dormancy, and once late in late September or early October depending on weather, but before the first frost. Avoid using weedkiller / fertilizer combinations that can damage trees and shrubs.

6. All proposed shrubs, perennials, and trees are native or adaptive native plants to the Tahoe Basin as outlined in on Table 1 of the TRPA Home Landscaping Guide. Therefore these plants will require very little fertilizer long term to sustain their health. The plants will require regular fertilizer applications during their establishment period (3 years).



GROUNDCOVERS SHEET NUMBER L5."

SHRUBS AND

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Closures.TXT

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ADRVEY

Parcel Map Check Report No. 17616 Boulder Bay Popole SSION Date: 5/13/2016 7:03:48 AM Parcel Name: Parcel 2 Description: Process segment order counterclockwise: False Enable mapcheck across chord: False "North:14,760,733.0109'" "East:2,222,788.1490'" Segment# 1: Line "Course: S1° 30' 26""W" Length: 44.26' "North: 14,760,688.7662'" "East: 2,222,786.9848'" Segment# 2: Line "Course: N88° 04' 12""w" "North: 14,760,691.0783'" Length: 68.65' "East: 2,222,718.3738'" Segment# 3: Line "Course: N1° 55' 48""E" Length: 80.57' "North: 14,760,771.6025'" "East: "East: 2,222,721.0873'" Segment# 4: Line "Course: N88° 04' 12""w" Length: 57.50' "North: 14,760,773.5391'" "East: 2,222,663.6199'" Segment# 5: Line "Course: N76° 14' 20""w" Length: 54.96' "North: 14,760,786.6126'" "East: 2,222,610.2374'" Segment# 6: Line "Course: N7° 45' 25""E" Length: 21.87' "North: 14,760,808.2825'" "East: 2,222,613.1893'" Segment# 7: Line "Course: N11° 00' 19""E" "North: 14,760,916.2596'" Length: 110.00' "East: 2,222,634.1882'" Segment# 8: Line "Course: S89° 47' 22""E" Length: 166.99' "North: 14,760,915.6459'" "East: 2,222,801.1771'" Segment# 9: Curve Length: 183.16' "Radius: 2,040.00'" "Delta: 5°08'40""" Tangent: 91.64' Chord: 183.10' "Course: S4° 04' 46""w" "Course In: S83° 20' 54""E" "Course Out: N88° 29' 34""w" "RP North: 14,760,679.3468'" "East: 2,224,827.4453'" "End North: 14,760,733.0049'" "East: 2,222,788.1511'" "Area: 30,205.85Sq.Ft." "Course: S18° 43' 35""E" Perimeter: 787.97' Error Closure: 0.0064 Error North : -0.00606 East: 0.00205 "Precision 1: 123,118.75"

Parcel Name: Common Element 1 Description:

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"Precision 1: 230,520.59"

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT for BOULDER BAY Crystal Bay/Washoe County, Nevada

Prepared for: Boulder Bay, LLC PO Box 307 Crystal Bay, Nevada

Prepared by: Holdrege & Kull 10775 Pioneer Trail, Suite 213 Truckee, California 96161

> Project No. 42118-01 May 10, 2016



Project No. 42118-01 May 10, 2016

Boulder Bay, LLC PO Box 307 Crystal Bay, Nevada, 89402

Attention: Brian Helm, Project Manager

Reference: Boulder Bay Project Crystal Bay, Washoe County, Nevada

Subject: Geotechnical Engineering Report

This report presents the results of our geotechnical engineering investigation for the proposed spa and resort development to be constructed at 6 State Route 28 in the community of Crystal Bay, Washoe County, Nevada. Project plans were in the preliminary stages at the time this report was prepared; however the proposed project will involve construction of about eight multiple-story structures consisting of condominiums, hotel, gaming, dining, wellness, affordable housing, and a public park at the site. Appurtenant construction will likely include resort and spa pools, an events terrace, asphalt concrete paved interior roads, hard surface patios, and underground utilities.

Previous subsurface investigations conducted on the project site encountered weathered granitic rock at depths ranging from approximately 0.5 to 9 feet below the existing ground surface. The weathered granitic rock appears to be excavatable and should provide suitable support for the planned structures; however, depending on final site grades, rainfall, and/or irrigation practices, perched groundwater will likely seasonally develop above onsite near-surface rock and could cause adverse effects to the proposed structures. We have provided recommendations to reduce the potential adverse effects of perched groundwater in the following report.

Based on our subsurface explorations, it appears that up to 9 feet of undocumented fill of unknown lateral extent is located over much of the project site. Due to the potential for excessive settlement, the existing fill will not be suitable for support of structures. We have provided recommendations in the following report for removing and, if necessary, replacing the existing fill with compacted structural fill. With the exception of the aforementioned issues, our professional opinion is that the site is suitable for the proposed development using conventional earthwork grading and foundation construction techniques. No highly compressible or potentially expansive soil conditions were encountered during our subsurface exploration. Specific recommendations regarding the geotechnical aspects of project design and construction are presented in the following report.

The findings presented in this report are based on our subsurface exploration, laboratory test results, review of previous reports, and experience in the project area. We recommend retaining our firm to provide construction monitoring services during earthwork and foundation excavation to observe subsurface conditions encountered with respect to our recommendations provided in this report. As plans develop, we should be consulted concerning the need for additional services.

Please contact us if you have any questions regarding this report or if we can be of additional service.

Sincerely, *Holdrege & Kull* Prepared By:

Joseph E. McKinney, PGp, PG Senior Geophysicist/Geologist

Copies: 3 to Brian Helm



John K. Hudson, PE, CEG Principal

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APPENDICES

- Appendix A Proposal
- Appendix B Important Information About Your Geotechnical Engineering Report
- Appendix C Test Pit Logs (H&K, 2016)
 - Boring and Test Pit Logs (Lumos & Assoc., 2008) Boring Logs (Kleinfelder, 2007)
- Appendix D Laboratory Test Results (H&K, 2016)
 - (Lumos & Assoc., 2008)
- Appendix E ReMi Data

1. INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of our geotechnical engineering investigation for the proposed Boulder Bay hotel/condominium/commercial development to be constructed at 6 Highway 28 in the community of Crystal Bay, Washoe County, Nevada. We performed our investigation in general accordance with our March 14, 2016 revised proposal for the project, authorized on March 21, 2016. A copy of the proposal is included as Appendix A of this report. For your review, Appendix B contains a document prepared by ASFE entitled *Important Information About Your Geotechnical Engineering Report.* This document summarizes the general limitations, responsibilities, and use of geotechnical engineering reports.

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of our investigation was to explore and evaluate the subsurface conditions at the project site, and to provide our geotechnical engineering recommendations for project design and construction.

Our findings are based on our subsurface exploration, laboratory test results, review of previous investigations performed by others, and our experience in the project area. We recommend retaining our firm to provide construction monitoring services during earthwork and foundation excavation to observe subsurface conditions encountered with respect to our recommendations.

1.2 Scope of Services

To prepare this report we performed the following scope of services:

- We performed a site reconnaissance, literature review, and subsurface exploration involving backhoe-excavated test pits.
- We logged the subsurface conditions encountered and collected bulk soil samples for classification and laboratory testing.
- We performed laboratory tests on selected soil samples obtained during our subsurface investigation to evaluate material properties.
- We reviewed previous site investigations performed by Lumos & Associates in 2008 and Kleinfelder in 2007.
- Based on our subsurface exploration and the results of our laboratory testing, we performed engineering analyses to develop geotechnical engineering recommendations for project design and construction.

1.3 Site Description

The project site consists of approximately 16+ acres of developed property in the community of Crystal Bay, Washoe County, Nevada. The site currently consists of the existing Tahoe Biltmore Lodge & Casino and appurtenant structures, access roads, and parking lots. Vegetation at the site consists of conifer trees, sparse brush, and landscaping.

Remnants of old rockery retaining walls and armored slopes are present in the north portion of the site. Also, evidence of undocumented fill and old structure foundation remnants were observed in the vicinity of the proposed Building A footprint. The area immediately northeast of Reservoir Road and between Wassou Road and State Route 28, encompassing the northeast portion of proposed Building C and the southwest portion of Building A was occupied by a casino most recently known as the "Club North Shore," and previously known as "Capy Rix's Gaming Hall." This structure and at least two more smaller structures to the north east are shown on older USGS topographic maps, and can be observed in old photographs displayed in the Tahoe Biltmore Lodge & Casino.

The approximate location of the site is shown on Figure 1, Site Location Map. A plan view of the project site and proposed improvements is shown on Figure 2, Test Pit and Boring Locations. The project site is bounded by State Route 28 to the east and south, Stateline Road and Lakeview Avenue to the west, a private residence to the northwest and undeveloped land to the northeast.

According to the 1992 edition of the Kings Beach California-Nevada 7.5-minute quadrangle map published by the United States Geological Survey (USGS); the subject site comprises a portion of Section 30, Township 16 north Range 18 east, and a portion of section 19, Township 16N Range 18E. Site elevations range from approximately 6,401 feet above mean sea level (MSL) near the south tip of the property near the intersection of SR 28 and Stateline Road to 6,544 feet MSL near the west property corner near the water tank. Surface water drainage consists of overland flow. The site generally slopes gently to moderately down from west to east.

1.4 Proposed Improvements

Information about the proposed project was obtained from our site visits, conversations with Brian Helm of Boulder Bay, LLC, Ken Brietkreuz and Andy White of OZ Architecture, and a site plan provided by Design Workshop.

The project, as presently proposed, will involve demolition of the existing Tahoe Biltmore hotel/casino and appurtenant structures, and phased construction of 8 or 9

structures on the approximately 16+ acre site. The proposed structures are listed as: hotel and wellness; hotel, meeting, and accessory; hotel and condominiums; hotel and gaming; hotel; and two retail, dining, and affordable housing units. Construction will begin with a condominium structure, designated as Building A and presently in the design phase. Building A will likely be constructed prior to demolition of the Tahoe Biltmore. We understand that the Building A structure will be multiple-story with a bottom-floor parking garage consisting of a concrete podium and type V wood-frame construction above. We also understand that the structures will be supported by conventional cast-in-place reinforced concrete spread foundations and retaining walls with slab-on-grade parking garage floors. Appurtenant construction will likely include resort and spa pools, an events terrace, asphalt concrete paved interior roads, hard surface patios, and underground utilities.

Structural loads are assumed to involve maximum wall and column loads OF about 6 kips per lineal foot and 120 kips, respectively. The Tahoe Regional Planning Agency (TRPA) Land Capability Program's staff has reviewed a Soils/Hydrologic Scoping Report Application dated July 22, 2008, and approved 12 excavations to depths of 5 to 49 feet below existing grades (beg). No detailed future building construction or grading plans were available for review.

2. LITERATURE REVIEW

We reviewed available geologic literature in our files and previous soils reports provided to us to evaluate geologic and anticipated subsurface conditions at the project site. The following reports were reviewed:

- Kleinfelder, 2007, Soils/Hydrologic Scoping and Final Report, Proposed Commercial Development, 18 North Lake Tahoe Parcels, dated February 5, 2007.
- Lumos & Associates, Inc., 2008, *Geotechnical Investigation Report for Boulder Bay, Crystal Bay, Nevada,* dated September, 2008.

2.1 Regional Geology

To help evaluate the geology of the site and surrounding area, we reviewed the following maps and reports:

• Sedimentology and Pleistocene History of Lake Tahoe, California-Nevada, by Norman John Hyne Jr., University of Southern California Ph.D. Thesis, 1969;

- *Geologic Map of the Chico Quadrangle, California*, by G.J. Saucedo and D.L. Wagner, California Division of Mines and Geology, 1992;
- Geologic Map of the Lake Tahoe Basin, California and Nevada, compiled by George J. Saucedo, California Geological Survey, 2005;
- Geologic Map of the North Lake Tahoe-Donner Pass Region, Northern Sierra Nevada, California, by Arthur Gibbs Sylvester et al., California Geological Survey, 2012;
- Geologic Map of the Reno 1° by 2° Quadrangle, Nevada and California, by R.C. Greene, J.H. Stewart, D.A. John, R.F. Hardyman, N.J. Silberling, and M.I. Sorensen, U.S. Geological Survey, 1991.
- *Geology and Mineral Deposits of Washoe and Storey Counties, Nevada,* by Harold F. Bonham, Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology, 1969.

The project site is located at the northern end of the Lake Tahoe Basin, near the eastern edge of the Sierra Nevada geomorphic province. The approximately 400-mile long Sierra Nevada province is a tectonic block tilted upward on the east. The steep eastern escarpment is characterized by high mountain ridges that tower above the valleys of the adjacent Basin and Range province toward the east. The western slopes are gentle in comparison, and dip westward at approximately 2 to 5 degrees until they disappear beneath the sediments of the Great Valley province.

The Lake Tahoe Basin was formed by the down-dropping of one of the westernmost Basin and Range blocks along the West and East Tahoe Faults. The uplifted blocks to the west and east of the present lake formed the Sierra Nevada and Carson Range, respectively.

Volcanism associated with Mount Pluto at the north end of the lake created a lava dam across the outlet of the Truckee River, which drains the lake. Repeated episodes of recent volcanism and glaciation followed throughout the area. Glacial ice dams repeatedly formed across the Truckee Canyon outlet creating elevated lake levels. Jöklhlaups (floods through breached ice dams) catastrophically lowered the lake levels back down to the lava-dam level. As the ice age ended, the retreating glaciers created the current landscape, with U-shaped valleys, glacial moraines and outwash, bays, sharp peaks, polished rock surfaces, and numerous lakes.

2.2 Site Geology

According to the *Geologic Map of the Lake Tahoe Basin, California and Nevada*, by George J. Saucedo, the site is generally underlain by Cretaceous-aged granitic rocks comprised of undivided fine- to coarse-grained granite and granodiorite. The granitic rock is exposed in outcrops near the site. The rock is highly weathered.

2.3 Regional Faulting

Similar to most of California and Nevada, the project is located in a potentially active seismic area. To evaluate the location of mapped faults relative to the project site, we reviewed the following maps:

- *Fault Activity Map of California;* by Charles W. Jennings and William A. Bryant, California Geological Survey, 2010.
- *Quaternary Faults in Nevada,* by Craig M. dePolo, Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology, 2008.
- *Geological Map of the Lake Tahoe Basin, California and Nevada,* compiled by George J. Saucedo, California Geological Survey, 2005.
- *Geologic Map of the Chico Quadrangle, California,* by G.J. Saucedo and D.L. Wagner, California Division of Mines and Geology, 1992.

The potential risk of fault rupture is based on the concept of recency and recurrence. The more recently a particular fault has ruptured, the more likely it will rupture again. The California Geological Survey (2010) defines an "active fault" as one that has had surface displacement within the past 11,000 years (Holocene). Potentially active faults are defined as those that have ruptured between 11,000 and 1.6 million years before the present (Quaternary). The Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology (NBMG) defines faults as historical (within the last 150 years), Pleistocene and Holocene (last 15,000 years), and Quaternary (130,000 to 1.8 million years before the present). Faults are generally considered inactive if there is no evidence of displacement during the Quaternary.

The referenced geologic maps show several active and potentially active faults located near the project site, including the North Tahoe Fault (active, approximately 2,500 feet east), the Incline Village Fault (active, approximately 2.1 miles east), the West Tahoe/Dollar Point Fault (active, approximately 5.5 miles west), the Polaris Fault (active, approximately 6.5 miles northwest), a group of unnamed faults southeast of Truckee (active and potentially active, approximately 8.2 miles west northwest), the Dog

Valley Fault (active, approximately 15.5 miles northwest) and the Genoa Fault (active, approximately 11 miles southeast). The Genoa Fault is capable of producing very large earthquakes. Earthquakes associated with these faults may cause strong ground shaking at the project site.

The potential hazard associated with earthquake faults involves surface rupture and strong ground motion. No faults are mapped as crossing or trending towards the site; therefore, the potential for surface rupture at the site is considered low. Earthquakes centered on regional faults in the area, such as the West Tahoe, North Tahoe, Incline Village, and Genoa Faults, would likely result in higher ground motion at the site than earthquakes centered on smaller faults that are mapped closer to the site.

2.4 Secondary Seismic Hazards

Secondary seismic hazards include liquefaction, lateral spreading, and seismically induced slope instability and rock fall. Liquefaction is a phenomenon where loose, saturated, granular soil deposits lose a significant portion of their shear strength due to excess pore water pressure buildup. Cyclic loading, such as an earthquake, typically causes the increase in pore water pressure and subsequent liquefaction. Based on the results of our and previous subsurface investigations, near-surface soil at the site consists of medium dense to very dense silty sand with cobbles and boulders overlying weathered granitic rock. This soil profile will have a low potential for liquefaction.

Lateral spreading is the lateral movement of soil resulting from liquefaction of subadjacent materials. Since we anticipate that there is a low potential for liquefaction of soil at the site, the potential for lateral spreading to occur is also considered low.

Slope instability includes landslides, debris flows, and rock fall. No landslides, debris flows or rock fall hazards were observed in the site area. Due to the relative strength of the soil/rock underlying the site, the potential for slope instability is considered low.

3. SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION

We performed our subsurface exploration to characterize typical subsurface conditions at the site.

3.1 Field Exploration

The subsurface conditions at the site were investigated on April 7, 2016 by excavating 4 exploratory test pits to depths ranging from 9 to 12 feet bgs. The test pits were

excavated with a Case 580 backhoe equipped with a 24-inch bucket. Test pit locations were selected based on locations of proposed improvements and site access.

An engineer from our firm logged the soil conditions exposed in the test pits, visually classified the soil, and collected bulk soil samples for laboratory testing. Soil samples were packaged and sealed in the field to reduce moisture loss and were returned to our laboratory for testing. Upon completion, the test pits were loosely backfilled with the excavated soil. The approximate locations of our test pits are shown on Figure 2, Test Pit and Boring Locations.

