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STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF WASHOE

Being first duly sworn, deposes and says: That as the legal clerk of the Reno Gazette-Journal, a daily newspaper published in Reno, Washoe County, State of Nevada, that the notice referenced below has published in each regular and entire issue of said newspaper between the dates: 04/27/2007 - 05/04/2007, for exact publication dates please see last line of Proof of Publication below.

Subscribed and sworn to before me

Signed:  $\angle$ 

MAY 4 2007

TANA CICCOTTI

Notary Public - State of Nevada
Appointment Recorded in Washoe County
No: 02-75259-2 - Expires May 16, 2010

#### **Proof of Publication**

NOTICE OF ADOPTION WASHOE COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 1327 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT: Bill No. 1506 Ordinance No. 1327 entitled: An ordinance amending Washoe County Code, Chapter 35 by re-pealing the sections relating to the County Coroner and Coroner's inquests and adding new sections creating the Office of the Coro-ner and Medical Examiner for Washoe County, Nevada, creating the positions of Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner and Assistant Medical Examiner, and specifying the powers and duties of Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner, and other matters properly related thereto PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an adequate number of typewritten copies of the above-numbered and entitled Ordinance are available for public inspection and distribution at the office of the County Clerk of Washoe County, at her office in the County Courthouse in Reno, Nevada, 75 Court Street, Reno, Washoe County, Nevada; and that such Ordinance was proposed on April 10, 2007, and passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners at the same meet-ing on April 24, 2007, by the following vote of the Board of Coun-ty Commissioners: Those Voting Aye: Jim Galloway Robert M. Larkin David Humke Bonnie Weber Pete Sferrazza Those Voting Nay: None Those Absent: None This ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after May 4, 2007, i.e., the date of the second

Ad Number: 1000415706

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publication of such ordinance by its title only. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, The Board of County Commissioners of Washoe County, Nevada, has caused this ordinance to be published by title only. Typewritten copies of the ordinance are available for inspection by all interested persons at the office of the County Clerk, 75 Court Street Reno, Nevada, and can be found on the County Clerk's website, www.washoecounty.us/clerks. Dated this 25th day of April 2007. AMY HARVEY, Washoe County Clerk and Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners No. 415706 April 27; May 4, 2007

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SUMMARY: An ordinance amending Washoe County Code, Chapter 35 by repealing the sections relating to the County Coroner and coroner's inquests and adding new sections creating the Office of the Coroner and Medical Examiner for Washoe County, Nevada, creating the positions of Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner and Assistant Medical Examiner, and specifying the powers and duties of Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner, and other matters properly related thereto.

BILL NO. <u>1506</u> ORDINANCE NO. <u>1327</u>

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING WASHOE COUNTY CODE, CHAPTER 35 BY REPEALING THE SECTIONS RELATING TO THE COUNTY CORONER AND CORONER'S INQUESTS AND ADDING NEW SECTIONS CREATING THE OFFICE OF THE CORONER AND MEDICAL EXAMINER FOR WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, CREATING THE POSITIONS OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER AND CORONER AND ASSISTANT MEDICAL EXAMINER, AND SPECIFYING THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER AND CORONER, AND OTHER MATTERS PROPERLY RELATED THERETO.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF WASHOE DO ORDAIN:

 $\underline{\mathtt{SECTION}\ 1.}$  Sections 35.010 through 35.400 of the Washoe County Code are hereby repealed.

SECTION 2. Chapter 35 of the Washoe County Code is hereby amended by adding thereto the new provisions set forth in sections 3 through 24 of this ordinance.

## SECTION 3.

35.010 Office established.

1. There is hereby created and established pursuant to NRS 244.163 the Office of Coroner and Medical Examiner for Washoe County, Nevada, to be known as the "ME/Coroner's Office."

2. The ME/Coroner's Office and related facilities necessary to the administration of the office shall be as designated and provided by the Washoe County Board of County Commissioners.

# SECTION 4.

35.020 <u>Definitions.</u> As used in sections 35.010 to 35.400, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined herein have the following meaning ascribed to them:

1. "Autopsy" means a post mortem examination, including internal dissection, of a dead body for purposes of determining cause and manner of death.