In addition to our test pits, nine boring and six test pit logs for the project site vicinity recorded by Lumos & Associates (L&A) in 2008, and seven boring logs recorded by Kleinfelder in 2007 were incorporated into our analysis. These additional logs are included with our test pit logs in Appendix C; the approximate locations are included on Figure 2.

As part of the L&A investigation in 2008, refraction microtremor (ReMi) data were acquired over 3 lines in the project area by Gasch & Associates of Rancho Cordova, California. Data from these 3 lines were incorporated into our analysis and are presented in Appendix E. Approximate line locations are shown on Figure 2.

3.2 Subsurface Soil Conditions

Near-surface soil encountered in our test pits consisted of approximately 6 inches of loose silty sand (SM) containing organic material (topsoil). Underlying the silty sand topsoil, our test pits encountered 2 to 5.5 feet of undocumented fill consisting of damp to wet, dense to very dense silty sand (SM), and, in Test Pit TP-2, silty gravel (GM), with varying amounts of cobbles and boulders. The silty gravel encountered in Test Pit TP-2 also contained concrete debris and an intact 6-inch-thick concrete slab. In test pit TP-4, native soil consisting of damp, dense silty sand (SM) was encountered at 3 feet bgs. We encountered completely weathered granitic rock consisting of damp, dense silty sand (SM) and poorly-graded sand with silt (SP-SM) in all our test pits at depths ranging from 2 to 5.5 feet bgs. More detailed descriptions of the subsurface conditions observed are presented in our Test Pit Logs in Appendix C.

Subsurface soils encountered during the L&A 2008 investigation consisted of silty sand and silty sand with gravel (SM), poorly graded sand with silt (SP-SM), and well-graded sand with silt and gravel (SW-SM) to depths ranging from about 0.5 to 55.5 feet bgs. Weathered granitic rock was encountered in all borings and test pits at depths ranging from approximately 0.5 to 9 feet bgs. Undocumented fill ranging in thickness from 1.5 to 9 feet was encountered in Borings B-5, B-6, B-7, B-8, and B-9 and in Test Pits TP-1, TP-3, TP-4, TP-5 and TP-6. Soils encountered in the Kleinfelder 2007 borings were reported to consist of "a yellow brown (10YR 5/6) to a dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) clayey sand or poorly graded sand in the top three to four feet. These soils were underlain by decomposed granite varying in color range from strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) to dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6). A surface layer of fill soil with a medium to dense relative density was encountered in borings (sic) B-7 to a depth of 12 feet bgs. The fill was underlain with a layer or (sic) cobbles and boulders, we assume to be the nearby rockery wall, before encountering the weathered granodiorite at approximately 15 feet below ground surface." It should be noted that neither H&K's nor L&A's laboratory tests identified any clayey soil in 11 Atterberg Limits tests performed on samples obtained across the project site.

The completely weathered granitic rock encountered in all borings and test pits is considered to behave more like a soil than rock in its engineering properties; as such, this unit is treated as a dense to very dense silty sand. Based on deep borings and the ReMi data, this soil transitions to harder rock at a depth range of approximately 15 to 25 feet bgs.

3.3 Groundwater Conditions

We did not observe groundwater during our subsurface exploration, and groundwater was observed in neither the L&A borings and test pits nor the Kleinfelder borings; however, fluctuations in soil moisture content and groundwater levels should be anticipated depending on precipitation, irrigation, runoff conditions and other factors. Based on our experience in the project area, seasonal saturation of near-surface soil should be anticipated, especially during and immediately after seasonal snowmelt.

During the subsurface investigations, completely weathered granitic rock was encountered at depths of approximately 0.5 to 9 feet bgs across the project site. Depending on final site grades, rainfall, irrigation practices, and other factors, perched groundwater may seasonally develop above onsite near-surface rock. Given the proposed deep cuts and moderate topography in the site area, seasonal saturation of near surface soil and perched groundwater on near-surface rock may result in significant groundwater flow through the face of cuts made for retaining walls or site grading. Perched groundwater may cause moisture intrusion into below-grade parking facilities or foundation crawl spaces or through concrete slab-on-grade floors, degradation of asphalt concrete pavements, and other adverse conditions. Mitigation measures such as gravel underdrains, trench drains, water barriers, or other methods may be required to intercept shallow groundwater or reduce potential adverse effects on project features. We recommend the project civil engineer in conjunction with the project geotechnical engineer review the subsurface information available within this report and revealed during site preparation in order to develop appropriate measures consistent with design considerations beyond the current scope of this study.
4. LABORATORY TESTING

We performed laboratory tests on bulk soil samples collected from our exploratory test pits to help evaluate their engineering properties. The following laboratory tests were performed:

- Atterberg Limits/Plasticity (ASTM Test Method D4318)
- Sieve Analysis (ASTM D422)

Sieve analysis and Atterberg Limits data typically resulted in USCS classifications of Poorly-Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) and Silty Sand (SM). Atterberg Index testing of the fines portion of a sample from Test Pit TP-4 at a depth of 4.5 feet bgs shows the fines to consist of non-plastic silt (ML). More specific soil classification and laboratory test data is included in Appendix D. Also included in Appendix D are the laboratory test results from the L&A 2008 investigation. USCS classification and Atterberg indices are summarized below.

| | Table 4.1 – Summary of Laboratory Test Results | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test Pit | Depth | USCS Classification | Liquid | Plastic | | | | | | | | | |
| Number | (feet) | | Limit | Limit | | | | | | | | | |
| TP-1 | 7.0 | Poorly-Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TP-3 | 3.0 | Silty Sand (SM) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TP-4 | 4.5 | Silty Sand (SM) | NP | NP | | | | | | | | | |

5. CONCLUSIONS

The following conclusions are based on ours and other's field observations, laboratory test results, and our experience in the project area.

- Soil conditions encountered in the field investigations generally consisted of dense to very dense coarse-grained soil types of low plasticity overlying nearsurface weathered granitic rock. The soil and rock should provide suitable foundation support for the proposed structures on conventional shallow spread foundations. No highly plastic, compressible, or potentially expansive soil was encountered.
- 2. Undocumented fill to depths of approximately 1.5 to 9 feet was observed over much of the project site. The lateral extent of this fill is unknown at this time. In addition, possible foundation remnants were observed within the proposed footprint of Building A. Due to the potential for excessive settlement, the fill will not be suitable for support of structures. Structures should be founded on underlying native soil or rock, or the existing fill can be removed and replaced

with compacted structural fill. Undocumented fill should be removed from structural areas during demolition and site grading.

- 3. The borings and test pits encountered weathered granitic rock across the project site. Depth to rock varied from 0.5 feet in the vicinity of L&A Boring B-2 to 9 feet in the vicinity of L&A Borings B-6 and B-7. Some areas of near surface rock may be encountered during excavations for utilities, parking lot and interior roadway grading, and/or foundations. A large track-mounted excavator equipped with a ripper tooth or hydraulic hammer may be required in some of these areas. A significant amount of boulders and over-sized material should be anticipated in on site excavations, particularly in the vicinity of Kleinfelder Boring B-7, which encountered an old rockery wall, and the southern portion of the Building C footprint. Old, partially buried rockery walls may be present elsewhere on the project site. With the exception of the organic surface soil, site soil is generally suitable for reuse as structural fill; however, processing to remove oversized and deleterious material will likely be necessary. Moisture content, dry density, and relative compaction of fill should be evaluated by our firm at regular intervals during fill placement.
- 4. Groundwater was not encountered during the subsurface explorations to the maximum depths explored; however, depending on final site grades, rainfall, and/or irrigation practices, perched groundwater may seasonally develop above onsite weathered rock and could collect in below-grade parking facilities and basement areas, cause moisture intrusion through concrete slabs-on-grade, cause degradation of asphalt concrete pavements, contribute to frost heave, and other adverse conditions. Consequently, positive surface water drainage, waterproofing and draining parking structure retaining walls will be important across the site to reduce the potential for the development of any of these conditions. We have provided recommendations to reduce the potential for these adverse effects in the "Recommendations" section of this report.
- 5. Site soil should provide adequate pavement support. However, seasonal saturation of near-surface soil should be considered in the design of pavement areas. Subdrains under pavement areas, cut-off curbs, and/or v-ditches along the side of roads should be considered to reduce saturation.

6. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

The following geotechnical engineering recommendations are based on our understanding of the project as currently proposed, our field observations, review of previous reports, results of our laboratory tests, engineering analysis, and our experience in the project area.

6.1 Grading

The following sections present our recommendations for site clearing and grubbing, preparation for and placement of fill material, temporary excavation and cut/fill slope grading, utility trench construction, construction dewatering, surface water drainage, plan review, and construction monitoring.

6.1.1 Clearing and Grubbing

It is possible that abandoned utility lines, septic tanks, cesspools, wells, rockery walls, and/or foundations may exist on site. Areas proposed for fill placement, road and driveway construction, and building areas should be cleared and grubbed of vegetation, trees, large roots, pavements, foundations, non-engineered fill, construction debris, abandoned underground utilities, and other deleterious materials. Existing wells should be abandoned in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements. Existing utility pipelines which extend beyond the limits of the proposed construction and will be abandoned in-place should be plugged with cement grout to prevent migration of soil and/or water. Existing vegetation, organic topsoil, and any debris should be stripped and hauled offsite or stockpiled outside the construction limits. Based on our subsurface exploration, we expect that 6 inches may be used as a reasonable estimate for average depth of stripping. Organic surface soil may be stockpiled for future use in landscape areas, but is not suitable for use as structural fill. We anticipate that the actual depth of stripping will vary across the site and may be greater in wooded areas. Areas disturbed during demolition and clearing should be properly backfilled and compacted as described below.

Man-made debris and backfill soil in our exploratory test pits or any other onsite excavations should be overexcavated to underlying, competent material and replaced with compacted structural fill. Grubbing may be required where concentrations of organic soil or tree roots are encountered during site grading.

All existing fill should be removed in areas that will support foundation elements, earth retention structures, and concrete slabs-on-grade. Based on field observations the depth of existing fill ranges from 1.5 to 9 feet across the site. The existing fill should

either be replaced with compacted structural fill or improvements may be founded directly on properly prepared underlying native soil. The existing fill material will be suitable for re-use as engineered fill material provided any debris exceeding 8 inches maximum dimension and all organic or deleterious material are removed and disposed off-site. Preparation of the subgrade exposed by overexcavation and requirements for engineered fill should be in accordance with recommendations provided below.

Since the lateral extent of undocumented fill is unknown at this time, we recommend that a representative of Holdrege & Kull observe the existing fill during removal and grading operations to ensure that all has been removed from construction areas and, if necessary, provide additional recommendations at the time of construction.

All rocks greater than 8 inches in greatest dimension (oversized rock) should be removed from the top 12 inches of soil, if encountered. Oversized rock may be used in landscape areas, rock faced slopes, or removed from the site. Oversized rock should not be placed in fill without prior approval by the project geotechnical engineer.

6.1.2 Preparation for Fill Placement

Prior to fill placement, all areas of existing fill material, man-made debris, or backfill soil should be removed to expose non-expansive native soil as discussed in the previous section.

Where fill placement is planned, the near-surface soil should be scarified to a depth of about 12 inches below existing ground surface or to competent material and then uniformly moisture conditioned to within 2 percent of the ASTM D1557 optimum moisture content. Areas to receive fill should be compacted with appropriate compaction equipment to at least 90 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557, and proof rolled with a loaded, tandem-axle truck under the observation of a representative of Holdrege & Kull. Any areas that exhibit pumping or rutting should be overexcavated and replaced with compacted fill placed according to the recommendations below.

6.1.3 Fill Placement

Material used for fill construction should consist of uncontaminated, predominantly granular, non-expansive native soil or approved import soil. Engineered fill should consist of granular material, nearly free of organic debris, with liquid limit of less than 40, a plasticity index less than 15, 100 percent passing the 8-inch sieve, and less than 30 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. In general, the near-surface on-site soil and existing fill meet the recommendations stated above. The soil may be used for engineered fill. Moisture content, dry density, and relative compaction of fill should be evaluated by our firm at regular intervals during fill placement. Rock used in fill should

be broken into fragments no larger than 8 inches in diameter. Rocks larger than 8 inches are considered oversized material and should be stockpiled for offhaul, later use in rock faced slopes, or placement in landscape areas.

Imported fill material should be predominantly granular, non-expansive, and free of deleterious or organic material. Import material that is proposed for use onsite should be submitted to Holdrege & Kull for approval and laboratory analysis at least 72 hours prior to import.

If site grading is performed during periods of wet weather, near-surface site soil may be significantly above optimum moisture content. These conditions could hamper equipment maneuverability and efforts to compact fill materials to the recommended compaction criteria. Fill material may require drying to facilitate placement and compaction, particularly during or following the wet season or spring snowmelt. Suitable compaction results may be difficult to obtain without processing the soil (e.g., discing during favorable weather, covering stockpiles during periods of precipitation, etc.).

Fill should be uniformly moisture conditioned to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content and placed in maximum 8-inch thick, loose lifts (layers) prior to compacting. Fill should be compacted to at least of 90 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. The upper 8 inches of fill in paved areas should be compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. Moisture content, dry density, and relative compaction of fill should be evaluated by our firm at regular intervals during fill placement. The earthwork contractor should assist our representative by preparing test pads with the onsite earth moving equipment.

6.1.4 Cut/Fill Slope Grading

Permanent cut and fill slopes at the subject site should be stable at inclinations up to 2H:1V; however, we recommend re-vegetating or armoring all cut/fill slopes to reduce the potential for erosion. Steeper slopes may be possible at the site provided slopes are protected from excessive erosion using rock slope protection or similar slope reinforcement. Slopes steeper than 2H:1V should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

Fill should be placed in horizontal lifts to the lines and grades shown on the project plans. Slopes should be constructed by overbuilding the slope face and then cutting it back to the design slope gradient. Fill slopes should not be constructed or extended horizontally by placing soil on an existing slope face and/or compacted by track walking.

Equipment width keyways and benches should be provided where fill is placed on sideslopes with gradients steeper than 5H:1V. Benching must extend through loose surface soil into suitable material, and be performed at intervals such that no loose soil is left beneath the fill. Holdrege & Kull should observe keyways and benches prior to fill placement.

The upper two to five feet of cut slopes should be rounded into the existing terrain above the slope to remove loose material and produce a contoured transition from cut face to natural ground. Scaling to remove unstable cobbles and boulders may be necessary. Fill slopes should be compacted as recommended for the placement of engineered fill. The upper 4 to 8 inches may be scarified to help promote revegetation.

6.1.5 Temporary Unconfined Excavations

Based on our understanding of the proposed project, temporary unconfined excavations will likely be necessary. The following criteria may be used for construction of temporary cut slopes adjacent to proposed structures.

| Temporary Slope Inclination (Horizontal to Vertical) | Depth Below Ground Surface (feet) |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0.5:1 | 0-10 |
| Near-vertical | 10-16 |

These temporary requirements may require modifications in the field during construction or where loose soil, groundwater seepage, or existing fill is encountered. The slope should be scaled of loose cobbles and boulders. Higher slopes should be covered with strong wire or fabric, firmly secured to prevent roll down of cobbles or other deleterious materials. The contractor is responsible for the safety of workers and should strictly observe federal and local OSHA requirements for excavation shoring and safety. Some raveling of temporary cut slopes should be anticipated. During wet weather, surface water runoff should be prevented from entering excavations. To reduce the likelihood of sloughing or failure, temporary cut slopes must not remain over the winter.

6.1.6 Underground Utility Trenches

We anticipate that the contractor will be able to excavate underground utility trenches using conventional earthmoving equipment across the site. Based on the excavation and boring conditions encountered during the field investigations, we anticipate that a track mounted excavator equipped with a ripper and possibly a hydraulic hammer may be required in weathered granitic rock below about 0.5 to 9 feet across the site. An excavator with a "thumb" attachment may increase ease of boulder removal at the site. We expect that some caving and sloughing of utility trench sidewalls will occur. The California Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requires all utility trenches deeper than 5 feet bgs be shored with bracing equipment or sloped back prior to entry.

Shallow subsurface seepage may be encountered in trench excavations, particularly if utility trenches are excavated during the spring or early summer. The earthwork contractor may need to employ dewatering methods as discussed in the *Construction Dewatering* section below to excavate, place and compact trench backfill materials.

Soil used as trench backfill should be non-expansive and should not contain rocks greater than 4 inches in maximum dimension. Trench backfill should consist of uniformly moisture conditioned soil and be placed in maximum 8-inch thick loose lifts prior to compacting. Unless otherwise specified by the applicable local utility district, pipe bedding and trench backfill should be compacted to at least 90 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. Trench backfill placed within 8 inches of subgrade building and driveway areas should be compacted to a minimum relative compaction of 95 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. The moisture content, density and relative compaction of fill should be tested by Holdrege & Kull at regular intervals during fill placement.

6.1.7 Construction Dewatering

During our subsurface exploration, we did not encounter groundwater seepage in our exploratory test pits. If grading is performed during or immediately following the wet season or spring snowmelt, seepage may be encountered during grading. We should observe those conditions and provide site specific subsurface drainage recommendations. The following recommendations are preliminary and are not based on a groundwater flow analysis.

We anticipate that dewatering of excavations can be performed by gravity or by constructing sumps to depths below the excavation and removing water with pumps. To maintain stability of the excavation when placing and compacting the trench backfill, groundwater levels should be drawn down a minimum of 2 feet below the lowest point of the excavation.

If seepage is encountered during trench excavation, it may be necessary to remove underlying saturated soil and replace it with free draining, open-graded crushed rock. Soil backfill may be placed after backfilling with drain rock to an elevation higher than encountered groundwater.

6.1.8 Surface Water Drainage

Based on our observations and past experience with geotechnical investigations in the project vicinity, there is a relatively high potential for seasonal saturation of near-surface soil and groundwater seepage into the foundation areas. In addition, near-surface weathered granitic rock was encountered in our test pits at depths of about 0.5 to 9 feet below existing site grade. Depending on final site grades, rainfall, irrigation practices, and other factors beyond the scope of this study, perched groundwater will likely seasonally develop above onsite weathered granitic rock. Near-surface groundwater may enter below-grade parking areas, basements, under-floor crawl spaces, migrate through concrete floor slabs, degrade asphalt concrete pavements, increase frost heave, and contribute to other adverse conditions.

Final elevations at the site should be planned so that drainage is directed away from all foundations and pavements. Ponding of surface water should not be allowed near pavements or structures. If physical obstructions or lot lines prohibit drainage away from buildings, a 5 percent slope should be constructed towards a drainage swale or other conveyance system that diverts water away from the foundation. Paved areas should be sloped away from structures a minimum of 2 percent and drainage gradients should be maintained to carry all surface water to a properly designed infiltration or detention basin.

Drains should be constructed on the upslope side of exterior foundations and should be placed along continuous interior wall foundations and in all crawl spaces and below-grade parking areas. Drains should extend to a properly designed infiltration gallery. Recommended subsurface drain locations can be provided at the time of construction and when foundation elevations are known. Due to the gentle topography of portions of the site, elevations of foundations, below grade parking areas, and crawl spaces should be carefully planned so that it is possible to install gravity-fed drains that daylight a minimum of 10 feet from structures.

All foundation and slab-on-grade concrete should have a water to cement ratio of 0.45 or less. Underslab or blanket drains should be considered in floor pavement areas to reduce moisture transmission through the floor and help maintain subgrade support.

We recommend that the finished elevation of the interior subgrade in below-grade parking areas and crawl spaces be higher than the lowest ground surface elevation of the project site (positive crawl space drainage). If the design of the structures is such that the below-grade parking areas and/or crawl spaces must be lower than the lowest point, sump drains should be installed in these areas. All vegetation and highly organic soil should be removed from crawl space areas. Adequate ventilation should be provided in all crawl space areas to promote drying. The project architect and owner should consider the need for an automated mechanical ventilation system.

If open-graded gravel or other permeable material is used for underground utilities, the trench should slope away from the structure or the potential flow path should be plugged with a less permeable material at the exterior of the foundation. All utility pipes should have sealed joints.

Roof drip-lines should be protected from erosion with a gravel layer and riprap. Roof downspouts should be directed to a closed collector pipe that discharges flow to positive drainage. Backfill soil placed adjacent to building foundations should be placed and compacted such that water is not allowed to pond or infiltrate. Backfill should be free of deleterious material and placed and compacted in accordance with the above earthwork recommendations.

6.1.9 Plan Review and Construction Monitoring

Construction monitoring includes review of plans and specifications and observation of onsite activities during construction as described below. We should review final grading and foundation plans prior to construction to evaluate whether our recommendations have been implemented and to provide additional and/or modified recommendations, if necessary. We also recommend retaining our firm to provide construction monitoring and testing services during site grading, foundation, retaining wall, underground utility, and road construction to observe subsurface conditions with respect to our engineering recommendations.

6.2 Structural Improvement Design Criteria

The following sections provide design criteria for foundations, seismic design, slabs-ongrade, retaining walls, and pavement sections.

6.2.1 Foundations

Our opinion is that shallow spread foundations are suitable for support of the proposed structures. The following paragraphs discuss foundation design parameters and construction recommendations.

Exterior foundations should be embedded a minimum of 24 inches below the lowest adjacent exterior finish grade for frost protection and confinement. The bottom of interior footings should be at least 12 inches below lowest adjacent finish grade for confinement. Reinforcing steel requirements for foundations should be determined by the project structural engineer.

Foundations founded in competent, undisturbed native soil or properly compacted structural fill may be designed using an allowable bearing capacity of 4,000 psf for dead plus live loads. Foundations founded in weathered granitic rock may be designed using an allowable bearing capacity of 5,000 psf for dead plus live loads. Foundations founded in moderately weathered granitic rock may be designed using an allowable bearing capacity of 10,000 psf for dead plus live loads (based on the ReMi and deeper borehole data, the weathering decreases with depth). Allowable bearing pressures may be increased by 33 percent for transient loading such as wind or seismic loads.

Resistance to lateral loads (including transient loads) may be provided by frictional resistance between the bottom of concrete foundations and the underlying soil, and by passive soil pressure against the sides of foundations. Lateral resistance derived from passive earth pressure can be modeled as a triangular pressure distribution ranging from 0 psf at the ground surface to a maximum of 350d psf, where d equals the depth of the foundation in feet. A coefficient of friction of 0.45 may be used between poured-in-place concrete foundations and the underlying soil.

Total settlement of individual foundations will vary depending on the plan dimensions of the foundation and actual structural loading. Based on anticipated foundation dimensions and loads, we estimate that total post-construction settlement of footings designed and constructed in accordance with our recommendations will be on the order of ½-inch. Differential settlement between similarly loaded, adjacent footings is expected to be less than ¼ -inch, provided footings are founded on similar materials (e.g., all on engineered fill, native soil, or rock). Differential settlement between adjacent footing on rock) may approach the maximum anticipated total settlement. Settlement of foundations is expected to occur rapidly and should be essentially complete shortly after initial application of loads.

Loose material remaining in footing excavations should be removed to expose firm, unyielding material or compacted to at least 90 percent relative compaction. Footing excavations should be moistened prior to placing concrete to reduce risk of problems caused by wicking of moisture from curing concrete. Holdrege & Kull should observe footing excavations prior to reinforcing steel and concrete placement.

6.2.2 Seismic Design Criteria

In accordance with the 2012 IBC, the seismic design criteria shown in the table below should be used for the project site. The values were obtained for the site using the online US Geological Survey U.S. Seismic Design Maps tool found at http://earthquake.usgs.gov/designmaps/us/application.php. Input values included the site's approximate latitude and longitude obtained from Google Earth, and the Site

Class. Site class selection was based on our literature review, our subsurface investigation, our experience in the area, and the site class definitions provided in Chapter 20 of ASCE 7-10.

| 2012 IBC Sei | smic Design Parame | ters |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Description | Value | Reference |
| Approximate Latitude/Longitude | 39.2290 ⁰ N/120.0038 ⁰ W | Google Earth |
| Site Class | С | Table 20.3-1, ASCE 7-10 |
| Mapped Short Period Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter | S _s = 1.664 g | Figure 1613.3.1(3), 2012 IBC |
| Mapped 1-Second Period Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter | S ₁ = 0.572 g | Figure 1613.3.1(2), 2012 IBC |
| Short Period Site Coefficient | F _a = 1.000 | Table1613.3.3(1), 2012 IBC |
| 1-Second Period Site Coefficient | F _v = 1.300 | Table 1613.3.3(2), 2012 IBC |
| Site Adjusted Short Period Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter | S _{MS} = 1.664 g | Equation 16-37, 2012 IBC |
| Site Adjusted 1-Second Period Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter | S _{M1} = 0.743 g | Equation 16-38, 2012 IBC |
| Design Short Period Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter | S _{DS} = 1.109 g | Equation 16-39, 2012 IBC |
| Design 1-Second Period Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter | S _{D1} = 0.495 g | Equation 16-40, 2012 IBC |
| Risk Category | II | Table 1604.5, 2012 IBC |
| Seismic Design Category | D | Tables1613.3.5 (1) & (2) 2012 IBC |

6.2.3 Slab-on-Grade Construction

Concrete slabs-on-grade may be used in conjunction with perimeter concrete footings. Slabs-on-grade should be a minimum of 4 inches thick. If floor loads higher than 250 psf, intermittent live loads, or vehicle loads are anticipated, the project structural engineer should provide slab thickness and steel reinforcing requirements.

Prior to constructing concrete slabs, the upper 8 inches of slab subgrade should be scarified, uniformly moisture conditioned to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content and compacted to at least 90 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. Scarification and recompaction may not be required if floor slabs are placed directly on undisturbed compacted structural fill.

Slabs should be underlain by at least 4 inches of Class 2 aggregate base placed over the prepared subgrade. The aggregate base should be compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. If a subdrain is installed as described below, slabs may be constructed over the crushed gravel layer provided a moisture barrier will be placed over the gravel.

To reduce the potential for moisture intrusion, the project architect and/or owner should consider constructing a drain beneath concrete slabs on grade that will receive moisture-sensitive floor coverings, or in areas where groundwater is encountered during grading. Subdrains should consist of a minimum of 4-inches of clean crushed gravel placed over native subgrade leveled or sloped at 2 percent towards a 4-inch diameter perforated drain pipe. The drain pipe should be placed with perforations face down in a minimum 12 inch wide gravel filled trench. The depth of the trench may vary depending on cover requirements for the drain pipe and the slope required to drain water from beneath the slab to a properly constructed infiltration gallery or detention basin. A minimum of one pipe should be installed in each area of the slab surrounded by continuous perimeter foundation elements.

In slab-on-grade areas where moisture sensitive floor coverings are proposed, a vapor barrier (e.g. 15 mil Stego[®] Wrap) should be placed over the base course or gravel subdrain to reduce the migration of moisture vapor through the concrete slab. The Stego[®] Wrap should be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Concrete should be placed directly on the vapor barrier. All slab concrete should have a water-cement ratio of 0.45 or less.

Regardless of the type of vapor barrier used, moisture can wick up through a concrete slab. Excessive moisture transmission through a slab can cause adhesion loss, warping, and peeling of resilient floor coverings, deterioration of adhesive, seam separation, formation of air pockets, mineral deposition beneath flooring, odor, and fungi growth. Slabs can be tested for water transmissivity in areas that are moisture sensitive. Commercial sealants, moisture retarding admixtures, fly ash, and a reduced water-to-cement ratio can be incorporated into the concrete to reduce slab permeability. To further reduce the chance of moisture transmission, a waterproofing consultant should be contacted.

Exterior slabs-on-grade such as sidewalks should be placed on a minimum 6-inch thick compacted aggregate base section to help reduce the potential for frost heave. Deleterious material should be removed from floor slab subgrades prior to concrete placement. For exterior slabs, the native soil should be ripped, moisture conditioned and recompacted to an 8-inch depth.

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Concrete slabs impart a relatively small load on the subgrade (approximately 50 psf). Therefore, some vertical movement should be anticipated from possible expansion, freeze-thaw cycles, or differential loading.

6.2.4 Retaining Wall Design Criteria

Retaining walls should be designed to resist lateral earth pressures exerted by retained, compacted backfill plus additional lateral forces (i.e. surcharge loads) that will be applied to walls. The following active and passive pressures are for well drained walls retaining native soil. If import soil is used for fill or backfill, we should review our recommendations. Pressures exerted against retaining walls may be calculated by modeling soil as an equivalent fluid with unit weights presented in the following table.

| Table 6.2 | 2.4.1 – Equivalent F | luid Unit Weights* |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Loading Condition | Retained Cut or Compacted Fill (Level Backfill) | Retained Cut or Compacted Fill (Backfill Slopes up to 2:1, H:V) |
| Active Pressure (pcf) | 35 | 55 |
| Passive Pressure (pcf) | 350 | 350 |
| At-Rest Pressure (pcf) | 50 | 65 |
| Coefficient of Friction | 0.45 | 0.45 |

* Equivalent fluid unit weights presented are ultimate values and do not include a factor of safety. Passive pressures provided assume footings are founded in competent native soil or compacted and tested fill.

The values presented in Table 6.2.4.1 assume that the retained soil will not exceed approximately 14 feet in height and that no surcharge loads (e.g., footings, vehicles) are anticipated within a horizontal distance of approximately 7 feet from the face of the wall. If additional surcharge loads are anticipated, we should review the proposed loading configuration to provide loading-specific design criteria. In addition, we can provide retaining wall and rockery wall design criteria for specific loading and backfill configurations, if requested.

The use of the tabulated active pressure unit weight requires that the wall design accommodate sufficient deflection for mobilization of the retained soil to occur. Typically, a wall yield of less than 0.1 percent of the wall height is sufficient to mobilize active conditions in granular soil. If the walls are rigid or restrained to prevent rotation, at-rest conditions should be used for design.

Additional lateral loading (ΔP_{ae}) on retaining structures due to seismic accelerations may be considered at the designer's option. The USGS Seismic Design Maps tool was used to establish seismic design parameters and provides an estimated peak ground acceleration (PGA) *corresponding to the maximum considered earthquake (MCE_R) ground motion*.

For an earthquake producing a design peak ground acceleration (PGA) of 0.630g and a horizontal seismic coefficient (k_h) equal to one-half the PGA, and following the Mononobe-Okabe procedure to evaluate seismic loading on retaining walls, we recommend that the resulting additional lateral force applied to unrestrained (cantilevered) retaining structures with drained level backfill onsite be estimated as ΔP_{ae} =14H² (pounds per foot), where H is the height of the wall in feet. The additional seismic force may be assumed to be applied at a height of H/3 above the base of the wall. This seismic loading is for routine walls with drained, level backfill conditions only; H&K should be consulted for values of seismic loading for more critical walls or walls with non-level or non-drained backfill conditions. The use of reduced factors of safety is often appropriate when reviewing overturning and sliding resistance during seismic events.

Compaction equipment should not be used directly adjacent to retaining walls unless the wall is designed or braced to resist the additional lateral forces. If surface loads are closer to the top of the retaining wall than one-half of its height, Holdrege & Kull should review the loads and loading configuration. We should also review details and plans for any proposed wall over 5 feet in height.

Retaining wall backfill should consist of granular material, nearly free of organic debris, with liquid limit of less than 40, a plasticity index less than 15, 100 percent passing the 8-inch sieve, and less than 35 percent passing the No. 200 sieve. Backfill should be uniformly moisture conditioned to within 2 percent of the ASTM D1557 optimum moisture content and compacted with appropriate compaction equipment to at least 90 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. If the retaining wall backfill will support foundations, the backfill should be compacted to at least 95 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. We should review and provide specific backfill criteria for all retaining walls over 10 feet in height. Utilities that run through retaining wall backfill should not pass through the wall or other rigid structures without allowance for vertical movement of at least one inch.

Retaining wall design criteria presented in Table 6.2.4.1 assume that retaining walls are well drained to reduce hydrostatic pressures. Drainage blankets consisting of graded rock drains and geosynthetic blankets should be installed to reduce hydrostatic pressures. Rock drains should consist of a minimum 18 inches of open-graded crushed rock, and placed directly behind the wall, wrapped in non-woven geotextile filter fabric

such as Mirafi 140N or approved equivalent. Drains should have a minimum 4-inch diameter, perforated drain pipe placed at the base of the wall, inside the drain rock, with perforations placed down. The pipe should be sloped so that water is directed away from the wall by gravity. A geosynthetic drainage blanket such as Enkadrain[™] or equivalent should also be placed against the back of the wall. Backfill must be compacted carefully so that equipment or soil does not tear or crush the drainage blanket.

We recommend treating subsurface walls and slabs to resist moisture migration. Moisture retarding material should consist of sheet membrane rubberized asphalt, polymer-modified asphalt, butyl rubber, or other approved material capable of bridging nonstructural cracks, applied in accordance with the manufacturers recommendations. Extra attention should be paid to concrete cold joints between walls and footings. A manufactured water-stop or key should be placed at all cold joints. The project architect or contractor may wish to consult with a waterproofing expert regarding additional options for reducing moisture migration into living areas.

6.2.5 Pavement Design

Based on our experience in the Tahoe-Truckee area, environmental factors, such as freeze-thaw cycles and thermal cracking will usually govern the life of asphalt concrete (AC) pavements. Thermal cracking of asphalt pavement allows more water to enter the pavement section, which promotes deterioration and increases maintenance costs. In addition, snow removal activities on site will result in heavy traffic loads. For these reasons, we recommend a minimum parking area pavement section of 3 inches of AC on 6 inches of aggregate base (AB). Access drives and loading areas should consist of 4 inches of AC on 6 inches of AB.

We recommend that paving stones in non-traffic areas be supported by a minimum of 6 inches of Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction (SSPWC) Type 2, Class B aggregate base. For light traffic areas, the AB section should be increased to at least 8 inches. An underlying concrete slab is not necessary for light traffic and non-traffic areas. Prior to placing aggregate base, the subgrade should be prepared in accordance with the recommendations provided below.

Due to seasonal saturation of the underlying AB and freeze-thaw cycles, some vertical movement of paving stones over time should be anticipated. This movement can likely be reduced by constructing a drainage layer beneath paving stone pavements. The drainage layer should consist of 4 inches of compacted clean angular gravel. The gravel layer should contain a minimum 4-inch diameter perforated pipe, sloped to drain water from beneath the pavement towards an infiltration gallery. A minimum 4-ounce non-

woven filter fabric such as Mirafi 140N or approved equivalent should be placed between the compacted gravel subdrain and aggregate base layer.

The upper 6 inches of native soil should be compacted to at least of 95 percent of the maximum dry density per ASTM D1557 prior to placing aggregate baserock. Aggregate baserock should also be compacted to a minimum of 95 percent. Subgrade and AB dry density should be evaluated by Holdrege & Kull. In addition to field density tests, subgrade should be proof rolled under the observation of Holdrege & Kull prior to baserock placement.