2. "Autopsy report" includes any report of internal examination, dissection, necropsy or autopsy of a dead body by a physician and any report of laboratory examination, microscopic examination or other technical test performed thereon.

3. "Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner" means the licensed forensic pathologist who is appointed to serve as Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner for Washoe County. The Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner is the public official responsible for the administration of the office as established by this ordinance.

4. "External postmortem examination" includes any external examination or collection of any specimen by a forensic pathologist or his agent and any microscopic, toxicological, chemical, bacterial or other examination or collection and study of tissues and fluids which the pathologist deems necessary to aid in investigating the cause and manner of a person's death.

5. "Investigation" means an inquiry conducted by the ME/Coroner's Office and includes, but is not limited to, testimony obtained under oath from any witness and identification of the next of kin of the deceased.

6. "Law enforcement official" includes peace officers, the

district attorney and their investigators.

7. "Medical examiner" means a physician licensed to practice medicine in the State of Nevada who is certified or eligible to be certified by the American Board of Pathology in the field of forensic pathology and is employed by the county to conduct autopsies, inspections, and post-mortem examinations.

8. "Death Record" means a summary of the death investigation

prepared by the ME/Coroner's Office for public inspection.

9. "Medical Investigative Report" means a compilation of findings created by and filed in the ME/Coroner's Office in written form, which may include an autopsy report, detailed medical reports, the personal history of a deceased person, the result of any medical examination, witnesses' statements, correspondence, insurance forms and other evidence in support of the conclusions and findings placed in the Death Record. The Medical Investigative Report is a confidential medical document.

10. "Toxicologist" means a person with special knowledge and skills in the science of toxicology or the study of poisons, chemicals, drugs and other toxic substances and their effect on the human body. A toxicologist also has special knowledge of the medical, legal and industrial problems dealing with toxicology.

# Powers and Duties

### SECTION 5.

35.120 Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner; office created; qualifications and appointment; facilities; and special account and money.

1. Upon recommendation of the County Manager, a suitable and qualified person shall be appointed to serve as Chief Medical

Examiner and Coroner. The person serving as Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner may be alternatively referred to in this ordinance as the "Chief Medical Examiner." A person qualified to serve as Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner shall have the following qualifications and duties:

- (a) The Chief Medical Examiner must be a medical physician with a valid license in good standing to practice medicine in the State of Nevada. The Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner is an appointed public official whose duty is to make inquiry into deaths in certain categories, determine the cause and manner of death, and file the information with the state Department of Health pursuant to this ordinance. The administrative control of death investigation, the determination of the extent of examination, need for autopsy, and the filing of the cause and manner of death information with the state health department for cases within the jurisdiction of the office are all under the control of the ME/Coroner's Office.
- (b) An Assistant Medical Examiner in the office must be a forensic pathologist licensed to practice in the State of Nevada who is certified or eligible to be certified by the American Board of Pathology.
- (c) In accordance with applicable purchasing and employment provisions, the Chief Medical Examiner may employ additional medical examiners and other personnel as may be necessary for the proper administration of the office and performance and discharge of his responsibilities and duties. The Chief Medical Examiner may delegate such duties to qualified staff as is deemed necessary to ensure the smooth running of the office. The Chief Medical Examiner may also engage professional assistance and services as may be necessary on a contractual basis.
- 2. In addition to the powers and duties set forth in this ordinance, the ME/Coroner's Office shall comply with the statutory provisions in NRS 259.025 and NRS 259.150 through NRS 259.180.
- 3. The Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner or any person acting in that capacity shall be immune from civil liability for determining the cause and manner of death. The accuracy of the determination is subject to judicial review.
- 4. Office space and necessary facilities for the operation of the office shall be provided for by the Board. All costs, salaries and expenses connected with or entailed in the operation of the office shall be borne and provided for by the County.
- 5. A segregated account in the general fund for the support of the ME/Coroner's Office is created pursuant to NRS Chapter 259.025, and is regulated as follows:
- (a) The money in it must be accounted for separately and not as a part of any other account;
- (b) Any interest and income earned upon the money in this account must be credited to this account;
- (c) Any money remaining in this account at the end of any fiscal year shall not revert to the county general fund and shall be carried forward in this account to the next fiscal year;

(d) Claims against this account must be paid as other claims against the County are paid;

(e) Money in this account must be used by the Chief Medical

Examiner and Coroner to pay expenses relating to:

(1) Training for a member of the staff of the office; and

(2) The purchase of specialized equipment.