To improve pavement performance and lifespan, we recommend promoting drainage of the pavement subgrade. Drainage can be accomplished through roadway layout and design, subdrains, or v-ditches. A representative of Holdrege & Kull should evaluate pavement subgrade at the time of construction and provide location-specific recommendations for subdrains and/or v-ditches. Typical subdrains consist of a minimum of 4-inches of clean, crushed, compacted, ³/₄-inch gravel. Pavement subgrade should be graded and prepared such that water drains from beneath pavement section and to a properly designed infiltration or detention basin. Subdrains may be used in conjunction with v-ditches located on one or both sides of the roadway. The v-ditches should be constructed to a depth greater than the proposed pavement and subdrain section. Ditches should be rock-lined or vegetated to help reduce erosion, and convey water to a properly designed infiltration or detention basin. If subgrade soil is relatively free draining, it may be possible to construct v-ditches in lieu of subdrains.

We recommend installing cut-off curbs where paved areas abut landscaped areas to reduce migration of irrigation water into subgrade soil or baserock, promoting asphalt failure. Cut-off curbs should be a minimum of 4-inches wide, and extend through the aggregate base a minimum of 4 inches into subgrade soil.

7. LIMITATIONS

Our professional services were performed consistent with the generally accepted geotechnical engineering principles and practices employed in the site area at the time the report was prepared. No warranty, express or implied, is intended.

Our services were performed consistent with our agreement with our client. We are not responsible for the impacts of changes in environmental standards, practices or regulations subsequent to performance of our services. We do not warrant the accuracy of information supplied by others, or the use of segregated portions of this report. This report is solely for the use of our client. Reliance on this report by a third party is at the risk of that party.

If changes are made to the nature or design of the project as described in this report, then our conclusions and recommendations presented in the report should be reviewed by Holdrege & Kull to review our conclusions and recommendations. Additional field work and laboratory tests may be required to revise our recommendations. Costs to review project changes, perform additional field work and laboratory testing necessary to modify our recommendations are beyond the scope of services provided for this report. Additional work will be performed only after receipt of an approved scope of services, budget, and written authorization to proceed.

Analyses, conclusions and recommendations presented in this report are based on site conditions as they existed at the time we performed our subsurface exploration. We assumed that subsurface soil conditions encountered at the location of our exploratory test pits are generally representative of subsurface conditions across the project site. Actual subsurface conditions at locations between and beyond our exploratory test pits may differ. If subsurface conditions encountered during construction are different than those described in this report, we should be notified so that we can review and modify our recommendations as needed.

The elevation or depth to groundwater and soil moisture conditions underlying the project site may differ with time and location. The project site map shows approximate exploratory test pit locations as determined by pacing distances from identifiable site features. Therefore, test pit locations should not be relied upon as being exact.

Our scope of services did not include evaluating the project site for the presence of hazardous materials or petroleum products. Although we did not observe evidence of hazardous materials or petroleum products at the time of our field investigation, project personnel should take necessary precautions should hazardous materials be encountered during construction.

The findings of this report are valid as of the present date. Changes in the conditions of the property can occur with the passage of time. These changes may be due to natural processes or works of man, at the project site or adjacent properties. In addition, changes in applicable or appropriate standards can occur, whether they result from legislation or broadening of knowledge. Therefore, the recommendations presented in this report should not be relied upon after a period of two years from the issue date without our review.

FIGURES

Figure 1Site Location MapFigure 2Test Pit Location Plan









PROJECT NO.: 41993-10

DATE: APRIL 2016

APPENDIX A Proposal



Proposal No. PT16011-02 March 1, 2016 (Revised March 14, 2016)

Boulder Bay, LLC, c/o Brian Helm, Project Manager helmbd@gmail.com

Reference: Boulder Bay Project Northeast Corner of State Route 28 and Stateline Road Crystal Bay, Washoe County, Nevada

Subject: Revised Proposal for Geotechnical Engineering Services

This letter presents our revised proposal to prepare a geotechnical engineering report for the proposed Boulder Bay hotel/condominium/commercial development to be constructed at the site of the existing Tahoe Biltmore Hotel-Casino located on State Route 28 in the community of Crystal Bay, Washoe County, Nevada. The purpose of our services will be to explore and evaluate surface and subsurface conditions at the project site in order to prepare a geotechnical engineering report for project design and construction. Holdrege & Kull (H&K) will provide value engineering and site specific design recommendations to help reduce construction costs for your project. We have a reputation for responsive, innovative, yet practical approaches to geotechnical problems.

We will complete a subsurface investigation at the site, perform engineering analyses, review previous reports prepared for the project site, and prepare a geotechnical engineering report for project design. This revised proposal presents a brief summary of our understanding of the project, the scope of services we can provide, and an estimate of our fees.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This revised proposal is based on conversations and email correspondence with you, Ken Breitkreuz and Andy White with OZ Architecture, a review of documents provided by you and OZ Architecture, and our previous experience in the project area. Portions of the site are currently developed with an existing hotel/casino, and access is provided by State Route 28 to the east and southeast.

The project, as presently proposed, will involve demolition of the existing Tahoe Biltmore hotel/casino and appurtenant structures, and phased construction of 8 or 9 structures on the approximately 16+ acre site. The proposed structures are listed as: hotel and wellness; hotel, meeting, and accessory; hotel and condominiums; hotel and gaming; hotel; and two retail, dining, and affordable

housing units. Construction will begin with a condominium structure, designated as Building "A" and presently in the design phase. We understand that the Building "A" structure will be multiple-story with a bottom-floor parking garage consisting of a concrete podium and type V wood-frame construction above. We also understand that the structures will be supported by conventional cast-inplace reinforced concrete spread foundations and retaining walls with slab-ongrade parking garage floors. Structural loads were not available, and so were assumed for the purposes of this proposal. Estimated vertical structural loads are not expected to exceed approximately 100 kips at isolated columns and 6 kips per linear foot along continuous wall foundations for long-term loading conditions. Cuts for the parking garages will be on the order of 10 feet. With the exception of backfill behind the retaining walls, fills for building pad construction are not expected to exceed about 5 feet. Design of the remaining structures has not yet begun and no details were available. Appurtenant construction will include a 2acre public park, a transit stop/center, bus bays, outdoor patios and entertainment areas, paved driveways and internal streets, hard-surface walkways and stairways, landscaping, and underground utilities.

We understand that the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency (TRPA) Land Capability Program's staff has reviewed a Soils/Hydrologic Scoping Report Application dated July 22, 2008, and approved 12 excavations to depths of 5 to 49 feet. Therefore, a soils/hydrologic scoping report is not required at this time.

ANTICIPATED CONDITIONS

In preparation of this proposal, we reviewed geologic maps and reports in our files regarding subsurface conditions in the project vicinity, as well as previous reports provided by you. Based on this information and our experience in the site area, we anticipate that subsurface soil conditions will consist of sand, gravel, cobbles and boulders underlain by relatively shallow granitic rock.

We do not anticipate groundwater within proposed foundation depths; however, it is possible that groundwater will be encountered at this site perched on top of shallow rock. We assume the site can be accessed with a truck-mounted drill rig and conventional vehicles.

SCOPE OF SERVICES

Review of Available Literature

Prior to our subsurface exploration, we will review regional geologic maps and reports in our files from other nearby sites, as well as previous reports prepared for the project site. Our field exploration locations will be selected based on site access, existing underground utilities, and the anticipated project layout.

Underground Utility Clearance and Permitting

We will mark the site for Underground Service Alert (USA) and contact this agency for underground utility clearance prior to our subsurface investigation. We request contact information for building maintenance/engineering personnel at the Tahoe Biltmore in order to obtain their assistance locating on-site underground utilities.

Field Exploration

We propose to explore the subsurface conditions at the site by excavating 4 to 5 test pits to depths up to approximately 12 feet below the existing ground surface or refusal, whichever is shallower. The test pits will be excavated using a track-mounted mini-excavator or rubber-tire backhoe and will be visually logged by our field representative who will obtain bulk soil samples for classification and laboratory testing. Upon completion, the test pits will be loosely backfilled with excavated soil.

Laboratory Testing

The purpose of laboratory testing is to evaluate the physical and engineering properties of the soil samples collected in the field. We anticipate the laboratory testing program will consist of tests for soil classification (gradations and plasticity) and expansion potential.

Analysis and Report

Based on the results of our field exploration and laboratory testing, we will provide our opinions and recommendations regarding the following:

- General soil and groundwater conditions at the project site, with emphasis on how the conditions are expected to affect the proposed construction;
- Discussion of special geotechnical engineering constraints such as existing fill, highly expansive or compressible soil, near-surface ground water, liquefaction potential, potential secondary seismic hazards, and/or near-surface rock;
- Recommendations for earthwork construction, including site preparation recommendations, a discussion of reuse of existing near surface soil as structural fill, and a discussion of remedial earthwork recommendations, if warranted;
- Recommendations for temporary excavations, construction dewatering, and trench backfill;
- Recommendations for permanent cut and fill slopes;
- Surface and subsurface drainage recommendations;
- Recommendations for conventional shallow spread foundation design including soil bearing values, minimum footing depth, resistance to lateral

loads and estimated settlements, and California Building Code site class and seismic coefficients for use in structural design;

- Lateral earth pressures and drainage recommendations for short retaining structures;
- Subgrade preparation for slab-on-grade concrete; and,
- Asphalt concrete and paving stone pavement recommendations.

We will present our opinions and recommendations in a written design-level report complete with logs of our test pits, laboratory test results, and a compilation, review, and results summary for the existing reports pertaining to this project.

SCHEDULE AND FEES

Subsurface exploration for the geotechnical engineering report can begin after May 1, 2016 when seasonal excavation restrictions are lifted by the California Regional Water Quality Board, Lahontan Region, and depending on the availability of excavation equipment. If weather, access, or site conditions restrict our field operations, we may need to revise our scope of services and fee estimate. We anticipate submitting our geotechnical engineering report within three to four weeks after completion of our subsurface exploration. If requested, we can provide preliminary verbal information with respect to our expected conclusions and recommendations prior to completion of our final report.

We can provide the geotechnical investigation, laboratory testing, and final design-level geotechnical engineering report described above for a lump sum fee of . This cost includes the excavation equipment and operator we plan to use for our subsurface exploration after May 1, 2016. Billing will be monthly on a percent complete basis. Services outside the established SCOPE OF SERVICES

can be performed only with the prior written approval Boulder Bay, LLC, and will be billed on a time and materials basis using the fee schedule applicable at the time the services are provided. Any billings outside the established of SCOPE OF SERVICES must be clearly identified and separate from the billings within the established SCOPE OF SERVICES

and require prior written approval by the Client. The absence of such identification and separation will automatically and permanently assign said billing to the SCOPE OF SERVICES

In order to defray the initial mobilization costs of the excavation equipment, we are requesting a retainer in the amount of at the time of contract signing. The retainer will be applied to the final invoice.

LIMITATIONS

Prior to initiating our subsurface exploration, all site utilities and utility easements on the site must be accurately located in the field, on a scaled map, or both. This information must be made available to Holdrege & Kull by the client before beginning our subsurface exploration. If desired, H&K can arrange for utility clearance of each proposed boring location for an additional fee. Our fee is not adequate to compensate for both the performance of the services and the assumption of risk of damage to such structures. Holdrege & Kull will not accept responsibility for damage to existing utilities not accurately located in the manner described above. Services rendered by Holdrege & Kull to repair them will be billed at cost.

CLOSING

Holdrege & Kull will perform its services in a manner consistent with the standard of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession practicing under similar conditions in the geographic vicinity and at the time the services will be performed. No warranty or guarantee, express or implied, is part of the services offered by this proposal.

Enclosed with this proposal is our firm's Agreement for Geotechnical Engineering Services. Please sign and return one copy of the attached Agreement for Geotechnical Engineering Services if this proposal meets your approval. This proposal is deemed to be incorporated into and made part of the Agreement for Geotechnical Engineering Services.

We appreciate the opportunity to submit this proposal and look forward to working with you on this project. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact the undersigned.

Sincerely, Holdrege & Kull

Joseph E. McKinney Senior Geophysicist/Geologist

/ John K. Hudson, PE Principal

Attachments:

Agreement for Geotechnical Engineering Services

APPENDIX B Important Information About Your Geotechnical Engineering Report (Included with permission of ASFE, Copyright 1998)

Important Information About Your Geotechnical Engineering Report

Subsurface problems are a principal cause of construction delays, cost overruns, claims, and disputes.

The following information is provided to help you manage your risks.

Geotechnical Services Are Performed for Specific Purposes, Persons, and Projects

Geotechnical engineers structure their services to meet the specific needs of their clients. A geotechnical engineering study conducted for a civil engineer may not fulfill the needs of a construction contractor or even another civil engineer. Because each geotechnical engineering study is unique, each geotechnical engineering report is unique, prepared *solely* for the client. No one except you should rely on your geotechnical engineering report without first conferring with the geotechnical engineer who prepared it. *And no one* — *not even you* — should apply the report for any purpose or project except the one originally contemplated.

Read the Full Report

Serious problems have occurred because those relying on a geotechnical engineering report did not read it all. Do not rely on an executive summary. Do not read selected elements only.

A Geotechnical Engineering Report Is Based on A Unique Set of Project-Specific Factors

Geotechnical engineers consider a number of unique, project-specific factors when establishing the scope of a study. Typical factors include: the client's goals, objectives, and risk management preferences; the general nature of the structure involved, its size, and configuration; the location of the structure on the site; and other planned or existing site improvements, such as access roads, parking lots, and underground utilities. Unless the geotechnical engineer who conducted the study specifically indicates otherwise, do not rely on a geotechnical engineering report that was:

- not prepared for you,
- not prepared for your project,
- · not prepared for the specific site explored, or
- completed before important project changes were made.

Typical changes that can erode the reliability of an existing geotechnical engineering report include those that affect:

 the function of the proposed structure, as when it's changed from a parking garage to an office building, or from a light industrial plant to a refrigerated warehouse,

- elevation, configuration, location, orientation, or weight of the proposed structure,
- composition of the design team, or
- project ownership.

As a general rule, *always* inform your geotechnical engineer of project changes—even minor ones—and request an assessment of their impact. *Geotechnical engineers cannot accept responsibility or liability for problems that occur because their reports do not consider developments of which they were not informed.*

Subsurface Conditions Can Change

A geotechnical engineering report is based on conditions that existed at the time the study was performed. *Do not rely on a geotechnical engineering report* whose adequacy may have been affected by: the passage of time; by man-made events, such as construction on or adjacent to the site; or by natural events, such as floods, earthquakes, or groundwater fluctuations. *Always* contact the geotechnical engineer before applying the report to determine if it is still reliable. A minor amount of additional testing or analysis could prevent major problems.

Most Geotechnical Findings Are Professional Opinions

Site exploration identifies subsurface conditions only at those points where subsurface tests are conducted or samples are taken. Geotechnical engineers review field and laboratory data and then apply their professional judgment to render an opinion about subsurface conditions throughout the site. Actual subsurface conditions may differ—sometimes significantly—from those indicated in your report. Retaining the geotechnical engineer who developed your report to provide construction observation is the most effective method of managing the risks associated with unanticipated conditions.

A Report's Recommendations Are Not Final

Do not overrely on the construction recommendations included in your report. *Those recommendations are not final*, because geotechnical engineers develop them principally from judgment and opinion. Geotechnical engineers can finalize their recommendations only by observing actual

subsurface conditions revealed during construction. *The geotechnical* engineer who developed your report cannot assume responsibility or liability for the report's recommendations if that engineer does not perform construction observation.

A Geotechnical Engineering Report Is Subject to Misinterpretation

Other design team members' misinterpretation of geotechnical engineering reports has resulted in costly problems. Lower that risk by having your geotechnical engineer confer with appropriate members of the design team after submitting the report. Also retain your geotechnical engineer to review pertinent elements of the design team's plans and specifications. Contractors can also misinterpret a geotechnical engineer in prebid and preconstruction conferences, and by providing construction observation.

Do Not Redraw the Engineer's Logs

Geotechnical engineers prepare final boring and testing logs based upon their interpretation of field logs and laboratory data. To prevent errors or omissions, the logs included in a geotechnical engineering report should *never* be redrawn for inclusion in architectural or other design drawings. Only photographic or electronic reproduction is acceptable, *but recognize that separating logs from the report can elevate risk.*

Give Contractors a Complete Report and Guidance

Some owners and design professionals mistakenly believe they can make contractors liable for unanticipated subsurface conditions by limiting what they provide for bid preparation. To help prevent costly problems, give contractors the complete geotechnical engineering report, *but* preface it with a clearly written letter of transmittal. In that letter, advise contractors that the report was not prepared for purposes of bid development and that the report's accuracy is limited; encourage them to confer with the geotechnical engineer who prepared the report (a modest fee may be required) and/or to conduct additional study to obtain the specific types of information they need or prefer. A prebid conference can also be valuable. *Be sure contractors have sufficient time* to perform additional study. Only then might you be in a position to give contractors the best information available to you, while requiring them to at least share some of the financial responsibilities stemming from unanticipated conditions.

Read Responsibility Provisions Closely

Some clients, design professionals, and contractors do not recognize that geotechnical engineering is far less exact than other engineering disciplines. This lack of understanding has created unrealistic expectations that

have led to disappointments, claims, and disputes. To help reduce the risk of such outcomes, geotechnical engineers commonly include a variety of explanatory provisions in their reports. Sometimes labeled "limitations" many of these provisions indicate where geotechnical engineers' responsibilities begin and end, to help others recognize their own responsibilities and risks. *Read these provisions closely.* Ask questions. Your geotechnical engineer should respond fully and frankly.