6. The county treasurer shall deposit into this segregated account, described in subsection 4 above, the \$1.00 increase in the fee collected by the county district health officer and the State Registrar of Vital Statistics for furnishing a copy of a certificate of death originating in Washoe County, pursuant to NRS Chapters 440 and 259.

#### SECTION 6.

35.130 <u>Deputies, assistants and other personnel.</u> Pursuant to budgetary considerations and upon approval by the Board, the Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner may appoint, contract with, employ and pay such deputies, assistants and other personnel as may be necessary for the proper administration of the office and the performance and discharge of his duties.

# SECTION 7.

35.140 <u>Pathologists; assistant medical examiners.</u> If no pathologist is available to serve as an assistant medical examiner, the Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner may designate and authorize physicians licensed to practice medicine in the State of Nevada to act as assistant medical examiners. Those physicians may call upon any pathologist for consultation and assistance.

### SECTION 8.

35.150 Bond of Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner, deputies and assistants.

1. The Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner shall file with the county clerk a bond issued by a bonding or surety company authorized to do business in the State of Nevada in the amount of not less than \$10,000 nor more than \$50,000 as fixed by the Board. The bond shall be conditioned for the faithful

performance of the duties of his office.
2. The Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner may require filing of bonds by any of his deputies, assistants or other personnel in

an amount not to exceed \$10,000.

3. The cost of the bond and those of the deputies, assistants

or personnel shall be paid by the County.

4. The board may, at any time, require the Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner or deputies, assistants or personnel to provide additional surety on their bonds or to give a new bond.

5. If the Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner or any deputies,

assistants or personnel fails to file the required bond within the time required by the board, fails to provide additional surety on the bond or fails to provide a new bond within 10 days after having received written notice to do so by the board, the board may declare the office vacant and may remove any deputies, assistants or other personnel.

### SECTION 9.

35.160 Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner's Death Record and Medical Investigative Report.

1. The ME/Coroner's Office shall keep an official Death Record

in which shall be entered:

(a) The name and any alias of the deceased, when known, including such description as age, race, gender, and city of residence, as may be sufficient for identification.

(b) The date and cause of death, and manner of death when known, including the results of toxicology tests as required by

NRS 484.384.

(c) The date of holding of any inquest.

2. The ME/Coroner's Office shall make all information compiled for the official Death Record available for public release and inspection as soon as practicable after preparation thereof. In cases of suspicious death, the release of the Death Record may be delayed until 48 hours after its preparation or longer where good cause exists to do so. The Death Record may be fully copied or an abstract or memorandum may be prepared therefrom. The ME/Coroner's Office shall furnish certified copies of the information to any person who requests them. Additional information not contained in the Death Record may be released pursuant to state law and after the ME/Coroner has consulted with legal counsel.

3. The ME/Coroner's Office shall prepare and keep an internal and confidential Medical Investigative Report which shall contain

(when known):

(a) The autopsy or post-mortem report, including toxicology results, laboratory testing, microscopic findings, and photographs or video;

(b) A narrative summary of the circumstances of the death;

(c) Other documentation deemed necessary for accurately establishing a cause and manner of death, including but not limited to personal medical records, witness statements, next-of-kin information, personal history, correspondence, and other evidence supporting the conclusions and findings placed in the Death Record.

4. An autopsy or post-mortem report shall be confidential, except that a copy may be obtained by:

(a) A deceased's next of kin or by other persons with the written authorization of the next of kin;

(b) The decedent's attending physician;

(c) Any person who, by subpoena, seeks the information for use in a judicial proceeding;

(d) Law enforcement as may be required to carry out their official duties.

### SECTION 10.

- 35.170 Jurisdictional authority of the ME/Coroner's Office.
- 1. The ME/Coroner's Office has jurisdiction and may determine the level of investigation over bodies of all deceased persons as follows:
- (a) who come to their death suddenly when in apparent good health, and death is not explained by pre-existing medical history, or wherein the deceased has not been in medical attendance; or
- (b) where the circumstances of death indicate that death was caused by unnatural or unlawful means; or
  - (c) where death occurs under suspicious circumstances; or
  - (d) where death results from unknown or obscure causes; or
- (e) where death occurs within one year following an accident;
- (f) where the death is caused by any injury or violence whatsoever; or
- (g) where death results from a known or suspected criminal abortion -- whether self-induced or otherwise; or
- (h) where death apparently results from drowning, hanging, burns, electrocution, gunshot wounds, stabs or cuts, lightning, starvation, radiation, exposure, acute alcoholism, narcotics or other addictions, tetanus, strangulation, suffocation or smothering; or
- (i) where death is due to premature birth or still-birth of a potentially viable fetus, if unattended by a physician; or
- (j) where death is due to a virulent contagious disease or suspected contagious disease which may be a public health hazard;
- (k) where death results from alleged rape, carnal knowledge or sodomy; or
  - (1) where death occurs in a jail or prison; or
- (m) where death of a child is unexplained by pre-existing medical history or where the death occurs while the child is in state, county, or other governmental custody; or
- (n) where a body is found dead and is not claimed by relatives or friends.

Bodies within the ME/Coroner Office's jurisdiction may be removed and placed in the morgue under the policies and procedures adopted by the ME/Coroner's Office pursuant to §35.280.

2. When reasonable grounds exist to believe that a death has been caused by the criminal act of another, the Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner shall furnish all necessary assistance to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the location where the body of the deceased is found. In such cases, the medical examiner shall determine the cause and manner of the death and the law enforcement agency shall determine the identity

of the person or persons responsible for the death and, if warranted, submit that information to the appropriate prosecuting

authority.

3. When death is due to a virulent contagious disease that may become a public hazard, the ME/Coroner's Office shall promptly notify the Epi/Public Health Preparedness Program of the District Health Department.

### SECTION 11.

35.180 <u>Issuance of death certificate</u>. The cause of death appearing on a death certificate shall be in conformity with facts ascertained from the inquiry, autopsy or other scientific findings. In cases of death without medical attendance and without violence, casualty, criminal or undue means, the medical examiner, or his designated agent, may, without conducting an autopsy, sign the death certificate based on statements of relatives, persons last in attendance or persons present at the time of death, providing such information affords clear grounds to establish the correct medical cause of death within accepted medical practice and within the requirements for accuracy prescribed by the Bureau of Vital Statistics of the Health Department.

## SECTION 12.

35.190 <u>Powers, duties of Chief Medical Examiner in examination of bodies.</u> The Chief Medical Examiner, or any designated medical

examiner, may:

- 1. Take possession of and inspect or examine the body of the deceased person, and may perform an external examination or complete autopsy, and may also exhume the body in connection with any inspection or examination. When necessary, the ME/Coroner's Office, in coordination with the applicable law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the scene, may inspect or examine the scene of the death, and may order that there be no interference with or compromise of the body or the scene of death.
- 2. Collect and make, or cause to be made, analyses of the blood, body fluids or contents of the stomach, organs or tissues of the body and secure professional opinions as to the result of such analyses. Information gathered by such analyses shall be reduced to writing and filed by the examiner in the Medical Investigative Report of the death of the deceased person.
- 3. Collect and retain such tissues or organs of the body removed at the time of an autopsy or external examination as may be necessary or advisable to conduct a proper investigation or for verification of the findings relating to the deceased person's identity and/or the cause or manner of death.
- 4. Obtain medical records of the deceased person in conformity with applicable privacy laws, including as provided in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, 45 C.F.R. §

164.512(g)(1)(2006) ("A covered entity may disclose protected health information to a coroner or medical examiner for the purpose of identifying a deceased person, determining a cause of death, or other duties as authorized by law.").

5. Develop a policy and protocol to provide for organ and

tissue harvesting consistent with applicable state law.