Geoenvironmental Concerns Are Not Covered

The equipment, techniques, and personnel used to perform a *geoenviron-mental* study differ significantly from those used to perform a *geotechnical* study. For that reason, a geotechnical engineering report does not usually relate any geoenvironmental findings, conclusions, or recommendations; e.g., about the likelihood of encountering underground storage tanks or regulated contaminants. *Unanticipated environmental problems have led to numerous project failures*. If you have not yet obtained your own geoenvironmental information, ask your geotechnical consultant for risk management guidance. *Do not rely on an environmental report prepared for someone else*.

Obtain Professional Assistance To Deal with Mold

Diverse strategies can be applied during building design, construction, operation, and maintenance to prevent significant amounts of mold from growing on indoor surfaces. To be effective, all such strategies should be devised for the express purpose of mold prevention, integrated into a comprehensive plan, and executed with diligent oversight by a professional mold prevention consultant. Because just a small amount of water or moisture can lead to the development of severe mold infestations, a number of mold prevention strategies focus on keeping building surfaces dry. While groundwater, water infiltration, and similar issues may have been addressed as part of the geotechnical engineering study whose findings are conveyed in this report, the geotechnical engineer in charge of this project is not a mold prevention consultant; none of the services performed in connection with the geotechnical engineer's study were designed or conducted for the purpose of mold prevention. Proper implementation of the recommendations conveyed in this report will not of itself be sufficient to prevent mold from growing in or on the structure involved.

Rely, on Your ASFE-Member Geotechncial Engineer for Additional Assistance

Membership in ASFE/The Best People on Earth exposes geotechnical engineers to a wide array of risk management techniques that can be of genuine benefit for everyone involved with a construction project. Confer with you ASFE-member geotechnical engineer for more information.



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APPENDIX C Test Pit Logs (H&K, 2016) Boring and Test Pit Logs (Lumos & Assoc., 2008) Boring Logs (Kleinfelder, 2007)

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| Logg | | - | C. Borean | | | | otal Dep | | | feet | | | | | | |
| Date | Log | ged | : 8-19-2008 | | | W | ater De | epth: | No | grou | undw | ater | enco | ount | ered | |
| Drill | Туре |): | Mobile Drill B-47 | | | G | round E | Elev.: | No | t Sur | veye | d | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Sneiby Tube Signature Modified California B Base | andard blit Spoon PT) ag ample SCRIPTION | California Sampler <u> </u> | er | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | | | SCRIFTION | | 0.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <u>x 1/2</u> 1/2 - <u>x 1/2</u> - <u>x 1/2</u> - <u>x 1/2</u> - <u>x 1/2</u> - <u>x 1/2</u> | X | Asphalt Concrete Topsoil - Silty Sand, red slightly moist, very loose Silty Sand (decomposed | e, organics. d granite), ye | ellowish red, | _0, 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - | | X | 10YR 5/6, slightly moist | , medium de | INSE. | 7.5 | 15 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X | Silty Sand (weathered g slightly moist, very dens | | vn, 7.5YR 5/4 | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 10 | | X Z Z | Light yellowish brown, 2 drilling. | .5Y 6/3, swit | tch to air rota | ary | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 15 - | | Z | 1.75 minutes for 5 foot a | advancemen | ıt. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 20 | | Z | 2.25 minutes for 5 foot a | advancemen | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 25 - | | \vdash | 2.75 minutes for 5 foot a | dvancemen | | 25.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 25 - | | | Boring terminated at 25 feet. Boring backfilled with drill cuttings and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Lumos & Associate | es, Inc. | | | Βοι | ulder | Bay | | | | | T | | TF |
| LU | | | 3259 Esplanade, Suite Chico, CA 95973 530-899-9503 Fax: 530-899-9649 www.lumosengineering | | LOG O | FE | | | • | DRY | ′ ВС | DRI | NG | | A- | _ |
| | & A. | SSO | CIATES www.iumosengineening | Jo | ob Number: 713 | 9.000 | | | | D | ate: S | epterr | nber 20 | 300 | | |

| She | et 1 | 0 | f 1 | | | | | | | | BO | RIN | IG I | No. | B-2 | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Logg | | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | • | | 5 fee | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - | - | : 8-19-2008 | | | Water De | • | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | | | | | | |
| Drill | Туре |): | Mobile Drill B-4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube Modified California | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) B Bag Sample | California Sampler ¥ Static Water Table | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) | | | | | |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | #) | 0 | | | | | | | |
| | | \times | Silty Sand (weatl | gray, slightly mois hered granite), bro y moist, very dens | ownish yellow, | 50+ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z Z | Light brownish g | ray, 2.5Y 6/2. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 10 | | Z 7 | Grayish brown, 2 advancement. Light yellowish b | 2.5Y 5/2. 2 minute rown, 2.5Y 6/3. | es for 5 feet | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 15 — - 15 — | | Z | advancement. | ray, 2.5Y 6/2. 3 m | 15 | 7.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | | 5Y 5/1, very hard. feet advancemen | ıt. | al, 9.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Boring terminated at 19.5 f Boring backfilled with drill c | eet. euttings and tamped at the sur | rface. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LU | | | 3259 Esplana Chico, CA 95 530-899-9503 | 5973 3 | LOG OF | | ulder OR | • | DRY | ' BC | | NG | | PLA A- | | | | | | |
| -0 | & A | sso | CIATES www.lumoser | ngineering.com | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | D | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | 300 | <i>,</i> -\ | - | | | | | |
| She | et 1 | of | 2 | | | | | | | | BO | RIN | IG I | No. | B-3 |
|------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Logg | - | • | C. Borean | | | Total De | • | | feet | _ | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-15 -2008 | - | | Water D | • | | - | | ater | enco | ount | ered | |
| Drill | l ype |): | Mobile Drill B | | | Ground I | =lev.: | NO | t Sur | veye | ed | | | . – – | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) | California Sampler | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % : #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| De | Grap | Samp | California | Sample | [–] Table | Blov | No. Con Con | Vei | ביבן | Pla | Gra (3" - # | (#4 - #2 | Fin (< #20 | | Othe (See |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | te. Clay and Gravel, b noist, medium dens | orown, 7.5YR 5/4 | , , | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 16 | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - | | | | Gravel, Cobbles an 5/4, slightly moist, r | nd Boulders, | 21 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | \mathbf{X} | | | | 22 | | | | | | | | | |
| - 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Auger refusal o drilling. | on boulder, switch to | o air rotary | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 15 - | | \times | | Gravel, very dark on the series of the serie | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 3.5 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Silty Sand (weather brown, 2.5Y 6/3 | athered granite), lig 3, very dense. | ht yellowish | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 20 - | | Ζ | Switch to air ro | tary drilling. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| " - 25 - | | | Light brownish foot advancement | gray, 2.5Y 6/2, 2.7 ent. | 5 minutes for 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 30 - | <u></u> | | | Associates, Inc. | | Bo | ulder | Bay | I | I | I | I | | | TE |
| LU | M | 4 os | Chico, CA 530-899-95 Fax: 530-8 | 03 | LOG OF | | OR | ΑΤΟ | | | | | | 4- 3 | 3.1 |
| | Q A | 5500 | JAIES | 5 5 | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | D | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | 300 | | |

| She | et 2 | 2 0 | 2 | | | | | BO | RIN | IG I | No. | B-3 | (C | ON. | T'D) |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Logg | | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | - | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-15 -2008 | | | Water De | | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Туре | э: г г | Mobile Drill B | | | Ground I | Elev.: | No | t Sur | veye | r | 1 | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube Modified California | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) B Bag Sample | California Sampler Static Water Table | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 2.75 minutes fo Light yellowish foot advancem | gray, 2.5Y 6/2. 5.5 ent. | ent. I minutes for 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 55 - | | Z | advancement. Grayish brown Light brownish foot advancem Boring terminated at 55 | gray, 2.5Y 6/2. 6.2 ent. | 25 minutes for 55 | | | | | | | | | | |
| LU | M | | 3259 Espla Chico, CA 530-899-95 Fax: 530-8 | 503 999-9649 | LOG OF | | ulder OR | - | DRY | ΄ ΒC | DRI | NG | | PLA A- 3 | |
| | & A | sso | CIATES www.iumos | sengineering.com | Job Number: 7139 | 000 | | | Da | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | | | |

| She | et 1 | of | 2 | | | | | | | | | BO | RIN | GN | lo. | B-4 |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Logg | - | - | C. Borean | | | | Total De | - | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-19-2008 | | | | Water De | • | | | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Туре | : | Mobile Drill B- | 47 | | | Ground E | Elev.: | No | t Sur | veye | 1 | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube Modified California | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) B Bag Sample | I Sam ⊻ Stati Tabl | c Water | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| · · | | | Asphalt concret Silty Sand, light moist, medium o | yellowish brown 2 | .5Y 6/4, sl | | 20 | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - - 5 - | | X | | thered granite), lig , sightly moist, me ary drilling. | | | 64 | | | | | | | | | |
| - 10 - | | Ζ | Light olive brow | | | 6 m F | | | | | | | | | | |
| · · | | Z Z | Light yellowish t foot advanceme | orown, 2.5Y 6/3. 2 ent. | ? minutes f | for 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 15 - | | Z | 1.5 minutes for | 5 foot advancemer | nt. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 20 | | Ζ | Light olive brow | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | Light yellowish t foot advanceme | orown, 2.5Y 6/3. 3 ent. | 3.25 minute | es for 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 25 - | | Z | 3 minutes for 5 | foot advancement. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | Lumos & A | Associates, Inc. | | | Boi | ulder | Bav | | | | | T, | <u>۸</u> וכ | TE |
| LU | | | 3259 Esplan Chico, CA 9 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 | ade, Suite 102 5973)3 9-9649 | LOC | g of | EXPL | | | DRY | ' BC | DRI | NG | | _ | те 4.1 |
| | & AS | ssoc | CIATES www.lumose | Job Number | r: 7139.0 | 00 | | | D | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | | - | | |

| She | eet | 2 (| of 2 | | | | BOF | RING | No. | B-4 | (C | ON | Г'D) |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| Log | - | - | C. Borean | | Total De | - | 35 fe | | | | | | |
| | | | 1: 8-19-2008 | | Water D | - | | ground | | enco | unte | ered | |
| Drill | Тур | e: | Mobile Drill B-47 | | Ground | Elev.: | Not | Survey | ved | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube Standard Split Spo (SPT) | on Sampler | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % Plasticity | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| Dep Fe | Graph | Sample | Modified California Bag Sample | | Blows | Mois | Dry Weigh | Plas | Grav (3" - #4 | San (#4 - #20 | Fine (< #200 | G | Other (See L |
| | <u> </u> | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | |
| - - - 35 - | | Z | 2.5 minutes for 5 foot advance Light olive brown, 2.5Y 5/3. | 3. 3.5 minutes for 5 | 5.0 | | | | | | | | |
| LUMOS LOG / 139000.GFJ OS LAB.GDT 9/11/08 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Ļ | Lumos & Associates, Inc 3259 Esplanade, Suite 102 Chico, CA 95973 530-899-9503 | LOG OF | | ulder OR | - | RY B | ORI | NG | | PLA | |
| LU | | O. SSC | Fax: 530-899-9649 Www.lumosengineering.com | Job Number: 7139 | 000 | | | Date: | Septer | nber 20 | | 4-4 | 1.2 |

| She | et 1 | lo | 2 | | | | | | | BO | RIN | G I | No. | B-5 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| Logg | jed E | By: | C. Borean | | Total De | | | feet | | | | | | |
| Date | Log | ged | 8-14-2008 | | Water De | epth: | No | groι | Indw | ater | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Туре | : : | Mobile Drill B-47 | | Ground E | Elev.: | No | t Sur | veye | ed | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube Standard Split Spoon (SPT) Modified | California Sampler Static Water Table | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - - 5 - - 10 - - 10 - | | | Asphalt concrete. Undocumented Fill - Silty Sand with Gr olive brown, 2.5Y 5/4, slightly moist, loc Silty Sand (weathered granite), light oli 2.5Y 5/4, slightly moist, medium dense Light yellowish brown, 2.5Y 6/4, very de switch to air rotary drilling. Light olive brown, 2.5Y 6/3, very de switch to air rotary drilling. Light yellowish brown, 2.5Y 6/3. Light yellowish brown, 2.5Y 6/3. Light gray, 2.5Y 7/1. Light yellowish brown, 2.5Y 6/3. Pale yellow, 2.5Y 7/3. Light yellow brown, 2.5Y 6/3. 6.25 min foot advancement. | avel, light ose. ve brown, ense. ense. @ 10 | 8 5 25 50+ 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 30 | <u>j</u> | | Lumos & Associates, Inc. | | Bou | ulder | Bay | | | | | Τ | | |
| LU | | | 3259 Esplanade, Suite 102 Chico, CA 95973 530-899-9503 Fax: 530-899-9649 | LOG OF | EXPL | OR/ | ATC | DRY | BC | DRI | NG | | ۹_۲ | 5.1 |
| 20 | & A. | SSO | www.lumosengineering.com | lumber: 7139.0 | 000 | | | Da | ate: S | Septerr | ber 20 | | ~~`\ | |

| Sheet | | | | | | | | IG I | No. | B-5 | (C | ON ⁻ | Γ'D) |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| Logged | - | C. Borean | | otal Dep | | | feet | | | | | | |
| | | 8-14-2008 | | Vater De | • | | - | | | enco | ount | ered | |
| Drill Typ | be: | Mobile Drill B-47 | C | Ground E | Elev.: | No | t Sur | veye | | | | | |
| Depth in Feet Graphic Log | Sample Type | California D Sample Table | oler Water | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 35 | | Light brownish gray, 2.5Y 6/2. 7 minutes for advancement. Light yellowish brown, 2.5Y 6/3. Light olive brown, 2.5Y 5/4. 6 minutes for 5 f advancement. Light olive brown, 2.5Y 5/3. 8 minutes for 5 f advancement. | oot | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | advancement. Granite, light olive brown, 2.5Y 5/3, very hard minutes for 5 foot advancement. Light yellow brown, 2.5Y 6/3. Light olive brown, 2.5Y 5/3. 22.5 minutes for advancement. Boring terminated at 55 feet. Boring backfilled with drill cuttings and tamped at the surface. | |) | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Lumos & Associates, Inc. | | Roi | ulder | Bay | | | | | T | י ור | тг |
| | | 3259 Esplanade, Suite 102 | | DUL | NUGI | Jay | | | | | | PLA | IE |
| LUN | | | | | OR | ΑΤΟ | | | | NG | | A- { | 5.2 |

| She | et 1 | l of | 2 | | | | | | | | BO | RIN | IG N | lo. | B-6 |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| Log | - | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | - | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-12-2008 | - | | Water D | • | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Type |): | Mobile Drill B | | | Ground | =lev.: | NO | t Sur | veye | ed | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) D Bag | California Sampler | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % : #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| ĕ – | Grag | Sam | California | Sample | Table | Blo | ≚ S | Vei | [] | | Gra (3" - ≠ | Sa (#4 - #; | Fir (< #2(|) | Othe (See |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| | | \times | Cobbles, dark b | Fill - Sandy Silt wi prown, 7.5YR 5/3 to moderately dense | o very dark brow | n, 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - - 5 - | | X | Dark yellowish medium dense. | brown, 10YR 3/6, s | slightly moist, | 15 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Yellowish brow | | | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| - 10 - | | | | athered granite), lig ly moist, dense. | ht brownish gray | 30 | | | | | | | | | |
| - · | | | Light olive brow | ın, 2.5Y 5/4, very d | ense. | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 15 - | | X | | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X | No recovery. | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 20 - | | × | Light olive brow | ın, 2.5Y 5/3. | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | | | No recovery. | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 00 - 30 | | | Lumos & | Associates, Inc. | | Bo | ulder | Bay | | | | | 1, | | TF |
| LU | M | A os | Chico, CA 530-899-95 Fax: 530-8 | 03 | LOG OF | | OR | ΑΤΟ | | | | | | _ | 5.1 |
| | Q A | 55UL | JAIES | 5 5 | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | D | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | 300 | | |

| She | et 2 | 2 of | 2 | | | | | | BO | RIN | IG I | No. | B-6 | 5 (C | ON. | T'D) |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Logo | - | - | C. Borean | | | | Total De | | 45 | feet | | | | | | |
| | | | 8-12-2008 | - | | | Water De | - | | | | | enco | ount | ered | |
| Drill | l ype |): | Mobile Drill B- | | | | Ground E | =lev.: | No | t Sur | veye | ed | 1 | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube Modified California | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) Bag Sample | Ĭ Į | California Sampler Static Water Table | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | ιώ – | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | Ľ | | | | | (3 | # | <u>v</u> | | 0 0 |
| | | \dashv | | | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Olive, 5Y 4/4. | | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 40 - | | _ | No recovery. | | | 4 | 5.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Boring terminated at 45 fr Boring backfilled with drill | eet. I cuttings and tamped at the sur | face. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Lumos 8 | Associates, Inc. | | | De | Idar | Por í | | | | | | | |
| | M | | 3259 Esplan Chico, CA 9 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 | nade, Suite 102 95973 03 99-9649 | L | _OG OF | | ulder OR | - | DRY | ′ ВС | DRI | NG | | PLA A-(| те 6.2 |
| | & A | SSO | CIATES www.lumose | engineering.com | Job Nu | umber: 7139. | 000 | | | D | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | | _ | |

| She | et 1 | of | 2 | | | | | | | | BO | RIN | IG N | lo. | B-7 |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| Logo | - | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | - | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-11-2008 | | | Water D | • | | - | | ater | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Туре |): | Mobile Drill B- | -47 | | Ground | Elev.: | No | t Sur | veye | ed | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube Modified California | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) Bag Sample | California Sampler <u>Y</u> Static Water Table | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 10YR 7/3, faint dry, dense. | Fill - Silty Sand, ve motteling ~20% ye Fill - Sandy silt, ve | llow, 10YR 7/6, | 35 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | \square | 10YR 8/2, dry, r | | | 32 | | | | | | | | | |
| | \bigotimes | \wedge | | | | 9.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| - 10 - | | X | | thered granite), lig y moist, very dens | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X | Pale olive yellow | N, 2.5Y 6/6. | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 15 - | | \times | | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 20 | | | Pale olive, 5Y 6 | /4 | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X | Olive, 5Y 5/4. | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | | 1 | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| LU | | | | Associates, Inc. nade, Suite 102 | | Во | ulder | Вау | | | | | | PLA | TE |
| LU | M | 4 os | Chico, CA 9 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 | 95973 03 | LOG OF | | OR | ΑΤΟ | | | | | | 4-7 | 7.1 |
| | 24 | | | | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | D | aເອ. ວ | Septerr | | 500 | | |

| | | 2 of | | | | | | | | IG I | No. | B-7 | (C | ON [.] | T'D) |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-----|---------------|----------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| Logo | - | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | - | | feet | - دام من | | <u></u> | | | |
| Date Drill | | | 8-11-2008 Mobile Drill B- | .47 | | Water De Ground I | - | | groເ t Sur | | | enco | ounte | erea | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube Modified California | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) Bag Sample | California Sampler Static Water Table | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | | | _ | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | No recovery. | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 40 - - 45 - | | | No recovery. | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 50 - | | | No recovery. | | 55 | 5.0 <u>50+</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| - 55 - | | | Boring backfilled with drill | eet. I cuttings and tamped at the su | rface. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Lumos & / | Associates, Inc. | | Bo | ulder | Bay | | | | | Г | | TE |
| LU | M | | Chico, CA 9 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 |)3 | LOG OF | | OR | ΑΤΟ | | | | | | | 7.2 |
| | & A | 550 | CIATES www.iumose | J | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | D | ate: S | Septen | nber 20 | 800 | | |

| She | et 1 | of | 2 | | | | | | | | | BO | RIN | GN | lo. | B-8 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Logo | - | - | C. Borean | | | | al Dej | | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-18-2008 | - | | | ter De | • | | grou | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Type |): | Mobile Drill B | | | Gro | und E | =lev.: | NO | t Sur | veye | | | | | 1 |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) | California Sampler | | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| Der | Grapl | Samp | Modified California | Bag Sample | | er | Blow | Cont | Dry Weig | Lin | Plas | Grav (3" - # | Sar (#4 - #2 | Fine (< #20 | U U | Othel (See L |
| | | | Lindooumontod | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Fill - Silty Sand, br tly moist, medium o | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | <u> </u> | | omposed granite), 4, slightly moist, me | | 4.0 | 19 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 21011, 2101 0, | , olgi liy molol, mo | | | 15 | | | | | | | | | |
| - · · | | X | | | | | 22 | | | | | | | | | |
| - · | | X | · | 5Y 6/6, medium de | | 12.5 | 27 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | X | Sildy Sand (we 2.5Y 6/4, very c | athered granite), ue dense. | ellowish brown, | , | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 15 - | | | Switch to air rot | tary drilling. | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | Light olive brow | vn, 2.5Y 5/3 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 20 - | | Z | 2 minutes for 5 | foot advancement. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | Light brownish | gray, 2.5Y 6/2. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 25 - | | Z | Pale yellow, 2.5 advancement. | 5Y 7/3. 3.25 minute | es for 5 foot | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 25 - - 25 - | | Z | Light yellowish | brown, 2.5Y 6/3. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 30 - | <u> [</u> | /_ | | Associates, Inc. | | | Βοι | l ulder | Bay | | | | | T | | |
| ,,,, | | A | Chico, CA 530-899-95 Fax: 530-8 | 03 99-9649 | LOG O | FEX | (PL | OR | ΑΤΟ | DRY | ' BC | DRII | NG | | Δ_۶ | 3.1 |
| | & A | ssoc | CIATES www.lumos | engineering.com | Job Number: 713 | 9.000 | | | | D | ate: S | eptem | ber 20 | | | |

| | | 2 of | 2 | | | | | BO | RIN | IG I | No. | B-8 | (C | ON. | Γ'D) |
|------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| Logo | | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | - | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-18-2008 | 47 | | Water D | • | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | i ype I |): | Mobile Drill B | | | Ground | =iev.: | NO | t Sur | veye | a | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) | California Sampler | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | ticity x, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| Dep | Graph | Sampl | Modified California | Bag Sample | Y Static Water Table | Blows | Conte | Dry Weig | Lin_io | Plas | Grav (3" - #4 | San (#4 - #20 | Fine (< #20(| CI | Other (See L |
| _ | | | 4.05 minutos fo | or 5 foot advanceme | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | Ζ | 4.23 minutes to | i 5 loot auvancem | ent. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 35 - | | Ζ | 6 minutes for 5 | foot advancement. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | Light olive brow | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 40 - | | | Light olive brow advancement. | /n 2.5Y 4/3. 5.5 mi | inutes for 5 foot4 | 0.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Boring terminated at 40 Boring backfilled with dri | feet. Il cuttings and tamped at the su | rface. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11/08 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LUMOS_LOG /138000.6PJ US_LAB.GD1 9/11/08 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| /139000.6FJ 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MOS_LOG | | | l umos & | Associates, Inc. | | | | Bay | | | | | Τ. | | |
| 3 | | 4 | 3259 Esplar Chico, CA 530-899-95 | nade, Suite 102 95973 03 | LOG OF | | ulder OR | - | DRY | ′ B(| DRI | NG | | | |
| LU | & A | US SSOI | Fax: 530-89 Www.lumos | 99-9649 engineering.com | Job Number: 7139 | 000 | | | D | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | | 4-8 |).Z |

| She | et 1 | of | 2 | | | | | | | | BO | RIN | GN | No. | B-9 |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| Logo | - | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | - | | 5 fee | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-15-2008 | | | Water D | • | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Туре |): | Mobile Drill B- | | | Ground | Elev.: | No | t Sur | veye | ed 📃 | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby Tube | Standard Split Spoon (SPT) | California Sampler | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % #200 Sieve) | CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| De | Grap | Samp | Modified California | Bag Sample | Y Static Water Table | Blow | Cont | Dry Weię | Ľ Ľ | Pla | Gra (3" - # | Saı (#4 - #2 | Fin (< #20 | 0 | Othe (See I |
| | \mathbb{X} | | Undocumented | Fill - Sandy Silt wi | | | | | | | | | | | |
| · · | | | Cobbles, brown medium dense. | , 7.5YR 4/4, dry to | slightly moist, | | | | | | | | | | |
| · · | | X | | | | 37 | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 | | | Silty Sand (wea slightly moist, ve | thered granite), pa ery dense. | ale olive, 5Y 6/3-4 | 4 , 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| | | \times | | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| - 10 | | | | | | 50+ | | | | | | | | | |
| · · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 15 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Olive yellow, 2. | 5Y 6/6. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 20 | | Ζ | | | t o duo so co co t | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | Olive, 5Y 5/3. 3 | 3 minutes for 5 foot | t advancement. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | Pale olive, 5Y 6 | /3. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 25 - - 25 - | | Z | 3 minutes for 5 | foot advancement. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| · · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 30 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | - | | Associates, Inc. | | Во | ulder | Bay | | | | | | | TE |
| LU | M | 4 os | Chico, CA 9 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 | 03 | LOG OF | EXPL | OR | ΑΤΟ | | | | | | 4-9 | 9.1 |
| | & A | SSOC | HATES www.lumose | Engineening.com | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | Da | ate: S | Septerr | ber 20 | | | |

| She | et 2 | of | 2 | | | | BOF | RING | No. | B-9 (| CON | T'D) |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Logg | jed E | By: | C. Borean | | Total De | epth: | 37.5 | feet | | | | |
| Date | Log | ged: | 8-15-2008 | | Water D | epth: | Nog | ground | water | encou | ntered | |
| Drill | Туре | : | Mobile Drill B-47 | | Ground | Elev.: | Not | Survey | ed | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Shelby TubeStandard Split Spoon (SPT)Modified | California Sampler Y Static Water Table | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Limit, % Plasticity | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) Fines, % | (< #200 Sieve) CBR | Other Tests (See Legend) |
| | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | <i>‡</i>) | _ | |
| | | Z | 5 minutes for 5 foot advancement. Granite, light gray, 5Y 7/2, very ha | 32 | 2.5 | | | | | | | |
| - 35 | | Z | 10 minutes for 5 foot advancemen | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Practical refusal. 38 minutes for 2 advancement. Boring terminated at 37.5 feet. Boring backfilled with drill cuttings and tamped at the sur | | 7.5 | | | | | | | |
| SOMU- | | | Lumos & Associates, Inc. | | Bo | ulder | Bay | I | <u> </u> | | PLA | |
| LU | M | | 3259 Esplanade, Suite 102 Chico, CA 95973 530-899-9503 Fax: 530-899-9649 www.lumosengineering.com | LOG OF | | | - | | | | A-9 | |
| | & A. | 5501 | CIATES www.iumosengineering.com | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | Date: | Septem | ber 2008 | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | TE | EST | PI | ΓΝ | <u>э. Т</u> | P-1 |
|------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Logg | | - | C. Borean | | | Tota | al Dep | th: | 8 fe | et | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-13-2008 | | | | er Dep | | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Туре | : | CAT 416B | | | Gro | und El | lev.: | Not | t Sur | veye | d | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Percolation Test | Split Spoon | Ziplock Sample | | SPT (N) Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | R-Value | Expansion Index |
| Der | Grapł | Samp | California Sampler | Bulk Sample | | er | Blow | Cont | Dry Weig | Lin | Plas Inde | Grav (3" - #4 | Sar (#4 - #2 | Fin∈ (< #20(| R-V | Expans |
| | | | Asphalt concrete | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 1 - | | Z | Undocumented | Fill - Silty Sand v rown, 10YR 3/3, | with Gravel and slightly moist, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 2 - | \times | Z | Silty Sand with 0 brown, 10YR 4/4 | Gravel and Cobb 4, slightly moist, | oles, dark yellowi medium dense. | sh | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 3 - | | | Silty Sand with (Boulders, brown medium dense. | Gravel, common lish yellow, 10YF | Cobbles, comm R 6/8, slightly mo | on ist, | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 4 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - | | Z | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 6 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 7 - | | | Practical refusal | difficult digging | , boulders, unsa | fe | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 8 - | | | hole. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | Test pit terminated at 8 fee Test Pits backfilled without | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4 | 3259 Esplan Chico, CA 9 | | LOG C |)F EX | Boul | | - | RY | TES | ST F | РІТ | | PLA | TE |
| LU | M & AS | DS ssoc | 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 CIATES www.lumose | | Job Number: 713 | | | | - | | | | ber 20 | | A- ′ | 10 |

| | | | | | | | | | | TE | EST | ' PI | ΓΝ | э. Т | P-2 |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Logg | | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | - | 6 fe | | | | | | | |
| | | | 8-13-2008 | | | Water D | | | | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Туре |): | CAT 416B | | | Ground | Elev.: | No | t Sur | veye | ed | | | | |
| h in et | ic Log | e Type | Percolation Test | Split Spoon | Ziplock Sample | (N) /Foot | ture nt, % | Jnit it, pcf | uid %,; | icity <, % | el, % Sieve) | I, % 0 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | alue | on Index |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | California Sampler | B Bulk Sample | | SPT (N) Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sid | Fines (< #200 | R-Value | Expansion Index |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | ت ا | | | ш |
| | +. | | Asphalt concrete | e. omposed granite), | polo olivo EV | 2/2 | | | | | | | | | |
| | +++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++ | | slightly moist, de | ense, difficult diggi | ing. | 5/3, | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Test pit terminated at 6 feet Test Pits backfilled without | t. compaction verification | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Associates, Inc. ade, Suite 102 | | Bo | ulder | Bay | | | | | T | PLA | TE |
| LU | | | Chico, CA 9 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 | 5973 3 | LOG C | F EXPL | OR | ٩ΤΟ | RY | TES | ST F | PIT | | A- ' | 11 |
| LU | & A | ssoc | | ngineering.com | Job Number: 713 | 9.000 | | | D | ate: S | Septerr | ber 20 | | | 11 |

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|---------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | | jed E | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | | | feet | | | | | _ | |
| | | - | - | 8-13-2008 | | | Water De | • | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| ŀ | ווויט | Туре | ;: | CAT 416B | | | Ground E | =iev.: | NO. | t Sur | veye | ≠α ∣ | _ | | | |
| Donth in | epun m Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Percolation Test | Split Spoon | Ziplock Sample | SPT (N) Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | R-Value | Expansion Index |
| Č | | Grap | Samp | Sampler | B Bulk Sample | ⁻ Table | Blow P | Cont | Dry Weiç | Lin | Pla | Gra (3" - # | Saı (#4 - #2 | Fin (< #20 | R-\ | Expans |
| _ | | | | Apphalt apparet | SOIL DESCRIPTIO | N | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 - | | Z | Asphalt concrete Undocumented light yellowish bi medium dense. | s. Fill - Silty Sand w rown, 2.5Y 6/4, s | vith trace Gravel, lightly moist, | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Silty Sand (weat | hered granite), p | ale yellow, 2.5Y | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | 2 - | | Ζ | 7/3, slightly mois | st, very dense, di | fficult digging. | | | | | | | | | | |
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| DT 9/11/08 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| JS_LAB.GI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9000.GPJ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PAGE 713 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LUMOS_TP_FULL_PAGE 7139000.GPJ US_LAB.GDT 9/11/08 | | | | Test pit terminated at 2.6 fe Test Pits backfilled without | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LUMOS | | | | Lumos & A | Associates, Inc. ade, Suite 102 | | Bo | ulder | Bay | | | • | | F | PLA | TE |
| 1 | LU | M | 4 OS | Chico, CA 99 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 | 5973 3 | LOG OF | | OR | λΤΟ | | | | | | A -' | 12 |
| L | | & A | 5500 | CIATES www.iumose | | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | Da | ate: S | Septer | nber 20 | 800 | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | TE | EST | ' PI | ΓΝ | o. T | P-4 |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Logg | | - | C. Borean | | | Total De | | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-13-2008 | | | Water De | | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Type | : | CAT 416B | | | Ground E | =lev.: | NO | t Sur | veye | d | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Percolation Test | Split Spoon | Ziplock Sample | SPT (N) Blows/Foot | ture int, % | Unit it, pcf | uid t, % | ticity x, % | el, % Sieve) | 1, % 0 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | R-Value | Expansion Index |
| Depi Fe | Graph | Sample | California Sampler | B Bulk Sample | | SPT Blows | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sie | Fine: (< #200 | R-V | Expansio |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTIO | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| | \bigotimes | | some Gravel an | Fill - Silty Sand/S d Cobbles, light y slightly moist, m | ellowish brown, | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 1 - | \bigotimes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 2 - | | В | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 3 - | \bigotimes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \bigotimes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 4 - | \times | | brown, 2.5Y 6/4 | omposed granite) , slightly moist, m | , light yellowish noderately dense, | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - | | | difficult digging. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 6 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Z | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 7 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 8 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 9 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | Test pit terminated at 9.5 fe Test Pits backfilled without | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | | | ssociates, Inc. | | Bou | ulder | Bay | | | | | | PLA | TE |
| LU | | | 3259 Esplan Chico, CA 9 530-899-950 Fax: 530-89 | 3 | LOG OI | EXPL | OR/ | ато | RY | TE | ST F | PIT | | A- ' | |
| LU | & AS | 5500 | | ngineering.com | Job Number: 7139. | 000 | | | D | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | | ~- | IJ |

| | | | | | | | | | | | TE | EST | ' PI | ΓΝ | э. Т | P-5 |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Logg | | - | C. Borean | | | | Total De | • | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-13-2008 | | | | Water D | | | - | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | l ype |): | CAT 416B | | | | Ground | =lev.: | No | t Sur | veye | d | | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Percolation Test | Split Spoon | | Ziplock Sample | SPT (N) Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Unit it, pcf | uid t, % | ticity x, % | Gravel, % ' - #4 Sieve) | d, % 0 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | R-Value | on Index |
| Depi | Graph | Sample | California Sampler | B Bulk Sample | - | Static Water Table | SPT | Mois Conte | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sie | Fine: (< #200 | R-V. | Expansion Index |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTIO | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Cobbles, light ye moist, loose to r | Fill - Silty Sand v ellowish brown, 1 nedium dense. | 0YR 6/- | 4, slightly | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 1 - | \bigotimes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 2 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 3 - | | B | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 4 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \bigotimes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - | \bigotimes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Silty Sand (deco 7/4, slightly mois | omposed granite) st, dense. | , pale y | ellow, 5Y | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 6 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 7 - | | Ζ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 8 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 9 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Test pit terminated at 9.4 fe Test Pits backfilled without | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | | Lumos & A | Associates, Inc. | | | Во | ulder | Bay | | | | | T | PLA | TF |
| , , , | | | Chico, CA 9 530-899-950 | 3 | | LOG OI | | | - | RY | TE | ST F | PIT | | Α-′ | |
| LU | & A | ssoc | CIATES www.lumose | ngineering.com | Job Nu | ımber: 7139. | 000 | | | D | ate: S | epterr | ber 20 | | | 14 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | TE | EST | PI | ΓΝ | o. T | P-6 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Logg | | • | C. Borean | | | | l Dept | | | feet | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 8-13-2008 | | | | er Dep | | | grou | | | enco | ounte | ered | |
| Drill | Туре | : | CAT 416B | | | Grou | und El | ev.: | No | t Sur | veye | ed 📃 | 1 | | | |
| Depth in Feet | Graphic Log | Sample Type | Percolation Test California Sampler | Split Spoon B Bulk Sample | Ziplock Sample <u>Y</u> Static Wate Table | r Ec | Blows/Foot | Moisture Content, % | Dry Unit Weight, pcf | Liquid Limit, % | Plasticity Index, % | Gravel, % (3" - #4 Sieve) | Sand, % (#4 - #200 Sieve) | Fines, % (< #200 Sieve) | R-Value | Expansion Index |
| | | | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 1 - - 2 - - 3 - | | В | Gravel and Cobl | Fill - Silty Sand to bles, light yellowis st, loose to mediu s throughout. | sh brown, 10YR | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 4 - | \bigotimes | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 5 - - 6 - - 7 - | | | Gravel and Cobl | Fill - Sandy Silt to bles, brown, 10YF lense, metal debri | R 4/3. sliahtlv | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 8 - | \bigotimes | В | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 9 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - 10 - - 10 - - 11 - - 12 - | | | Test pit terminated at 12 fee Test Pits backfilled without | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | _ | | ssociates, Inc. | | | Boul | der | Bav | | | | | | PLA | TF |
| LU | M | | Chico, CA 99 530-899-950 Fax: 530-899 | 3 | LOG O | | | | - | | | | | | A-' | |
| | & AS | 500 | IATES www.iumose | <u> </u> | Job Number: 7139 | .000 | | | | Da | ate: S | Septerr | nber 20 | 300 | | |

| | | | | | | | | | - | 1 | | |
|---------------|------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| | - | Well Graphics | Well Design Info. | Air Pressure psi | Dry Density Ibs/ft3 | Moisture Content % | Blows/ Ft. | Percent Passing #200 | Sampi | USCS | SOIL DESCRIPTION | |
| | 0 - | | | | | | | | e | | ASPAHLT CONCRETE | |
| | 2 — | - | | | | | 35 | | | | YELLOW BROWN CLAYEY SAND WITH ORGANICS (SC) moist, firm, medium plasticity, fine to coarse sand. Color change to 10YR 2/2 | |
| | 4 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 7.5YR 3/3 Color change to 10YR 3/4 | |
| | 6 — | | | | | | 50/4" | | | | YELLOW CLEAN SAND (SP) (decomposed granite) slightly moist, very dense, non-plastic fines, fine to coarse sand, trace fine gravel. Color change to 7.5YR 5/8 | |
| | 8 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 7.5YR 4/4 Color change to 10YR 5/6 Color change to 7.5YR 5/8 | |
| | 10 — | | | | | | 50/4" | | | | Color change to 7.5YR 4/6 | |
| | 12 – | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 7.5YR 5/6 | |
| DEPTH IN FEET | 14 — | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DEPTH | 16 — | | | | | | 50/3" | | ** | | Color change to 10YR 4/4 Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| | 18 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/4 | |
| | 20 - | | | | | | 50/3" | | * * | | Color change to 10YR 5/3 Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| | | | | | | | 00.0 | - | * * | | Color change to 10YR 5/2 | |
| | 22 – | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/2 | |
| | 24 – | | | | | | 50151 | | - | | Color chnage to 10YR 6/2 | |
| | 26 – | | | | | 8 | 50/5" | | | | No free water encountered. | |
| | 28 — | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 30 | DATE: TOTAL | DEPTH: | 1-17- 25.5 t | | | | | | OGGED I | | |
| | 5 | | KLEIN | IFELD | ER | | | | | | TAHOE BILTMORE PLATE | , |
| PRO. | JECT | NO. 7982 | 27.02 | | | | | | | CR | LOG OF B-1 | |

| | Well Graphics | Well Design Info, | Air Pressure | Dry Density | Moisture Content | Blows/ Ft. | Percent Passing | Samp | LICCO | SOIL DESCRIPTION | |
|--------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 0 — | | 1110. | psi | lbs/ft3 | % | | #200 | i e | 1 | ASPHALT CONCRETE | |
| 2 - | | | | | | 44 | | | | ASPHALT CONCRETE LIGHT BROWN CLAYEY SAND (SC) slig moist, medium dense, low plastic fines, fi coarse sand. Color change to 10YR 4/6 | htly ne to |
| 4 — | | | | | | 59 | | | | LIGHT BROWN CLEAN SAND (SP) (decomposed granite) dry, medium dense non-plastic fines, fine to coarse sand. | e, |
| 6 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 3/4 Color change to 10YR 5/8 | |
| 8 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| 10 — | | | | | | 50/5" | | * | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| 12 — | | | 8 | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| 14 — 16 — | | | | | | 50/5" | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| 18 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/4 Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| 20 — | | | | | | | | *: | Ā | Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| 22 – | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/4 | |
| 24 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/8 Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| 26 — | | | | | | 50/2" | | | | No free water encountered. | |
| 28 – | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | DATE: TOTAL | DEPTH: | 1-17 25.5 | -07 feet | | | | | LOGGED E EQUIPMEN | | |
| 1 | | KLEIN | NFELD | DER | | | | | | AHOE BILTMORE | PLATE |
| | NO 798 | 27.02 | | | | | | | CRY | STAL BAY, NEVADA | 6 |



| | | Well Graphics | Well Design Info. | Air Pressure | Dry Density Ibs/ft3 | Moisture | Blows/ Ft. | Percent Passing | S a E p | | SOIL DESCRIPTION | |
|---------------|-------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------|---------------|--------------------|---------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | 0 - | | | psi | IUS/ILO | % | | #200 | l e | | GRAVEL | |
| | 2 – | | | | | | 50/4" | | | | LIGHT BROWNISH GRAY CLAYEY SA (SC) slightly moist, very dense, low to m plastic fines, fine to coarse sand. Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| | 4 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| | 6 — | | | | | | 50/5" | | | | LIGHT BROWNISH GRAY CLEAN SAN (decomposed granite) slightly moist, ver non-plastic fines, fine to coarse sand. Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| | 8 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/4 Color change to 10YR 5/6 Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| | 10 — | | | | | | 50/5" | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/4 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| | 12 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| DEPTH IN FEET | 14 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| PTH I | | | | | | | 50/4" | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| DE | 16 - | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| | 01123 | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| | 18 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| | 20 - | | | | | | 50/2" | | ** | | Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| | 22 – | | | | | | | | | | No free water encountered. | |
| | 24 – | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 26 — | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 28 – | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 30 | DATE: | DEPTH: | 1-17-20.5 | | | | | | | | |
| | | IUIAL | | 20.5 | icet | | | | | EQUIPME | NT: MAYHEW 1000 | Laborary and Society |
| | 5 | | KLEIN | IFELD | ER | | | | | | TAHOE BILTMORE YSTAL BAY, NEVADA | PLATE |
| | JECT | NO. 798 | 27.02 | | | | | | | UR | | Ō |
| | 5201 | | | | | <u></u> | | | | | LOG OF B-4 | |

| | | | | | | | | S | 1 | | |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| | Well Graphics | Well Design Info. | Air Pressure psi | Dry Density Ibs/f13 | Moisture Content % | Blows/ Ft. | Percent Passing #200 | | USCS | SOIL DESCRIPTION | |
| 0 — | | | | | | | | e | | ASPHALT CONCRETE | _ |
| 2 — | | | | | | 50/4" | | | | LIGHT BROWN CLAYEY SAND (SC) slightly moist, very dense, low plastic fines, fine to coarse sand. Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| 4 — | | | - | | | | | | | YELLOW BROWN CLEAN SAND (SP) (decomposed granite) dry, medium dense, non-plastic fines, fine to coarse sand, trace | |
| 6 — | - | | | | | 31 | | | | organics. Color change to 10YR 4/4 Color change to 10YR 5/8 | |
| 135 | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/4 | |
| 8 — | | | | | | | | X | 7 5 | Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| 10 — | | | | | | 79 | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| 12 — | | | × | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/6 No organics | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| 14 — ≦ | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| 14 - 14 - 14 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - 16 - | | | | | | 50/5" | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/4, very dense, fine to medium sand Color change to 10YR 5/6 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 7.5YR 4/6 | |
| 18 — | | | | | | | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/6 | |
| 20 — | | | | | | 50.44 | | | | Color change to 10YR 4/4 | |
| | | | | | | 50/4" | | * : | 1.401.812 | Color change to 10YR 5/6 No free water encountered. | |
| 22 – | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 — | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 — | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28 — | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | DATE: | 1 | 1-17 | 7-07 | | | | | LOGGED | BY: D. ADAMS | |
| | TOTAL | DEPTH: | 20.5 | feet | | | | | EQUIPME | NT: MAYHEW 1000 | |
| | - 100 | | | | | | | | | TAHOE BILTMORE | PLATE |
| | | KLEII | VFELD | DER | | | | | | YSTAL BAY, NEVADA | 9 |
| ROJECT | NO. 798 | 327.02 | | | | | | | | LOG OF B-5 | |





APPENDIX D

Laboratory Test Results (H&K 2016) (Lumos & Assoc. 2008)



(530) 478-1305 - Fax (530) 478-1019 - 792 Searls Ave.- Nevada City, CA 95959 - A California Corporation



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(530) 478-1305 - Fax (530) 478-1019 - 792 Searls Ave.- Nevada City, CA 95959 - A California Corporation



DSA File #:

| | | | | | | | DSA Appl #: | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| roject No.: | 42118-01 | | Boulder Bay | | | | Date: | 4/7/2016 |
| ample No.: | 4-2 Boring/Trench: TP-4 Depth, (ft.): 4.5 | | | | | | Tested By: | |
| escription: | Greyish Brown (10YR 5/2) Silty Sand (SM) | | | | | | Checked By: | |
| ample Location: | | | | | | | Lab. No.: | 15-16-063 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| stimated % of Samp | le Retained on | | 3300% | Sar | mple Air Dried | d: yes | - | |
| est Method A or B: | | A | - | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | PLASTIC LIMIT: | - |
| ample No.: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| an ID: 't. Pan (gr) | LE 15.05 | AT 15.24 | LB 15.29 | | | MBE 15.24 | HK 14.94 | |
| t. Wet Soil + Pan (g | | 15.24 | 15.29 | | | 15.24 | 14.94 | |
| t. Dry Soil + Pan (g | | | | | | _ | | |
| t. Water (gr) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| t. Dry Soil (gr) | -15.05 | -15.24 | -15.29 | | | -15.24 | -14.94 | |
| ater Content (%) | -15.05 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| umber of Blows, N | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | LIQUID LIMIT = | NP | , | PLASTIC LIMIT = | NP |
| 0.01 Mater Contert (%) 0.0 | - | Numbr | 10 er of Blows (N) | | 100 | Group Symbol = | ML | - |
| | | | Atterberg C | Classification Chart | | | | |
| 80 | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | — СН с | or OH | | |
| Dlasticity Index (%) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | - | | |
| <u>م</u> 40 | | | | | - | | | |
| 30 | | | CL or OL | | | - | | |
| 20 | | + | | | | | MH or OH | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 10 | 20 30 | ———— ML c 40 | | 60 | 70 80 |) 90 | 100 |
| 0 | 10 | 20 30 | 40 | 50 | 00 | 70 80 | n 90 | 100 |
| | | | | Liquid Limit (%) | | | | |
| | | | | , | | | | |
| | | | | | 71 11 1 | | | |
| | | F | IOLDRE | EGE & K | ULL | | | |

^{(530) 478-1305 -} Fax (530) 478-1019 - 792 Searls Ave.- Nevada City, CA 95959 - A California Corporation









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| | 10 | CL-ML | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | (ML) | MH | | | | | |
| | (| ð | 20 |) | | 40 | | 6 | 0 | | 30 | 100 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F | Specim | en Identif | ication | LL | PL | PI | Fines | Classifica | ation | | | | |
| • | BH-01 | | 7.5 | NP | NP | NP | 19 | Silty SAND | (SM) | | | | |
| X | BH-03 | | 32.5 | NP | NP | NP | 24 | Silty SAND | | | ····· | | |
| - | BH-04 | | 5.0 | NP | NP | NP | 20 | Silty SAND | | | | | · |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| * | BH-05 | | 20.0 | NP | NP | NP | 27 | Silty SAND | | | | | |
| 0 | | | 10.0 | NP | NP | NP | 16 | Silty SAND | | | | | |
| 0 | BH-07 | | 15.0 | NP | NP | NP | 23 | Silty SAND | (SM) | | | | |
| 0 | BH-08 | | 37.5 | NP | NP | NP | 12 | Poorly Grad | ied SAND v | with Silt (SP | 2-SM) | | |
| Δ | BH-09 | | 22.5 | NP | NP | NP | 13 | Silty SAND | (SM) | | | ******* | |
| \otimes | TP-03 | | 1.4 | NP | NP | NP | 8 | Well-Grade | d SAND wi | th Silt & Gra | avel (SW-SN | Л) | |
| Ð | TP-04 | | 0.0 | NP | NP | NP | 17 | Silty SAND | with Grave | I (SM) | | | |
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| | | | Lumos & | Associa | ates, In | c | | | Bou | lder Bay | | | PLATE |
| | | | 800 E. Coll Carson City | ege Park | way | | | | | - | | | |
| | ////// | | |)77 | | > | A | TTERE | BERG L | | ' RESU | ILTS | D 7 |
| | UIVIL & AS |)S Isociates | Fax: 775-8 | 83-7114 | | | Job Nu | nber: 7139. | 000 | | Date: Sen | tember 2008 | B-2 |
| 3 | | | | | | | 000 110 | | | | Uep | | |





GDT LAB DER BAY.GPJ US 000 BOUI 139.0

AUG-29-2008 10:20

PROJECT NO:

SUBMITTED BY:

ANALYZED BY:

ATLAS CONSULTANTS

7139.000

Kurt D. Ergun

Lumos & Associates

3834983 P.02/02

7159.000/TASKR/MTB

Atlas Consultants, Inc. 6000 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 10J • Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 CHEMICAL (702) 383-1199 • Fax (702) 383-4983 member of PHYSICAL AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING MATERIALS ACT LAB NO: 15171(a)-2 DATE: August 28, 2008

P.O.:

LAB ID:

SOIL SIEVE SIZE = -10 MESH

| Sample No. | Location | Depth (feet) | Sodium (Percent) | Water Soluble Sulfate (SO₄) (Percent) | Total Available Water Soluble Sodium Sulfate (Na₂SO₄) (Percent) | |
|---------------|----------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | TP-3 | 0-1.4 | <0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | |

WATER SOLUBLE SALT ANALYSIS IN SOIL 1:5 (soil:water) Aqueous Extraction AWWA 3500-Na D, AWWA 4500 E

LABORATORY DIRECTOR

Notes: The results for each constituent denote the percentage of that analyte, at a 1:5 (soil:water) extraction ratio, which is present in the soil. Sodium was determined by flame photometry, sulfate turbidimetrically, and sodium sulfate by calculation.



7139.000 BOULDER BAY.GPJ US LAB.GDT

IBLE SULFATE

800 E. College Parkway Carson City, Nevada 89706 775-883-7077 Fax: 775-883-7114

| | Boulder | Bay |
|--|---------|-----|
| | | |

TOTAL P.02

PLATE SOLUBLE SULFATE

B-5

Job Number: 7139.000

Date: September 2008

AUG-29-2008 10:20

ATLAS CONSULTANTS

3834983 P.01/02

Atlas Consultants, Inc.

6000 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 10J • Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 (702) 383-1199 • Fax (702) 383-4983

CHEMICAL PHYSICAL

member of AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING MATERIALS

| LABORATORY NO: | 15171(a)-1 | DATE: | August 28, 2008 |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|
| SAMPLE: | Soil | P.O.: | 7159.000/TASKR/MTB |
| MARKED: | 7139.000 | LAB ID: | |
| SUBMITTED BY: | Lumos & Associates | SOIL SIEVE | -10 |
| ANALYZED BY: | Kurt D. Ergun | | |

REPORT OF DETERMINATION

| BORING NUMBER | TP-3 | | | |
|----------------------|--------|------|------|---|
| DEPTH (feet) | 0-1.4 | | | × |
| pH VALUE | 9.06 | | | |
| RESISTIVITY (Ohm-cm) | 23,000 | | | |

LABORATORY DIRECTOR

NOTES:

9/3/05

pH VALUE / RESISTIVITY 7139.000 BOULDER BAY.GPJ US_LAB.GDT

1. The soil:water extract ratio was 1:5, the results are in mg/Kg in the soil.

 The standard methods used for the determinations are AWWA 4500 H/ pH Value, and ASTM G 57/Resistivity.

| Γ | Lumos & Associates, Inc | Boulde | r Bay | PLATE |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------|
| LUMOS | 800 E. College Parkway Carson City, Nevada 89706 775-883-7077 Fax: 775-883-7114 | pH VALUE / F | RESISTIVITY | B-6 |
| & ASSOCIATES | · | Job Number: 7139.000 | Date: September 2008 | |

APPENDIX E ReMi Data (Gasch & Assoc. 2008)







Community Services Department Planning and Development SPECIAL USE PERMIT FOR GRADING APPLICATION



Community Services Department Planning and Development 1001 E. Ninth St., Bldg A Reno, NV 89520

Telephone: 775.328.3600

Washoe County Development Application

,

Your entire application is a public record. If you have a concern about releasing personal information, please contact Planning and Development staff at 775.328.3600.

| Project Information | · • 5 | Staff Assigned Case No.: | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Project Name: Boulder Bay Resort - Phase 1 | Building A | | | |
| Description: into 3 separate to | owers constructed over | uction of 18 whole ownership co er a parking garage. The buildin Iterior and exterior common area | g will be subdivided | |
| Project Address: Nevada SR | 28 - No address assig | jned. | , | |
| Project Area (acres or square f | eet): 2.8 Acres | | | |
| Project Location (with point of Crystal Bay - West of Nevada | - | | | |
| Assessor's Parcel No.(s): | Parcel Acreage: | Assessor's Parcel No(s): | Parcel Acreage: | |
| 123-071-ǿ34 | 2.77 | | | |
| | | | · | |
| Section(s)/Township/Range: | Г16N - R18E - SEC 1 | 9 | | |
| Indicate any previous Wash Case No.(s).5-2410 and 15-2 | | s associated with this applica | tion: | |
| Applican | t Information (atta | ich additional sheets if necessar | y) | |
| Property Owner: | | Professional Consultant: | | |
| Name: Big Water Investments | LLC | Name: Lumos & Associates Inc. | | |
| Address: P.O. Box 6622 | | Address: P.O. Box 3570 - 225 | Kingsbury Gr. St A | |
| Incline Village Nv | Zip: 89450 | Stateline, NV | Zip: 89449 | |
| Phone: 775.831.2369 | Fax: 775.831.2369 | Phone: 775.588.6490 | Fax: 775.588.6479 | |
| Email: rwittenberg@intlsupply | co.com | Email: bmcrae@LumosInc.com | | |
| Cell: 775.560.9527 | Other: | Cell: 775.230.4338 Other: | | |
| Contact Person: Roger Witten | berg | Contact Person: Brian McRae | | |
| Applicant/Developer: | | Other Persons to be Contacted: | | |
| Name: Brian Helm | | Name: | | |
| Address: 1401 33rd ave s | | Address: | | |
| Seattle, WA | Zip: 98144 | | Zip: | |
| Phone: 775.313.6903 | Fax: NA | Phone: | Fax: | |
| Email: helmbd@gmail.com | | Email: | | |
| Cell: 775.313.6903 | Other: | Cell: | Other: | |
| Contact Person: Brian Helm | | Contact Person: | | |
| | For Office | Use Only | | |
| Date Received: | Initial: | Planning Area: | | |
| County Commission District: | | Master Plan Designation(s): | | |
| CAB(s): | | Regulatory Zoning(s): | | |

1 de la

Special Use Permit Application for Grading Supplemental Information

(All required information may be separately attached)

Chapter 110 of the Washoe County Code is commonly known as the Development Code. Specific references to special use permits may be found in Article 810, Special Use Permits. Article 438, Grading, and Article 418, Significant Hydrologic Resources, are the ordinances specifically involved in this request.