## SECTION 13.

35.200 Other autopsies. In addition to the other powers and duties, the Chief Medical Examiner may accept requests that the office perform autopsies on the remains of other deceased persons on behalf of district attorneys or law enforcement agencies from other counties within the state if:

1. The deceased has authorized such an autopsy in his will or

by other written instrument.

2. Written authorization is provided by a person or on behalf of any entity whom the deceased designated in writing during his lifetime to take charge of his body for burial or other purposes.

3. Written authorization is provided by the deceased's

surviving spouse.

- 4. Written authorization is provided by legal next of kin of the deceased.
  - 5. Written authorization is provided by the district attorney.
- 6. Written authorization is provided by any other duly authorized public officer.

# SECTION 14.

35.220 Notification of deceased's relatives; release and disposition of remains. The ME/Coroner's Office shall use due diligence to locate relatives of the deceased and notify them of the death and of the location of the remains without unreasonable delay. Upon completion of the death investigation and upon proper identification of the deceased, the Chief Medical Examiner shall release the remains of the deceased for burial, cremation, or other appropriate disposition. The body of any unidentified or unclaimed person shall be buried or cremated by order of the chief medical examiner after a period of time not to exceed 10 days from completion of the investigation.

# SECTION 15.

35.230 Notification of ME/Coroner's Office. Any person with knowledge of the existence and location of the body of a deceased person in the county who apparently has died under any of the circumstances enumerated in section 35.170 shall notify the ME/Coroner's Office and Chief Medical Examiner of that fact in the most expeditious manner possible.

### SECTION 16.

35.240 Removal or disturbance of remains and effects of deceased.

- Unless immediate removal of a dead body is required to protect public health or safety, no person may manipulate or remove a dead body from the position in which it is discovered; nor disturb, search or remove any object or evidentiary items from the body without prior authorization of the ME/Coroner's Office if the death has occurred under any of the circumstances enumerated in section 35.170.
- 2. When the Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner deems it necessary, he may lock any door and seal any window of the structure in which the body of a deceased person is found pending the arrival of a legally authorized representative of the deceased. In securing the structure, the ME/Coroner's Office shall take all necessary precautions to avoid interfering with any investigation being conducted by law enforcement agencies.

 $ar{\mathsf{3}}$ . Any costs arising out of and during the time that a structure is secured by the ME/Coroner's office constitute proper and legal charges against the estate of the deceased person.

4. If in the course of a death investigation the ME/Coroner's Office comes into possession of any weapon, property, or evidence reasonably related to an investigation or prosecution of a criminal death, the weapon, property or evidence shall be delivered by the ME/Coroner's Office to law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction or to the district attorney, receipt of which shall be acknowledged in writing.

## SECTION 17.

- 35.250 <u>Property of deceased.</u>
  1. Pursuant to NRS 259.150, the ME/Coroner's Office shall establish and maintain adequate receipting and accounting procedures and records respecting decedents' money and personal property and effects. As soon as practicable, the ME/Coroner's Office shall inventory, in the presence of at least one other person, any money or property which may have been found on or about the deceased, unless released to law enforcement as evidence or taken from his possession by legal authority, and shall deliver without delay a signed copy of the inventory and the money or property to the treasurer of the county. If the ME/Coroner's Office fails so to pay or deliver such money or property, the county treasurer may recover it by an action in
- In the case of a deceased person who had lived alone or under such circumstances that indicate that no other person can reasonably be expected to provide immediate security for the property of the deceased, the ME/Coroner's Office shall affix appropriate seals, signs or other devices prohibiting entrance to the person's residence. Any person, except the Chief Medical

Examiner and Coroner, his agent, a law enforcement officer, or the executor or administrator of the deceased's estate, who removes such a seal, sign or other device or who enters upon any property bearing such a seal, sign or other device is guilty of a misdemeanor.

3. Pursuant to NRS 259.160, upon payment of money by the ME/Coroner's Office to the county treasurer's office, the county treasurer shall place it to the credit of the county.