1. What is the purpose of the grading?

The development consists of constructing a single building consisting of 18 airspace condominium units divided into three towers constructed over a single parking garage. Excavation is required for construction of the building and below grade parking structure, underground parking facilities, and the access driveway. Excess fill soils will be placed behind a terraced retaining wall system that will stabilized a man modified oversteepened slope along the west side of the site. The retaining wall system will not only stabilize this potentially unsafe slope, it will also provide the foundation for a future access roadway to be constructed in future phases of this project.

2. How many cubic yards of material are you proposing to excavate on site?

+/- 12, 700 cubic yards

3. How many square feet of surface of the property are you disturbing?

87,700 SF

4. How many cubic yards of material are you exporting or importing? If none, how are you managing to balance the work on-site?

0 - Excavated material will be balanced by backfilling behind the terraced retaining wall and in backfill around the west side of the building.

5. Is it possible to develop your property without surpassing the grading thresholds requiring a Special Use Permit? (Explain fully your answer.)

No, TRPA height standards limit the height of the building forcing the garage into the ground. This is where the majority of the excavated materials are generated. Additionally, Washoe County driveway slope requirements limit the garage finish floor elevation to a maximum elevation of 6,443 ft at the garage entrance.

6. Has any portion of the grading shown on the plan been done previously? (If yes, explain the circumstances and the year the work was done.)

Not for this project, but the site has experienced significant earthwork activities that have flattened large areas of the project site and created large potentially unstable cut slopes on site.

7. Have you shown all areas on your site plan that are proposed to be disturbed by grading? (If no, explain fully your answer.)

The site plan depicts all on site areas that will be disturbed by grading. The utility plan shows additional off site areas that will require additional areas of grading for utility service requirements.

8. Can the disturbed area be seen from off-site? If yes, from which directions, and which properties or roadways?

From SR 28, the upper portion of the building will be visible. Ground disturbance will not be visible from SR 28 except for the driveway entrance off of the highway. This entrance will be landscaped per Washoe County and TRPA standards. The majority of this property is already disturbed and scarred from earthmoving activities. The portions of the site that are visible from Wassou Rd and Reservoir Dr. include these previously disturbed and barren areas that will be improved by this development.

9. Could neighboring properties also be served by the proposed access/grading requested (i.e. if you are creating a driveway, would it be used for access to additional neighboring properties)?

For this phase of the overall resort development, the proposed driveway will only serve the development. Future phases of the development will extend this driveway up to Wassou Rd, so that other properties will benefit from this driveway.

10. What is the slope (Horizontal:Vertical) of the cut and fill areas proposed to be? What methods will be used to prevent erosion until the revegetation is established?

Cut areas include excavation for underground stormwater facilities, the building parking garage, and the building driveway. Except for the driveway, cut slopes are not proposed. At the driveway, cutslopes will be excavated at 3:1 and landscaped. Fill areas include backfill against the building to the west and behind the terraced retaining wall. One small area of fill at the southwest corner of the building will be graded at 3:1 and landscaped. All other fill slopes will be graded flatter than 3:1 and landscaped.

11. Are you planning any berms?

| 🛛 Yes 🗹 | No | If yes, how tall is the berm at its highest? |
|---------|----|----------------------------------------------|
|---------|----|----------------------------------------------|

12. If your property slopes and you are leveling a pad for a building, are retaining walls going to be required? If so, how high will the walls be and what is their construction (i.e. rockery, concrete, timber, manufactured block)?

A level area on site already exists due to previous grading activities. Retaining walls will be required to stabilized the man made cut slope above the building. To the west of Building A a terraced retaining wall system consisting of 4 - 10 ft walls with 10 ft terraces will be constructed. This wall system will likely be constructed by geosynthetic reinforced earth with natural rock facing. Visual impacts will be mitigated by use of natural materials and by improving an already scarred cut slope that has deteriorating rock slope protection on it.

Small retaining walls (4' tall or shorter) are required adjacent to the pedestrian path. These retaining walls will be constructed of stamped cast in place concrete, stacked CMU, stacked rock.

13. What are you proposing for visual mitigation of the work?

The majority of this property is already disturbed and scarred from earthmoving activities. The portions of the site that are visible from Wassou Rd and Reservoir Dr. include these previously disturbed and barren areas that will be improved by this development. These improvements will include the addition of an aesthetically pleasing building in place of a large disturbed and denuded area, extensive landscaping, use of natural materials on retaining walls and extensive revegetation.

14. Will the grading proposed require removal of any trees? If so, what species, how many and of what size?

The TRPA threshold diameter for identifying trees to be removed is 14" dbh. For this project, one 15" dbh pine and one 18" dbh pine will be removed. The remaining trees to be removed are less than the TRPA 14" dbh threshold.

15. What type of revegetation seed mix are you planning to use and how many pounds per acre do you intend to broadcast? Will you use mulch and, if so, what type?

| BOTANICAL NAME COMMON NAME QUANTITY | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Elymus glaucus (Stan 5000)Blue Wildrye (Stanislaus 5000 or30 PLS high elevation collection) | |
| Bromus carinatus (Mokelumne)Mokelumne or El Dorado Brome30 PLS (or other high elevation collection) | |
| Elymus elymoides ssp. elymoides (Sierra)Squirreltal, High elevation collection30 PLS | |
| Purshia tridentataAntelope Bitterbrush (+5500 ft Sierra Collection) 5 PLS | |
| Artemesia tridentataMountain Sagebrush (+5500 ft Sierra Collection) 1 PLS | |
| Chrysothamnus nauseosusRubber Rabbitbrush (+5500 ft Sierra Collection) 4 PLS | |
| 100 TOTAL PLS PER AGRE RATE | |
| Mulch will consist of wood chips and pine needles | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

16. How are you providing temporary irrigation to the disturbed area?

The disturbed area will be largely stabilized by landscaping, which will have permanent irrigation. the permanent irrigation system will have additional stations and hook up that will accommodate additional hoses and sprinklers for temporary irrigation.

17. Have you reviewed the revegetation plan with the Washoe Storey Conservation District? If yes, have you incorporated their suggestions?

Landscape and revegetation plans have been reviewed by the TRPA and their suggestions have been incorporated.

18. Are there any restrictive covenants, recorded conditions, or deed restrictions (CC&Rs) that may prohibit the requested grading?

| res invo ir yes, please attach a copy. | Yes | 🛛 No | If yes, please attach a copy. | |
|----------------------------------------|-----|------|-------------------------------|--|
|----------------------------------------|-----|------|-------------------------------|--|

Property Owner Affidavit

Applicant Name: Roger A. Wittenberg / Boulder Bay, LLC

The receipt of this application at the time of submittal does not guarantee the application complies with all requirements of the Washoe County Development Code, the Washoe County Master Plan or the applicable area plan, the applicable regulatory zoning, or that the application is deemed complete and will be processed.

STATE OF NEVADA

COUNTY OF WASHOE

ROGER A. WITTENBERG

(please print name)

being duly sworn, depose and say that I am the owner* of the property or properties involved in this application as listed below and that the foregoing statements and answers herein contained and the information herewith submitted are in all respects complete, true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that no assurance or guarantee can be given by members of Planning and Development.

(A separate Affidavit must be provided by each property owner named in the title report.)

| Assessor Parcel Number(s): | 123-071-34,123-0 | 071-35,123- | 071-36, 123-071-37 | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| | Printed Name_ | Roger | A.W. TTenbers | |
| | Signed_ | Mal | UT | |
| | Address_ | POBOX | 6622 | |
| | | Incline | Village NV 890 | 450 |
| Subscribed and sworn to | 7/11/2 | | Notary State of Nevada Appt. No. 06-103687-3 My Appt. Expires Mar. 1, 2019 | |
| Notary Public in and for said | | | | |
| My commission expires: | 1121,2019 | | | |
| | | | | |

*Owher refers to the following: (Please mark appropriate box.)

- 🖉 Owner
- Corporate Officer/Partner (Provide copy of recorded document indicating authority to sign.)
- Dever of Attorney (Provide copy of Power of Attorney.)
- Owner Agent (Provide notarized letter from property owner giving legal authority to agent.)
- Property Agent (Provide copy of record document indicating authority to sign.)
- Letter from Government Agency with Stewardship

Mark in Classify States of will first space them in the state of the probability of the state of the state of the Fernal Space Transmission of the state of the

Payment Information

Special Assessment District

Installment Date Information

Assessment Information

Washoe County Treasurer Tammi Davis

Account Detail

| Back to Search Results | Change of Addisor | | Pay Online |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Back to Search Results | Change of Address | Print this Page | No payment due for |
| Washoe County Parcel Informati | this account. | | |
| Parcel ID | Status | Last Update | |
| 12307134 | Active | 5/13/2016 2:10:51 AM | \$0.00 |
| Current Owner: BIG WATER INVESTMENTS LLC | SITUS 0 STAT INCL N | E ROUTE 28 | Pay By Check |
| PO BOX 6622 INCLINE VILLAGE, NV 89450 | | | Please make checks payable to: WASHOE COUNTY TREASURER |
| Taxing DistrictGeo CD:5200 | | Mailing Address: P.O. Box 30039 Reno, NV 89520-3039 | |
| | Legal Description | | Overnight Address: 1001 E. Ninth St., Ste D140 |
| SubdivisionName _UNSPECIFIED Lot | Reno, NV 89512-2845 | | |
| | | | |
| Tax Bill (Click on desired tax yea | r for due dates and furt | her details) | |
| Tax Year Net Tax Tota | l Paid Penalty/Fees | Interest Balance Due | |

| | | | | Total | \$0.00 |
|----------|------------|------------|--------------|--------|-------------|
| 2011 | \$5,886.14 | \$6,771.07 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 2012 | \$6,232.10 | \$8,650.54 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 2013 | \$6,448.72 | \$8,306.22 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 2014 | \$6,457.36 | \$6,973.95 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 2015 | \$6,640.64 | \$6,640.64 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Tux Tour | Net Tax | TOCAL Pala | Fenally/rees | merest | Balance Due |

Important Payment Information

- <u>ALERTS:</u> If your real property taxes are delinquent, the search results displayed may not reflect the correct amount owing. Please contact our office for the current amount due.
- For your convenience, online payment is available on this site. E-check payments are accepted without a fee. However, a service fee does apply for online credit card payments. See Payment Information for details.

The Washoe County Treasurer's Office makes every effort to produce and publish the most current and accurate information possible. No warranties, expressed or implied, are provided for the data herein, its use, or its interpretation. If you have any questions, please contact us at (775) 328-2510 or tax@washoecounty.us

This site is best viewed using Google Chrome, Internet Explorer 11, Mozilla Firefox or Safari-



BOULDER BAY PHASE 1 - BUILDING A SPECIAL USE PERMIT FOR GRADING

APN: 123-071-34 MAY 2016

| 1

APPLICANT: BIG WATER INVESTMENTS P.O. BOX 6622 **INCLINE VILLAGE, NV 89451** PH.: (775) 832-4900

TITLE SHEET_ SITE PLAN_ UTILITY PLAN BMP PLAN_

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(5)



BASIS OF BEARINGS

THE BASIS OF BEARINGS FOR THIS PROJECT IS THE CALIFORNIA – NEVADA STATE LINE FROM MILEPOST 186 TO MILEPOST 191, TAKEN AS NORTH 00°58'13" WEST.

BASIS OF ELEVATIONS

NAVD 88 PROJECT BENCHMARK = NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MONUMENT 925001 A, HAVING AN ELEVATION OF 6393.89'.



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ISSUE DATE: MARCH 24, 2016

REVISIONS



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SITE PLAN

SHEET NUMBER



REVISIONS

DRAWN: _____ REVIEWED:_

ISSUE DATE: MARCH 24, 2016

DATE DESCRIPTION





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ISSUE DATE: <u>MAY 13, 2016</u> REVISIONS

DATE DESCRIPTION

Ó

DRAWN: _____ REVIEWED:_

PROJECT NUMBER: 7139.003

GRADING PLAN

SHEET NUMBER



OPYRIGHT DESIGNWORKSHOP, INC









ISSUE DATE: <u>MAY 13, 2016</u> REVISIONS

DATE

DESCR

DRAWN:

PROJECT NUMBER: 7139.003

UTILITY PLAN

SHEET NUMBER



OPYRIGHT DESIGNWORKSHOP,



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(9)







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GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT 1220 Sweetwater Road Incline Village, NV 89451

CONDITIONAL WILL SERVE LETTER Dedication to IVGID Required

April 8, 2008

Boulder Bay LLC P.O. Box 307 Crystal Bay NV, 89451

RE: Boulder Bay Project – Tahoe Biltmore Redevelopment Crystal Bay, APNs 123-052-02, 123-052-03, 123-052-04, 123-053-02, 123-053-04 123-054-01,123-071-04, 123-071-34, 123-071-35, 123-071-36, 123-071-37

Dear Mr. GilanFarr:

This letter serves to notify you that the subject development is within the jurisdictional boundaries of the Incline Village General Improvement District (*IVGID, or District*), and that the District will serve the proposed project with water and sewer service and solid waste removal subject to the project's final utility plans meeting design, material, and installation requirements of the District, and subject to the assignment of water rights to IVGID in accordance with IVGID's Water Rights Dedication Procedures. In addition:

- (1) Water rights associated with this property, if any, shall be assigned to the District.
- (2) All requirements shall be met regarding STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR IVGID'S WATER, SEWER, AND PRIVATE COMMUNAL UTILITY SYSTEMS.
- (3) Meters and control manholes shall be placed off the property as approved by IVGID.
- (4) Cost for additional water storage or delivery capacity shall be borne by Applicant.
- (5) Separately owned parcels shall not be served by the same service connection.
 (6) All tays and ended and en
- (6) All taxes and assessments on the parcel are current and shall remain current.

The Applicant for the subject project plans to redevelop the Tahoe Biltmore and related properties into a worldclass destination resort community on 13.5 acres and will provide the following service and amenities; 217 hotel rooms and suites, 149 fractional ownership condominiums, 21 whole ownership condominiums, 34 on-site workforce housing units, 30,000 sf of dining and retail, 20,000 sf of health and wellness center, 12,500 sf of convention and meeting space, and 10,000 sf of gaming.

A Water Rights Calculation Worksheet has not been completed for this project at this time. This project will be required to assign additional water rights to the District to serve the proposed development as a condition of issuance of a Final Will Serve Letter and project approval. This is in accordance with IVGID's Water Management Plan and Policies and is contingent upon existing permitted water rights and sewer capacities, including any action brought against the District contesting such permitted rights or capacities. The parcels listed above have been previously analyzed for historical water use and APN 123-052-04 has an allotment of 40.20 acre-feet and APN 123-053-04 has an allotment on 0.19 acre-feet. The 40.39 AF will be applied to this development reducing the total amount required to be dedicated.

The Applicant agrees to hold IVGID harmless from any costs, damages, or expenses incurred by the Applicant in the event IVGID fails to be able to supply water or sewer connections, or for any delays to the Applicant's project schedule caused by IVGID's review and approval procedures. In the event additional water service demand is required by future change in service requests, additional water rights issues shall be addressed at that time.

Very truly yours Joseph J Pomroy, P.E

Director of Public Works

APN file Will Serve file T. Buxton

c:



May 14, 2016

Boulder Bay Building A Tentative Map Application Requirement #5 Mailing Labels

There are no mobile home parks with in 500 ft of this development so this requirement does not apply.

Brian McRae P.E.

Project Engineer Bah