4. Upon the delivery of property to the county treasurer's

office, the county treasurer shall:

(a) Deliver the property to the public administrator for disposition according to law; or

(b) Give written notice to the public administrator of his

intention to sell such property at public sale.

5. If, within 10 days after the giving of such notice, the public administrator claims the property for disposition, the county treasurer shall deliver it to him. If the public administrator does not claim the property, the county treasurer may, after giving notice by posting at the courthouse for at least 10 days, sell the property at public sale and deposit the proceeds in the county treasury.

6. Pursuant to NRS 259.170, if the money deposited in the county treasury is demanded within 6 years, the county treasurer shall pay it to the person legally authorized to receive it. The money may also be paid at any time subsequent to the expiration of 6 years to the representatives of the deceased upon order of

the Board of County Commissioners.

#### SECTION 18.

35.260 Burial or cremation of deceased; when a charge against county.

1. After the ME/Coroner Office's inquiry, inspection, investigation or inquest, as provided for herein, and if no person assumes responsibility for the remains of the deceased, the ME/Coroner's Office shall notify the Committee on Anatomical

Dissection and proceed pursuant to NRS 451.400, et seq.

2. If no person assumes responsibility for the remains of a deceased person and no request is made for the remains, the ME/Coroner's Office shall cause the remains to be decently buried, cremated, or otherwise appropriately disposed of. If the remains have not been identified, the body shall not be cremated. The expenses of the burial shall be paid from the money deposited with the county treasurer or the estate of the deceased, as the case may be. If the deceased has no money or estate, or the money or estate of the deceased is insufficient to bear the entire cost of the burial, the county shall bear the costs of the burial in excess of any money or estate available.

#### SECTION 19.

35.270 <u>Designation of morque or mortuaries</u>. In the absence of a county morgue or in times of disaster, the Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner may designate an appropriate temporary morgue to receive bodies. No person operating such a morgue, nor any of his employees, may be held liable for the acts of the Chief Medical Examiner in removing any body to a morgue or mortuary or for the performance of an autopsy upon such a body.

### SECTION 20.

35.280 Medical Examiner and Coroner's rules. The ME/Coroner's Office may adopt such policies and procedures as are deemed necessary to facilitate the operation of the office and to carry out the purposes of sections 35.010 to 35.400, inclusive.

# SECTION 21.

35.290 Fees. The ME/Coroner's Office may charge fees for the reproduction of any document available to the public consistent with the provisions of Resolution Adopting Public Records Policies and Procedures for Washoe County, adopted on March 25, 2003. The ME/Coroner's Office may also establish and charge fees for the performance of any act which it is authorized but not required to perform pursuant to sections 35.010 to 35.400, inclusive. Such fees, when collected, shall be paid into the county treasury.

#### SECTION 22.

## <u>Unlawful and Prohibited</u> <u>Acts; Penalties</u>

35.360 <u>Unauthorized embalming.</u> No person may embalm any dead body subject to or under the control of the ME/Coroner's Office until the Chief Medical Examiner authorizes embalming to be done.

### SECTION 23.

35.370 <u>Interference with medical examiner and coroner's</u>
performance. No person may hinder, obstruct or prevent
ME/Coroner's Office from performing and discharging its official
duties.

### SECTION 24.

35.400 Penalties.

- 1. If the Chief Medical Examiner and Coroner refuses to abide by or violates any provision of sections 35.010 to 35.400, inclusive, he is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000.
  - 2. Any other person who willfully refuses to abide by or

violates any provision of sections 35.010 to 35.400, inclusive, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 6 months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

[Business Impact Note: The Board of County Commissioners hereby finds that this ordinance does not impose a direct and significant economic burden upon a business, nor does it directly restrict the formation, operation or expansion of a business.]

Proposed on the <u>low</u> day of <u>loril</u>, 2007.

Proposed by Commissioner <u>Sfenkazza</u>

Passed on the <u>24<sup>1</sup></u> day of <u>loril</u>, 2007

Vote:

Ayes: Laxkin, Humke, Sferrazza, Galloway, Weber

Nays: Mone

Absent: Wone

Chairman

Washoe County Commission

This ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after the 1st day of July, 2007.

ME Ord Final KZM 3/22/07